File #:

lez-40-116395

Serial Scope:

Bulky 1304

Released under the John F. Kennedy Rasassination Records Dollection Act of 1992 (44 USC 2107 Date). Dase=:ITX 88180 Date: 11-20-2017

#3787

62- HQ-116395

Serial 1304

BULKY



FBI - CENTRAL RECORDS CENTER

HQ - HEADQUARTERS

BOX 3787

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12/18/15 Myrest Man 1 Response to SSC Request

12-18-75

Item #1

DocId:32989569 Page 4

3. Size 18

Intelligence Division

FORMER CLASSIFICATION 6/17/74

#### CONFIDENTIA

Frank August Drager, Jr. is an administrative Index subject and self-proclaimed leader of the White Action Movement, a defunct right wing hate organization. a meeting with several Klan members in York, Pennsylvania, on 6/5/74, Drager presented plans for establishing group called National Revolutionary Army (NRA) to destroy U.S. Government and replace it with his group. He claimed to be in possession of dynamite for use on 7/4/74, to blow up 2 blocks of a city, then unidentified.

The attached reports that Albert P. Lentz, Grand Dragon of the National KKK, York, Pennsylvania, at whose home the above meeting was held, displayed to a Philadelphia source diagrams of the sever and water systems of Washington D. C. Lentz implied these diagrams were associated with Drager's plans for 7/4/74. Source could provide no information regarding Drager's current whereabouts.

Although Drager has been described as a braggart who exaggerates, this matter warrants full attention in view of its WFO has been instructed to serious nature. alert local authorities in Washington, D. C. Appropriate offices have been instructed to be alert for Drager's presence and for additional information regarding his plans.

CONFIDENTIAL demen CLASSITICATION CONTINUED - OVER

# CONFIDENTIAL CONFIDENTIAL

Drager has been identified as subject of a local stolen check case in Marathon, Florida, and Miami is determining possibility of obtaining unlawful flight process.

Pertinent data in attached furnished Army, Secret Service and Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division. Copy to Civil Disturbance Unit of Department. Classified by 4611, Exemption from General Declassification Schedule Category 2, Indefinite.

1 - General Investigative Division

1 - Special Investigative Division

JTA:ci

CONFIDENTIAL

FORM PERSON GEM

1STIFICATION

FEDERAL DURFAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTICE

WIGHT COLOURS WHICE

CRYPTOBRAPHIC SYRVEM JUN 151974

PH CODE

TELETYPE

5: 23 AM JUNE 15, 1974 NITEL RIR

PIRECTOR (157-6905) ATTW: INTE TO

VI DOUGHAY YANDO IN

CHICAGO

INDIAMAPOLIS

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SPRINGFIELD

WFŐ.

AD GA PHILADELPHIA (157-6569)

FORMER CLASSIFICATION

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JD. EN - WHITE ACTION MONEYENT - 00: MEWARK.

FRANK OKNYER

TWO CONFIDENTIAL SOURCES, WHO MANY FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN TUE PAST, HAVE REPORTED THAT ON JUST YET AT TUE RESIDENCE OF ALBERT P. LENTZ IN YORK, PA. LENT

END DVUL UVIE

CONTRACTOR MATERIA

KUKLUS KINN OF YOU! 1

JUN 26 1974

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Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Deposit Principle Admin. . Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Cont Gen. Inv. . Ident's Laboratory Plan. & /Dval Spec. lav. Tr..ining Legal Coun. -Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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ינב בחט (פו 1בש-עצבט) כלייבונ בייבוקון

INCLUDED IND INDIANA DEBASSALATINES OF THE MINUTEMAN.

THE "I"HTENER IS A PARAMILITARY CROUP ORGANIZED IN JUNE, 1960, BY POBERT 2. DE PUGH IN MORBORNE, MISSOURI, AS A RESISTANCE TO THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM IN THE UNITED STATES BY USE OF GUERRILLA TACTICS.

AMONG THOSE PRESENT WAS FRANK DYGED WHO DISCUSSED PLANS FOR FORKING "THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIO" ARY ARKY." DRAGED DISCUSSED AMONG OTHER THINGS HIS POSSESSION OF DYNAMITE AND PLANS TO BLOW HP TWO CITY DLOCKS, CITY UNSPECIFIED, ON JULY 4, 1974.

DRAGER WAS OPSERVED TO BE IN POSSESSION OF SEVERAL MEAPONS,

INCLUDING .45 CALIPER PISTOLS AND .30 CALIPED CARRINES.

WOULD FIRM To Identify

ON THE NIGHT OF JUNE 13, 1974, LENTZ DISPLAYED TO THE SECOND

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHAT APPEARED TO THE SOURCE TO BE AND WHAT WERE

PERCOIPER BY LENTZ AS PEING, OFFICIAL DIAGRAMS OF THE SOURCE

AND WATER SYSTEM OF WASHINGTON, D.C., AND IMPLIED TO THE SOURCE

THAT THESE CHARTS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH DRAGER'S PLANS FOR JULY A, 1974.

LENTZ WOULD NOT BE MORE SUCCIFIC. DRACED WAS NOT PRESENT AT THE

LENTZ PECIDENCE ON JUNE 13, 1974, AND SOURCE WAS UNABLE TO FIRMISH

END PAGE TWO

Parker post

PAGE THEFE (PH 157-6550) CONFIDENTIAL

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OF veciliab by 1683 Aude o indelimital

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE INDIAMAFOLIS TELFTYPE TO PUREAU JUNE 19, 1974 AND PHILA. TELFTYPE JUNE 13, 1974.

FOR INFORMATION OF AX AND UFO, PETEL SET FORTH DETAILS OF MEETING AT LENTZ'S RESIDENCEM DRAGER DESCRIPED BY POTH SOURCES AS

"LOUD MOUTH GIVEN TO EYAGERATION."

LN BORMANTS

SOUPCES UTILIZED: LIP 3373-F, PH 1966-PFI (SECOND SOUPCE)

EXIDENT CODE SHOULD BE RED IN DISSENINATING INTOSUATION CONCESNING

DIACRAMS AS LENTZ AND SOURCE WERE ONLY REDECUE DE POEMT

THE YOUR TERRITORIES AND KEEP BUREAU AND INTERFETED OFFICES ADVISED.

MIAMI PURSUE REQUEST FOR UNLAWFUL FLIGHT PROCESS ON SUBJECT

FOR PASSING STOLEN CHECKS.

WFO ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

NO THE BEING SEBMILLED.

CLP FPI HC FOR SIX

END .

SSC LETTER DECEMBER 18, 1975

ITEM 1

FOR SSC UNIT

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## MESSAGE RELAY

Date 115 /74

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FRO	M: Director, FB	1/57-1	FED	DISSECTION
TO:	RUEADWW/	The President		SACS:
•	RUEADWW/	The Vice Presid	ent	
	RUEADWW/	☐ White House Situ		
	RUEHOC/	Secretary of Stat	e	
•	RUEAIIA/	Director, CIA		
	RUEKJCS/		e Intelligence Agency Indications Center	LEGATS:
	RUEACSI/	Department of th	e Army	
	RUEBGFA/	Department of th	e Air Force (AFOSI)	
	RUEOLKN/	☐ Naval Investigat	ive Service	
	RUEADSS/	U. S. Secret Serv	rice (PID)	Paratro Li
	RUEBWJA/	Attorney General	( By messenger)	COMU SIBILIO ON MASSICATO SECTIONA
	RUEBWJA/	Deputy Attorney	General ( By mes	senger)
	RUEBWJA/	Assistant Attorn	ey General, Criminal	Division
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	RUEBWJA/	☐ Immigration & N	aturalization Service	
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DocId:32989569

MR 023 PH CODE

.6:28 AM JUNE 15, 1974 NITEL PLA

TO \ DIRECTOR (157-6908) ATTN: INT

ALEXANDRIA

CHI CAGO

INDI ANAPOLIS

KANSAS CITY

MIAMI

NEWARK

SPRING FIELD

wF0/

FROM PHILADELPHIA (157-6560)

CONFIDENTIAL

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. EM - WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT - OCCUPANKE

TWO CONFIDENTIAL SOURCES, WHO HAVE FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, HAVE REPORTED THAT ON JUNE 5, 1974, SEVEN INDIVIDUALS MET AT THE RESIDENCE OF ALBERT P. LENTZ IN YORK, PA. LENTZ END PAGE ONE

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination of the response to your request and is not for dissemination of the response to your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 1

PAGE-TWO-(PH-457-65-69) CONFIDENTIAL

REPRESENTS THE INDEPENDENT LAW OF YORK. OTHER INDIVIDUALS PRESENT INCLUDED TWO INDIANA REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MINUTEMEN.

THE MINUTEMEN IS A PARAMILITARY GROUP ORGANIZED IN JUNE, 1960, BY ROBERT B. DE PUGH IN NORBORNE, MISSOURI, AS A RESISTANCE TO THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM IN THE UNITED STATES BY USE OF GUERRILLA TACTICS.

AMONG THOSE PRESENT WAS FRANK DAGER WHO DISCUSSED PLANS FOR FORMING "THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY." DRAGER DISCUSSED AMONG OTHER THINGS HIS POSSESSION OF DYNAMITE AND PLANS TO BLOW UP TWO CITY BLOCKS, CITY UNSPECIFIED, ON JULY 4, 1974.

DRAGER WAS OBSERVED TO BE IN POSSESSION OF SEVERAL WEAPONS, INCLUDING .45 CALIBER PISTOLS AND .30 CALIBER CARBINES.

ON THE NIGHT OF JUNE 13, 1974, LENTZ DISPLAYED TO THE SECOND

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHAT APPEARED TO THE SOURCE TO BE, AND WHAT WERE

DESCRIBED BY LENTZ AS BEING, OFFICIAL DIAGRAMS OF THE SEWER SYSTEM

AND WATER SYSTEM OF WASHINGTON, D.C., AND IMPLIED TO THE SOURCE

THAT THESE CHARTS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH DRAGER'S PLANS FOR JULY 4, 1974. THE

LENTZ WOULD NOT BE MORE SPECIFIC. DRAGER WAS NOT PRESENT AT THE

LENTZ RESIDENCE ON JUNE 13, 1974, AND SOURCE WAS UNABLE TO FURNISH

END PAGE TOO

13 14 14

W 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 14

PAGE THREE CON 157-65601 CONFIDENTIAL

DRAGER'S CURRENT WHEREABOUTS.

CLASSIFIED BY LSES XGDS 2 INDEFINITE.

END.

ADMINISTRATIVE --

RE INDIANAPOLIS TELETYPE TO BUREAU JUNE 12, 1974 AND PHILA.
TELETYPE JUNE 13, 1974.

FOR INFORMATION OF AX AND WFO, RETEL SET FORTH DETAILS OF MEETING AT LENTZ'S RESIDENCEM DRAGER DESCRIBED BY BOTH SOURCES AS "LOUD MOUTH GIVEN TO EXAGERATION." INFORMANTS

SOURCES UTILIZED: IP \$3.73-E, PH 1966-PEL (SECOND SQURCE).

EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE DSED IN DISSEMINATING INFORMATION CONCERNING

DIAGRAMS AS/LENTZ AND SOURCE WERE ONLY PERSONS PRESENT.

RECEIVING OFFICES CONTINUE TO BE ALERT FOR PRESENCE OF DRAGER IN YOUR TERRITORIES AND KEEP BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES ADVISED.

MIAMI PURSUE REQUEST FOR UNLAWFUL FLIGHT PROCESS ON SUBJECT FOR PASSING STOLEN CHECKS.

WFO ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

FAIR

Y-SLP FEI-HO FOR-SIX-

#### Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date \_\_6/13/74

Attached reports information from valuable extremist informant of our Indianapolis Office who advised: Meeting held 6/5/74 at home of Grand Dragon of National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, York, Pennsylvania. Frank Drager, present at meeting, outlined plans for establishing group called National Revolutionary Army (NRA). Purpose of NRA would be to "destroy" U.S. Government and replace it with members of Drager's group. Drager claims to have contacted H. Rap Brown and other black extremists and plans to unite their groups to achieve his goals.

Drager stated plans to use dynamite' to blow up 2 city blocks (city not named) on 7/4/74; plans to get blasting caps from a member of Minutemen. Drager claims to have traveled widely throughout country and has urged "members of right wing" to commit acts of violence on 7/4/74 and blame it on NRA. Informant saw firearms in possession of Drager, who said he plans to obtain \$200,000 in near future. It is felt Drager may be contemplating kidnapping or bank robbery. Drager stated he would like to know how to make letter bombs. Informant said Drager is known braggart and exaggerates:

at other times he sounds lucid and sincere.

INFORMANT

(CONTINUED - OVER)

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for discomination outside your Committee. It was is limited to official microcicity by your Committee contains may not be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

We are closely following Drager's activities through our informant and leads have been set out to contact appropriate sources and develop additional data.

Pertinent data in attached will be furnished to Secret Service and Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division (Internal Security Section, Civil Disturbance Unit and General Crimes Section) of the Department.

Appropriate local law enforcement agencies will be alerted as more specific data becomes available.

Drager has been identified as a subject of a stolen check case by local authorities in Marathon, Florida. However, there is no indication of charges having been filed as yet. Mimmi will be instructed to determine status of local check case and possibility that unlawful flight process against Drager can be filed prior to July 4, 1974.

HEM/JTA: owc/ci

🗘 - Special Investigative Division

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Dep.-A.D.-Adm... Dep.-A.D.-Irv. Asst. Dir.:

Intell. ... Laboratory Plan. & Eval

Spec. Inv. 🗠 Training ..

Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

Assoc. Dir.

Admin. ...

Ext. Affairs

Files & Com.

Gen. Inve Ident. Inspection

Comp. Syst.

NR 012 IP CODED

SENT AT 12:33 6/13/74 AM PM 6/12/74 NITEL DNP

(ATTN: INTD) DIRECTOR. FBI (157-6908)

> NEWARK (157 - 2011)

PHILADELPHIA (157-6560)

SPRINGFIELD (157-4275)

MIAMI (157-7322)

INDIANAPOLIS (157-7322 FROM:

CONFIDENTIAL

FRANK AUGUST-DRAGER, JR., EM - WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT. OO: NEWARK.

ON JUNE 11. 1974. CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS PROVIDED

RELIABLE INFO IN THE PAST. PROVIDED THE FOLLOWING INFO.

ON JUNE 5. 1974. A MEETING WAS HELD AT THE HOME OF ALBERT

GRAND DRAGON OF THE NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KKK AT YORK, THOSE IN ATTENDANCE WERE FRANK DRAGER AND HIS COMPANION,

KING FROM FLA., GEORGE/QUICKELL. KING, JAMES/KADILAX-CHUCK,

JOE CHANCE, THE STATE COORDINATOR OF FICK FROM PA-

MINUTEMEN FROM IND... WAS PRESENT AS WAS ROY FR ANKHOUSER

READING. PA.

DURING THIS MEETING. DRAGER OUTLINED PLANS; FOR ESPABLISHIN

AN ORGANIZATION CALLED THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY.

GOALS OF THIS GROUP, AS STATED BY DRAGER, ARE TO "DESTROY

OF PAGE ONE 6/13/74 55/155/SLU/CDU

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55130 DocId: 32989569

TO:

JUN 26 197

IP 157-7322

PAGE TWO

CONFIDENTIAL

U.S. GOVERNMENT AND REPLACE IT WITH MEMBERS OF HIS OWN GROUP.

DRAGER ALLEGES THAT HE HAS MADE CONTACT WITH H. RAP BROWN AND

OTHER BLACK ACTIVIST LEADERS NO NAMED, AND PLANS TO UNITE THESE

VARIOUS GROUPS TO ACHIEVE HIS GOALS.

DURING THIS MEETING, DRAGER FURTHER STATED HE HAS A LARGE QUANTITY OF DYNAMITE AND PLANS TO BLOW UP TWO CITY BLOCKS ON JULY 4, 1974. CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE DID NOT OBSERVE THE DYNAMITE AND DRAGER DID NOT IDENTIFY THE CITY IN WHICH HE PLANNED TO PLACE DYNAMITE. DRAGER STATED HE DOES NOT HAVE BLASTING CAPS AT THIS TIME, AND HAS PLANS TO OBTAIN THEM FROM A MEMBER OF THE MINUTEMEN IN IND.

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE FURTHER ADVISED THAT DRAGER ALLEGES TO HAVE TRAVELED TO VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COUNTRY AND HAS URGED MEMBERS OF THE RIGHT WING TO COMMIT ACTS OF VIOLENCE ON JULY 4, 1974, AND TO BLAME IT ON THE N. R. A. CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE FURTHER OBSERVED FOUR .45 CALIBER PISTOLS, THREE .30 CAL. PARATROOPER CARBINES AND ONE BOLT ACTION RIFLE IN THE POSSESSION OF DRAGER.

DRAGER FURTHER STATED HE CASHED SEVERAL STOLEN CHECKS IN THE FLA. KEYS AND TRAVELED TO PA. BY USING STOLEN CREDIT CARDS TO END OF PAGE TWO

IP 157-7322 PAGE THREE CONFIDENTIAL
PURCHASE GASOLINE, FOOD AND LODGING. NO FURTHER DETAILS WERE
LEARNED IN THESE REGARDS.

DRAGER FURTHER STATED HE PLANS TO OBTAIN \$200,000 IN NEAR FUTURE. IT IS FELT DRAGER MAY BE CONTEMPLATING A KIDNAPPING OR A BANK ROBBERY TO OBTAIN THE MONEY.

DRAGER FURTHER STATED THAT HE WOULD LIKE TO KNOW HOW TO MAKE LETTER BOMBS. IT IS TO BE NOTED DRAGER IS ANGRY WITH AUTHORITIES IN SPRINGFIELD, ILL., AND THAT CITY MAY BE SCENE OF ANY PROPOSED VIOLENCE, ALTHOUGH DRAGER DID NOT SPECIFY CITY.

IT IS TO BE NOTED CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE STATES DRAGER IS KNOWN
TO BE A BRAGGART. OFTEN DRAGER IS GIVEN TO EXAGGERATION. AT OTHER
TIMES, DRAGER SOUNDS SINCERE AND APPEARS TO BE LUCID.

ON JUNE 12, 1974 AT 1:00 AM, DRAGER TELEPHONED JOE CHANCE,

LANDS

IND. COORDINATOR OF MINUTEMEN, AND ASKED IF THE BLASTING HAD BEEN

OBTAINED. CHANCE ADVISED HE COULD PROVIDE ASSISTANCE, BUT WOULD

NEED 24 HRS. ADVANCE NOTICE. DRAGER ADVISED HE WILL CONTACT CHANCE

IN NEAR FUTURE, DATE AND TIME NOT STATED, WITH FURTHER PLANS.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

SOURCE UTILIZED ABOVE IS IP 3373-E. IP 3373-E IS THE IND.
END OF PAGE THREE

CC General Investigation Devenced Mr. Claimals T. Smith G.C. Moore Special Investigative DIUSION

\_NW\_55130\_\_DocId:32989569 Page 20

IP 157-7322 PAGE FOUR CONFIDENTIAL
MINUTEMEN MEMBER WHO IS SUPPOSED TO SUPPLY BLASTING CAPS AND IS
FURTHER SUPPOSED TO PROVIDE A HIDE-OUT FOR DRAGER.

IT IS TO BE NOTED IP 3373-E IS IN A UNIQUE POSITION TO OBTAIN ADVANCE INFO ON DRAGER'S ALLEGED PLANS FOR VIOLENCE AND MEMBERS AND ASSOCIATES OF THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY.

OFFICES ARE REQUESTED TO CONTACT ESTABLISHED EXTREMIST SOURCESTO VERIFY ABOVE INFO. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED DURING CONTACTS IN ORDER TO PROTECT IDENTITY OF SOURCE.

MIAMI SHOULD BE ALERT FOR VIOLATION OF STOLEN CREDIT CARDS AND ADVISE INDIANAPOLIS OF STATUS OF UFAP ON DRAGER FOR PASSING STOLEN CHECKS.

INDIANAPOLIS WILL MAINTAIN CLOSE CONTACT WITH IP 3373-E AND WILL BE ALERT FOR GUN VIOLATIONS. WILL ALSO ADVISE SOURCE NOT TO ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE IN PLANS FOR ANY CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES. WILL TARGET SOURCE TO DETERMINE FUTURE PLANS OF DRAGER, DETAILS OF ANY PROPOSED ACTS OF VIOLENCE, AND ALL PARTICIPANTS THEREIN.

LHM BEING SUBMITTED UACB.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END

MSI FBIHQ CLR

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 21

#### Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

4/23/74

Attached advises of letter received by Trentonian Newspaper, Trenton, New Jersey, on 4/22/74. Letter stated. "Sirs; Enclosed find a recording to the FBI by Frank Drager, a fugitive and a leader in the National Revolutionary Army, signed White Power Frank A. Drager, Jr., William E. Carroll." Letter was accompanied by a casette tape which indicated that original was being sent to FBIHQ and copies to newspaper throughout U.S. Letter appeared Tape indito be postmarked in Louisiana. cated Drager and National Revolutionary Army (NRA) were declaring war on the U.S., have seceded from U.S., and would deal with U.S. with whatever force and violence would be necessary.

It has been determined that William E. Carroll is a juvenile arrested with Frank Drager at Toms River, New Jersey, 9/12/73, and that there is a warrant outstanding for Drager's arrest on fraud charge for failure to return rented car 3/11/74.

Robert Drager advised he has not heard from his brother Frank in over one month and that subject's family is considering committing subject for psychiatric treatment if he returns to Trenton.

Disseminated to the Criminal Division

JHK:clb (Internal Security Section and Special Litigation Unit)

of the Department and Secret

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Service.

ice.

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TE L LUREAU OF EXVESTIGITION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 231974

TELETYFE

NR 005 NK PLAIN

5:15 PM NITEL 4/23/74 RJS

TO DIRECTOR (157-6908)

FROM NEWARK (157-2011) (P)

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. EM-WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm.. Den.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. ... Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com. Gen. Inv. .. Ident ..... Inspectors. Intell Vie Laboratory Plan & Eval Spec. inv. . Training . Lagal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

ON APRIL 22, 1974, MR. SAMUEL EARLE, REPORTER, TRENTONIAN NEWSPAPER, TRENTON, NJ., ADVISED HIS NEWSPAPER RECEIVED ON THAT DATE A LETTER AND TAPE CASETTE FROM FRANK DRAGER. THIS LETTER READ "SIRS; ENCLOSED FIND A RECORDING TO THE FBI BY FRANK DRAGER, A FUGITIVE AND A LEADER IN THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY, SIGNED WHITE POWER FRANK A. DRAGER, JR., WILLIAM E. CARROLL."

MR. EARLE MADE AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW THIS CASETTE TAPE WHICH INDICATED THE ORIGINAL COPY WAS BEING SENT TO DERECTOR KELLEY, FBI HEAD QUARTERS. OTHER COPIES ARE APPARENTLY BEING SENT TO EX-113 MEC 99
NEWSPAPERS THROUGHOUT THE US AS A PRESS RELEASE.

SAID TAPE, APPARENTLY DRAGER'S VOICE, INDICATED HE WAS
THE LEADER OF THE NATIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ARMY AND THIS GROUP
END PAGE ONE

7 May 15 1974

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NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 23

PAGE TWO

NK 157-2011

WAS DECLARING WAR ON THE US. HE AND HIS GROUP HAVE SECEDED
FROM THE US AND WOULD DEAL WITH THE US WITH WHATEVER FORCE AND
VIOLENCE WOULD BE NECESSARY. DRAGER THEN PROCEEDS TO GIVE A
POINT BY POINT PLAN FOR REORGANIZATION OF THE COUNTRY AFTER THE
TAKEOVER.

MR. EARLE ADVISED HE WOULD MAKE AVAILABLE A COPY OF THIS TAPE FOR THE FBI.

THE LETTER FROM DRAGER APPEARED TO BE POSTMARKED IN LOUISIANA.

IT IS NOTED WILLIAM E. CARROLL IS A JUVENILE ARRESTED WITH FRANK DRAGER AT TOMS RIVER, NJ. SEPTEMBER 12, 1973.

ON APRIL 17, 1974, DET. JAMES HEWITT, LAWRENCE TOWNSHIP, NJPD, ADVISED THAT THEY HAVE A WARRANT FOR DRAGER'S ARREST.

HE IS CHARGED WITH FRAUD FOR FAILURE TO RETURN A 1973 FORD

RENTAL CAR, RENTED BY DRAGER ON MARCH 11, 1974. THIS VEHICLE

IS PRESENTLY IN NCIC.

ON APRIL 22,1974, MR. ROBERT DRAGER, 214 E. FRANKLIN ST., TRENTON, NJ, WHO IS SUBJECT'S BROTHER, WAS CONTACTED RE HIS KNOWLEDGE OF SUBJECT'S PRESENT ACTIVITIES AND WHEREABOUTS. HE END PAGE TWO

NW 55130 Dockd: 32989569 Page 24.

PAGE THREE NK 157-2011

ADVISED HE HAS NOT HEARD FROM HIS BROTHER IN OVER A MONTH.

HE INDICATED THE SUBJECT'S FAMILY IS CONSIDERING COMMITTING

THE SUBJECT TO AN INSTITUTION FOR PSYCHIATRIC TREATMENT IF HE RETURNS TO TRENTON.

NEWARK, AT TRENTON, WILL OBTAIN COPY OF ABOVE MENTIONED TAPE FROM TRENTONIAN NEWSPAPER.

END

### Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6908)

DATE: 4/15/74

FROM

SAC. NEWARK (157-2011) (P)

SUBJECT:

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER. JR. EM-WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT 00: NEWARK

Re Newark teletype to Bureau 1/14/74: Bureau letter to Newark 2/13/74; Springfield teletype to Bureau 3/8/74; Springfield letter to Bureau 3/21/74.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Enclosed is one LHM for each receiving office for information purposes.

> INFORMANT NK T-1 is PH 811-E. NK T-2 is an acquaintance of subject. NK T-3 is [IP 3373-E.] INFORMANT NK T-4 is an individual in the Dover Township PD

This investigation is based on information which indicates the subject is possibly engaged in activities which, could involve a violation of Title 18, USC, Section 241 (Conspiracy Against Rights of Citizens), Section 245 (Federally Protected Activities). Civil Rights Act of 1968, or related Civil Rights Statutes.

The subject claimed on 9/27/73 to be the acting Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan.

It is recommended DRAGER be continued as a subject of ADEX, inasmuch as he has since 9/12/73, been traveling the East Coast claiming to be a Grand Dragon of the KKK and overall coordinator for all right-wing organizations located on the 10062208

REC-10

2-Bureau (Enc. 7) 1-Cincinnati (Enc. I) (Info)

1-Indianapolis (Enc. 1) (Info)

1-Kansas City (Enc. 1) (Info) 1-Miami (Enc. 1) (Info)

1-Philadelphia (Enc. 1) (Info)

1-Springfield (Enc. 1) (Info)

2-Newark CFM/mla/jz 4 AM 18 1974

101-6101-11

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The without the Dethases approval of the FBI.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan DocId: 32989569 Page 26.

(10)

#### NK 157-2011

East Coast. The subject has twice been arrested for possession of weapons since September, 1973, and has been in receipt of white-hate extremist literature. DRAGER has shown a propensity for violence in the past and has allegedly admitted participation in a bombing. DRAGER has shown a willingness and capability to engage in terrorism or other such acts which would result in the interference with or a threat to the survival and effective operation of National, State or local governments.

One copy of LHM being disseminated locally to Secret Service, Newark.

Two copies of FD-376 attached, along with photograph of DRAGER.

#### ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

Newark in receipt of insufficient information to characterize the American White Nationalist Party mentioned in attached LHM.

NK 157-2011

#### NONSYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

NK T-2 is
JUDY RADI
301 25th Street
Marathon, Fla.

CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE

NK T-4 is
Captain THOMAS WALTON
Dover Township, N.J., Police Department
Confidential
Source



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNI'. D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JULY ICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

April 15, 1974

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Director United States Secret Service Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220

RE:

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER

De	ear Sir:						
	be covered by the		e FBI and	an individual or organization believed Secret Service concerning protective ategories checked.			
1.	Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.						
2.	Attempts or threats to redress grievances.						
3.	Threatening or abusive statement about U.S. or foreign official.						
4.	Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.						
5.	.   Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.						
6.	Defector from U. S. or indicates desire to defect.						
7.		ngerous because of baups engaged in activi		emotional instability or eal to U.S.			
Ph	otograph 🔲 has b	een furnished 💢 🤄	enclosed	is not available.			
Vory truly yours							

Clarence M. Kelley Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s)) U. S. Secret Service, Newark, N.J.

Enclosure(s) 2



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

April 15, 1974

#### FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR.

On September 12, 1974, FRANK AUGUST DRAGER was arrested by the Dover Township, N.J., Police Department for possession of a Controlled Dangerous Substance (CDS), possession of stolen property, carrying a weapon, possession of a stolen credit and. This matter is being handled and investigated by the Ocean County Prosecutor's Office, Case No. 7684.

A search of DRAGER's vehicle, a 1970 red Ford Pick-up Camper, bearing Florida License 8G-K6025, at the time of arrest disclosed voluminous miscellaneous Ku Klux Klan paraphernalia and literature, along with a Klan membership card and notebook containing the names and addresses of possible Klan members.

The NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC. (NKKKK) was granted a charter in Georgia in 1963 as a "patriotic, secret, social, and benevolent order". The NKKKK, a consolidation of various Klans in Southern states, cotinues to be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic, and anti-foreign born.

On September 25, 1973, the "Asbury Park Evening Fress", Asbury Park, N.J., contained an article relating to the arrest of DRAGER at Toms River, N.J., and a photograph showing DRAGER posing in the black "enforcer" robe of the Ku Klux Kan (KKK). The photograph also showed the white KKK robe located in DRAGER's vehicle. DRAGER advised the writer of the article he was the acting Grand Dragon of the kKK.

SOURCES WHOSE IDENTITIES ARE CONCEALED HEREIN HAVE FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE NOTED.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

157-670 77

-NW-55130-DocId:32989569 Page 30

#### FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR.

The property report supplied to the Federal Bureau of Investigation by the Dover Township, N.J., Folice Department concerning the search of DRAGER's vehicle, disclosed DRAGER had in his possession a .410 caliber shotgun, a Walther Model P-33 handgun, and a Colt .22 caliber weapon. Also noted were several hundred rounds of ammunition for these weapons.

At the time of arrest, DRAGER gave an address of Post Office Box 968, Marathon, Fla.

On October 2, 1974, NK T-1 advised that on October 1, 1973, the Bucks County Unit #12 (Bucks County, Fa.), had a car caravan during the early P.M. hours. The caravan drove around the Trevose, Pa., area advertising the KKK. The source advised DRAGER was seen participating at this event.

On October 11, 1973, NK T-2, who has not furnished sufficient information to determine reliability, advised he had been acquainted casually with DRAGER during March through May, 1973. during which time DRAGER was employed as a chef at the Sombrero Beach Country Club, Key Largo, Fla. DRAGER had often boasted of his affiliation with The American Nazi Party and frequently spoke of his "connections" with high level officials within the Party. He would unhesitantly discuss his Party Doctrine with anyone who showed the slightest interest inlistening to him and did, in fact, appear to be knowledgeable about the current activities of the Nazi Party. DRAGER stated he had previously helped to physically assault opponents at various rallies held by the Nazi Party and further indicated he and several associates "had bombed" some place. No specific details were given relative to those incidents. DRAGER was described as intelligent, highly temperamental, and was believed to have the potential to be quite violent toward other persons.

The NATIONAL SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLE'S PARTY, also known as THE ALEKICAN NAZI FARTY, ALEKICAN NAZIS, and THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY, was organized on February 26, 1956, at Arlington, Virginia, based upon the concept of an international "National Socialist" movement as espoused by the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf mitter. The organization supports and follows the line of hatred against Negroes, Jews, and communists through various propanganda media seeking a legitimate dominant political party in the United States and foreign countries.

#### FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR.

On February 16, 1974, DRAGER was arrested by the Lake Springfield Police Department, Sangamon County, Ill., charged with possession of more than 10 grams, less than 30 grams of marijuana (a misdemeanor), unlawful use of a weapon, and possession of burglary tools. At that time the local authorities inventoried the vehicle of DRAGER and located a white KKK outfit with red stripes, possible wire tapping equipment, a black book with addresses of police officers, cassette tapes containing a radio interview with ROY/FRANKHOUSER, Reading, Pa., who is a known KKK leader and former Grand Dragon of the UNITED KLANS OF AMERICAN, INC. The interview mainly centered around the discussion of right-wing organizations and philosophies, including anti-Semitic and supremacy philosphies of the White Action Movement. A tape also contained a speech of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, former American Nazi Party leader. Also inventoried was a text of a speech by DRAGER, in which he states he will sponsor an Adolf Hitler Birthday Party meeting in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 20, 1974; a self-analysis prepared by DRAGER concerning his homosexual problems; and voluminous Anti-Negro, and Anti-Semitic literature.

The UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC. (UKA) was chartered in 1961 in Georgia. Its aims and purposes are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy, and segrecation of the races. It is the dominant Klan group in the South with headquarters at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and is currently active in several states.

The WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT is the self-proclaimed right-wing movement organized and promoted by FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, based in the State of New Jersey.

On February 19, 1974, DRAGER was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Springfield, Ill. DRAGER advised he is currently unemployed and maintains no permanent residence. DRAGER admitted leadership of the White Action Movement but denies current membership in any extremist organization. DRAGER declined to furnish details of his recent travels, beyond that of preaching the anti-Negro and anti-Semitic philosophy of his White Action Movement. He claims to be coordinating activities among all other right-wing organizations in the Eastern-half of the United States.

#### FRANK AUGUST DRAGER

On March 6, 1974, NK T-3 advised ROBERT DE FUCH, INFORMANT National Coordinator, MINUTEMEN Organization, related information that FRANK DRAGER had recently visited him. DRAGER was to stop in Columbus, Ohio, to see a JOHN/GERHARDT and proceed to Reading, Pa., to visit ROY FRANKHOUSER. DRAGER was supposedly carrying a message from DE PUGH to GERHARDT and FRANKHOUSER. GERHARDT and his brother, ED GERHARDT are leaders of the American White Nationalist Party in Columbus, Ohio. The GERHARDTS and JAMES THOMPSON were arrested for shooting the homes of school officials in Columbus, Ohio. JAMES THOMPSON allegedly turned State's witness against the GERHARDT brothers. The GERHARDT brothers contacted the Indiana coordinator of the Minutemen and ROY FRANKHOUSER to make plans to prevent THOMPSON's testimony and have discussed possible execution. FRANKHOUSER allegedly advised GERHARDT he had a man who was unknown and who could take care of THOMPSON. NK T-3 believes this individual could likely be DRAGER.

The MINUTEMEN is a paramilitary group organized in June, 1960, by ROBERT B. DE PUGH in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DE PUGH was recently paroled after serving three years in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

On March 1, 1974, DRAGER posted \$250 bail and was released from the Sangamon County Jail and left a forwarding address of 214 East Franklin Street. Trenton, N.J.

On March 19, 1974, Mr. DONALD CADAGIN, Assistant State's Attorney, Sangamon County, Springfield, Ill, advised DRAGER failed to appear for a March 18, 1974, trial and the \$250 cash bond was forfeited to the court. CADAGIN advised no further action is being contemplated against DRAGER by his office. DRAGER's whereabouts are presently unknown and his camper truck remains in the custody of the Sangamon County Sheriff's Office.

NK T-4 advised the Ocean County, N.J., Grand Jury has not heard the case gainst DRAGER, but he believes this matter will be presented in the near future.

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TIONAL FORM NO. 10 Y 1982 F 1. "ON A FPMIR (41 CFR) 101-1.6 UNITED STATES ( **VERNMENT** 

Memorandum

ECT:

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6908)SAC, SPRINGFIELD (157-4275)

(P)

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. EM - WHITE ACTION MOVEMENT

00: Newark

Re Springfield nitels to Director 2/16/74, 2/20/74; Newark nitel to Director 2/16/74; Migmi nitels to Director  $\frac{12}{20}$ 74 and  $\frac{2}{21}$ 74.

DATE:

2/27/74

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four copies of LHM. Enclosed for Newark are two copies of LHM. Enclosed for Miami is one copy of LHM.

Also enclosed for the Bureau is one Xerox copy each of the following documents:

ublished in 1965-1) begal Psychological and Political Warfare mahual by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL; eld. Their gray in LHH

com taisterminated. 2) Underground Resistance Warfare manual News- ALGREENA by ROBERT B. DEFUGH. Bureau challed , 14 /5.

> Enclosed for Newark is one copy each of five different cassette tapes, which were in the possession of subject at the time of his arrest. Tapes are described as follows:

Tapes #1 and #2 contain a radio interview between ROY FRANKHOUSER, Reading, Pennsylvania, and DOUG EMERY (PH) of Radio Station WMUH. Date and location of interview unknown.

2 - Bureau (157-6908) (Enc. 7 ) " (RM) REC. 101

2 - Newark (157-2011) (Enc.92) (RM) 1 - Miami (157-5159) (Enc. 1) (RM)

6 - Springfield (2-157-4275)

(1-157-3750)(1-157-390)

(1-157-1887)(1-157-76)

MGG/STERS document is prepared in response to your request and is not follower.

(11) nation outside voir Committee. Its use is limited to official indicatings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthovized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

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WE 71+

DocId: 3298 原列 Jagava取s Bonds egularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SI 157-4275

Interview mainly centered around discussion of right wing organizations and philosophies, including anti-semitic and white supremacy philosophies of the White Action Movement. A portion of side 4 tape marked #2 contains a taped telephone conversation between the Mayor of Trenton, New Jersey, DRAGER and an unknown radio announcer regarding proposed speaking engagement by DRAGER in Trenton.

Tapes numbered 3 and 4 contain a lecture by ROY FRANKHOUSER possibly speaking at Trenton State University on an unknown date. Other individuals identified on tape as being on stage at the time of presentation were FRANK DRAGER, (FNU) KAY (PH), and (FNU) O'CONNOR, all identified as coordinators for the White Action Movement. FRANKHOUSER's speech centered mainly around the right wing philosophy of anti-semitism. It should be noted that during speech FRANKHOUSER mentioned the taping of conversations of various Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and Federal Bureau of Investigation Special Agents. He identified several individual Agents of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Federal Bureau of Investigation by name.

Tape marked #5 contains a speech of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, American Nazi Party, leader, presented at Brown University on an unknown date. The speech concerned itself mainly with the philosophy of the American Nazi Party and was mainly anti-semitic in nature.

Enclosed for Newark are the following items which were the result of a search of the subject's vehicle while in the possession of the Lake Springfield Police Department, Springfield, Illinois. All enclosed items were supplied by the Lake Police for Xeroxing and are described as follows:

- Manual entitled "Legal Psychological and Political Warfare" "BY GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL";
- 2) "Underground Resistance Warfare" manual "by ROBERT B. DEPUGH";
- 3) Approximately 5"x7" address book containing miscellaneous names and addresses;
- A piece of paper containing names and numbers, starting with JAKE 201-257-1695;

- 5) A piece of paper showing various individuals and meetings, including the names of BOB ASSHALDON, DEPUGH and BOB MILES;
  - 6) A text of a speech by DRAGER in which he states he will sponsor a HITLER Birthday Party meeting in Kansas City, Missouri on 4/20/74:
  - 7) A letter to FRANKIE (DRAGER) signed "your mother":
  - 8) An expense sheet for the White Action Movement for period November, 1971 through January, 1972;
  - 9) A letter to Internal Revenue Service from DRAGER dated 4/10/68;
- 10) A letter from Colonel W. S. WILLIAMS, US ''''
  Marine Corps, to Mrs. FRANK DRAGER;
- 11) A note to FRANK signed CHARLIE;
- 12) Part of a small notebook starting with a telephone log;
- 13) Handwritten copy of DRAGER's Last Will and Testament;
- 14) A travel itinerary from St. Louis to Washington, D.C.;
- 15) A self-analysis prepared by DRAGER, mainly concerned with his homosexual problem;
  - 16) Two pages of a letter, address and sender unknown;
- //17) Map of an unknown camping area;
  - 18) Two envelopes addressed to DRAGER;

- 19) An envelope from DRAGER to ROBERT MILES;
- 20) Handwritten note evaluating BOB DEPUGH and others, writer unknown;
- 21) Letter to DRAGER from PHILLIP MANIER;
- 22) Letter to MINNIE P. DRAGER signed FRANK, which contains a reference to the "Feds" being after him;
- 23) Address book found in DRAGERs wallet;
- 24) List of names and numbers on pamphlet from the Worlds Beyond Key Largo, Florida;
- 25) List of Zodiac signs;
- 26) Miscellaneous pieces of paper containing names and telephone numbers;
- 27) Newspaper article from the Daily Observer dated 9/13/73;
- 28) Newspaper article entitled "Klansmen, Drugs, Weapons seized"; (Newspaper unknown);
- 29) Copies of four keys found in DRAGER's possession;
- 30) A section of Missouri map with the Norborne, Missouri area circled;
- 31) Section of an Alabama map with areas around Anniston and Tallassee, Alabama marked;
- 32) Portion of a map of Tennessee and Alabama showing a marked route from Hohenwald, Tennessee to Tuscaloosa, Alabama;
- 33) Copy of a wood and metal plaque of ADOLF HITLER;
- 34) Two anti-Negro signs;
- 35) Copies of two cloth emblems;

- 36) Sign posted inside door of DRAGER's camper truck;
- 37) Newspaper article entitled "Klansman Claims Group's Maligned";
- 38) Miscellaneous anti-Negro slogans and Georgia Drivers License for DRAGER;
- 39) Anti-Negro card advertising a boat trip back to Africa printed by the American Nazi Party;
- 40) Pamphlet entitled Which will survive--- Wasps? Or Zionists?
- 41) Letterhead stationery of the White Action Movement;
- 42) "National Renaissance Bulletin" dated January and February, 1973, with an attached booklist;
- 43) Front page of the "National Renaissance Bulletin" dated January and February, 1972, with an attached booklist;
- 44) Letter from "L. LEE BAYTON, JR." dated January 24, 1973 with enclosures;
- 45) Pamphlet entitled "Is Someone Following You?"
- 46) Nazi Party pamphlet entitled "83rd Birthday of the Leader";
- 47) Ku Klux Klan pamphlet entitled "The Seven Symbols of The Klan";
- 48) Ku Klux Klan pamphlet entitled "the Fiery Cross";
- 49) One page letter entitled "Regional Government";
- 50) Back portion of a photograph which depicted two unknown females in Nazi-type Uniforms;
- 51) New Jersey vehicle registration in the name of FRANK A. DRAGER, JR.;

- 52) Miscellaneous identification cards for DRAGER;
- for DRAGER and a blank check on DRAGER's checking account on the Chase Manhattan Bank, Virgin Islands:
  - 54) Miscellaneous items in DRAGER's name;
  - 55) New Jersey fishing license for DRAGER and other items;
  - 56) Michigan and Minnesota fishing license for DRAGER;
  - 57) Department of Public Safety criminal registration card for DRAGER;
  - 58) New Jersey fishing license for DRAGER and New Jersey drivers license for RICHARD PL LEANDRO;
  - 59) "Custody Agreement" regarding THOMAS CHARLES MIDDAUGH;
  - 60) Various telephone bills for DRAGER;
  - 61) Pay stubs from Prestige Reproductions, Inc., Chicago;
  - 62) 1972 W-2 Forms for DRAGER and MIDDAUGH;
  - 63) 1969 W-2 Forms for DRAGER;
  - 64) 1966 W-2 Forms for DRAGER;

    B12/11-, Non Exhibiting, N.J.
  - 65) Florida vehicle title for DRAGER dated 8/13/73;
  - 66) Florida vehicle title for DRAGER dated 5/18/73;
  - 67) Newark Beth Israel Hospital Birth Certificate;
  - 68) A receipt from the Holiday Inn, Trenton, N. J. for the White Action Movement;
  - 69) Selective Service System status card for WILLIAM ERIOR CARROLL;

70)	New Jersey	Motorcycle	permit	for
1	WILLIAM E.			

- 71) \ Miscellaneous identification for DANIEL BRODERICK;
- 72) Savings account book for MIDDAUGH at Marathon Bank, Marathon, Florida;
- 73) Card with the First National Bank of Toms River, N. J. printed on it;
- 74) Ku Klux Klan membership card for DRAGER;
- 75) Payroll receipt for M. R. HALCOMB;
- 76) Social Security Card for MICKEY RAY HALCOMB and other items;
- 77) Selective Service System Registration Card for ROBERT WHITFIELD CLOUSE and other items;
- 78) Florida State Employment Card for DRAGER;
- 79) Forms from Toms River, New Jersey issued to DRAGER;
- 80) Florida Department of Motor Vehicle Temporary Vehicle Registration for DRAGER;
- 81) Florida fishing license for DRAGER and other papers, miscellaneous names and numbers;
- 82) Reimbursement Agreement between DRAGER and the New Jersey Office of the Public Defender;
- | 83) Ohio Vehicle Title Certificate issued to DENNIS RITTER;
  - 84) Various identification for DENIS DEAN RITTER and a New Jersey Drivers License for DRAGER;

85) Various identification for RITTER, including Ohio Motorcycle Registration Card and Blue Croand Social Security Card, and other identification for RITTER;

It should be noted that Newark may be interested in the following numbered items, which may contain current pertinent information of value in their investigation of DRAGER:

Numbers 5, 6, 8, 12, 13, 14, 20, 22, 23 and 26.

Any leads resulting from information obtained in enclosures are left to the discretion of OO.

The following books and other extremist publications were found as a result of a search of subject's camper truck. They were photographed, but not Xeroxed and are described as follows:

- 1) Natures Eternal Religion, by BEN KLASSEN;
- 2) This Time the World, by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL;
- 3) "The Storm Trooper Magazine," dated November, 1966;
- 4) The Middle Years of Paul Keres, by PAUL KERES;
- 5) Min Kampf, by ADOLPH HITLER;
- 6), Blue Print for Victory, by ROBERT B. DEPUGH;
- 7), "National Socialist World," dated Fall, 1966;
- 8) '(National Socialist World," dated Winter, 1967;
- Q) "National Socialist World," dated Summer, 1967;
- 10) National Christian News" newspaper; dated 1972, numbers 2,3,4,5,6 and 8; dated 1971, numbers 4,7,10,11; dated 1973; numbers 6,10, and 11.
- 11) Pamphlet entitled 'Minutemen Survival Tabs", Biolab Corporation, Norborne, Missouri;

- 12) "Storm Trooper Magazine" dated autum, 1967;
- 13) Can You Survive, by ROBERT DEPUGH;
- 14) The Talmud Amast, by Reverend I.B. PRAVATIS (PH);
- 15) "The Rockwell Report", dated October 15, 1961, through July, 1967 (79 issues).

At the time of search of subject's vehicle, numerous photographs were taken of the interior and exterior of the camper truck, as well as other items recovered that were not easily Xeroxed.

LEADS: NEWARK DIVISION

### AT NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

Will review item 6 of enclosures and set forth appropriate leads to insure coverage of proposed "Hitler Birthday Party" in Kansas City, Missouri on 4/20/74.

### SPRINGFIELD DIVISION

### AT SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

Upon development, will furnish to Newark complete set of photographs taken of subject's vehicle and contents.

## ARMED AND DANGEROUS.



### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Springfield, Illinois February 27, 1974

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. Garage 1959

On February 16, 1974 Lake Springfield Police Department, Springfield, Illinois, arrested Drager for possession of marijuana. At the time of his arrest subject was in the accompaniment of Thomas Charles Middaugh, age 18, Daytona Beach, Florida, and a Springfield juvenile, Scott T. Weier, age 15, 3 Lake Knolls Drive, Springfield, Illinois. Meier was subsequently released to custody of parents. Subject and Middaugh remain in custody, Sangamon County Jail, Springfield, Illinois, charged with violation of the Cannabis Control Act, Unlawful Use of a Weapon, and Possession of Burglary Tools. Drager's bond was set at \$20,000, Middaugh's at \$10,000.

Drager was driving a late model Ford pickup truck with a camper mounted on it at the time of his arrest. The vehicle was impounded by arresting Department and a search of the camper by Lake Police Officers resulted in the discovery of numerous articles which possibly reflect subject's involvement in extremist activities, including the following:

Two Klan-type uniforms,
Uniform-type shirts bearing Nazi Party insignia,
Nazi flag,
Several address books,
Cassette tape recordings,
Various identifications, former vehicle titles,
and miscellaneous identification cards,
Several 1974 Florida license plates,
A telephone installer's handset,
Newspaper clippings regarding extremist
activities of subject,

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157-6908-80

### FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR.

Extremist literature and books, including several written by Adolph Hitler, George Lincoln Rockwell, and Robert B. Depugh.

Drager and Middaugh were interviewed by Bureau Agents and furnished the following information:





#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 2/21/74

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. was interviewed while incarcerated in the Sangamon County Jail. He was furnished the identity of the interviewing Agents and the purpose of the interview and he furnished the following information.

DRAGER stated that he is presently not a member of any right wing organization. He did admit to being the organizer and leader of the White Action Movement (WAM) which operated at one time out of Trenton, New Jersey, and Reading, Pennsylvania. He advised that the headquarters operations of that organization were disbanded due to a lack of finances. He declined to comment on the names of any members or of the total number of individuals involved in the WAM. DRAGER stated the aim of his movement was victory for all right wing organizations and this was to be accomplished through political elections or other necessary methods. His methods included preaching to the public concerning goals of his organization and by supporting the right type of individuals for public office. He considered BOB MILES, who is presently incarcerated in the Federal Penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, to be the type of individual qualified to hold public office.

DRAGER stated that his WAM has adopted a philosophy of being the coordinator between all right wing organizations currently operating in this country. He stated that the strategies and ideals of all right wing groups actually are very similar and that when the conditions are right there will be a unification for all these groups into one large organization that will effectively be able to take control of the country. He stated he originally founded the WAM in 1970 and for a time published and distributed literature in an attempt to educate the public concerning his beliefs. He advised that WAM was unable to accomplish its goals as an above ground organization and as a result several years ago he decided to take the organization "under ground". Although there is no longer any formal organization or financial backing, WAM still has its officers and membership but the extent of its activities consists of himself and others traveling the country preaching the right wing philosophy to any group that will listen. DRAGER declined to comment on the number of individuals presently in WAM but did state

Interviewed on_	2/19/74		at_Sp	ringfield,	Illinois File #.	SI 157-4275
	MICHAEL					
SA	WILLIAM	A.	RUZIN			
by SA	DAN DOWN	<del>UM-</del>		MGG/ems	Date dictated	2/20/74

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he had previously issued 300 membership cards. He again declined comment concerning the names of any of the organization's leadership or its membership. He did state that the majority of VAM members were disillusioned members of other right wing organizations. He advised the uniform of WAM consists of military fatigues with a pistol belt with a half swastika emblem on the collar. This is the uniform he usually wears during his speaking engagements.

DRAGER stated that recently he had been vacationing in Florida, living mainly on previous savings. He did work for approximately 17 days as a chef at the Ocean Reef Club, Key Largo, Florida. He was paid \$250 per week there and had accumulated about \$500 at the time of his departure from the Florida Keys area. He also advised he was currently existing on survival tablets, taking up to 12 tablets daily as a method to supplement his normal meals. He stated he could easily maintain his health and weight by use of these tablets. DRAGER claimed that he is traveling by camper truck and that since leaving Florida he was en route to New Jersey when arrested in Springfield, Illinois. He declined to comment on when he left Florida or to where he had traveled since that time. He further declined comment concerning any meetings he may have attended or any communication he has had with any individuals connected with extremist organizations during his travels. He advised that he usually camps nightly in either State of Federal park campsites or if none are available would utilize a commercial camp grounds.

DRAGER stated that the individual who was arrested with him in Springfield and who has been traveling with him since leaving Florida is CHARLES MIDDAUGH, who has been a friend of the family for several years in New Jersey. He stated LIDDAUGH has been in trouble since the age of 13 and was most recently released in January, 1973, from a juvenile detention facility in New Jersey. He stated MIDDAUGH worked with him in Florida and that he is currently MIDDAUGH's legal guardian and will be until his 19th birthday in December, 1974. He advised MIDDAUGH shares some of his same basic beliefs but is not politically motivated in any way.

He admitted that DANIEL BRODERICK was the individual who was arrested with him by local authorities in New Jersey in September, 1973, and that he traveled with him for a period but that BRODERICK had stayed in Florida. He advised

that BRODERICK contacted his lawyer concerning the pending charges in New Jersey and has probably returned to New Jersey.

DRAGER did admit to past memberships in the American Nazi Party, National Socialist White Peoples Party, Ku Klux Klan, Knights of Constantine, as well as generally claiming membership in all right wing organizations at one time or another during the past 15 years.

He stated he was recently the self-appointed Acting Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in New Jersey. He felt the organization needed leadership and that he had the respect of other leaders in the group, but did have some conflicts with some other independent klan organizations in New Jersey.

DRAGER stated that he, in the past, has been harassed by local authorities and the Federal Bureau of Investigation but that he has never had any problems with any of the leadership of any right wing organization.

He claimed he is not currently a member of the Minutemen organization but that he does personally know ROBERT DEPUGH. He declined to comment on the last time he had any communications with DEPUGH.

DRAGER stated he personally knows several individuals associated with the American Nazi Party, including MATT KOEHL and DON PARSONS in Virginia, and first name unknown COLEMAN in Chicago. He advised that from 1961-1967 he was a member of the American Nazi Party and worked in its national headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. He worked closely with GEORGE LINCOIN ROCKVELL during this period as his second in command although he would never accept any rank higher than lieutenant. For a period during 1964-1967 he worked mainly at the party's training camp in Pennsylvania as the individual in charge of the printing of all literature for the party. After ROCKWELL's death, DRAGER advised he was asked to take command of the party but he declined because of his past criminal record, andecision he regrets to this day. mately three months after ROCEMELL's death he left the Nazi Party. DRAGER feels that MATT KOEHL, the present commander of the party, has the guts but not the know-how to run the party organization. He does not feel that he has the charisma that ROCKWELL has and he does not reach the public effectively with the party's message. DRAGER stated he currently has no

association with the American Nazi Party or with the National Socialist White Peoples Party.

DRAGER advised he knows no one in Illinois associated with the American Nazi Party or the National Socialist White Peoples Party and the name DAN DEATER means little to him. He does recall DEATER writing to his WAM but stated DEATER was not at Nazi Party Headquarters in Arlington during the same period that he served there.

He advised that he knows no one in the Phoenix, Arizona area since the death of WESTERDOK PAKO (phonetic). He knows of no right wing activity in that area but he did recall in the past he communicated with a Nazi Party member there but he no longer recalls this individual's name.

DRAGER stated that all of his travels are basically politically motivated and that the main philosophy of his WAM is victory for white Christianity and a return to the natural order. He feels that the white race was placed on this earth as the "gifted race" and that a geographical separation of the races is necessary to prevent interbreeding of the races. He contributes the basis of his beliefs to the writings of HITLER but stated that many of the ancient philosophers preached the same white supremacy philosophy. He believes that interbreeding of the races will eventually lead to the degeneration of our society and its eventual downfall.

DRAGER stated that in the event the political system fails as a means for the right wing groups in this country to save the country from its external and internal enemies, then any other means necessary will be used to achieve their goals. He feels that if the Government will not act to save the country then right wing organizations must act to do so.

DRAGER stressed the danger of an internal enemy in the form of an overly suppressive Government that would no longer act for the well-being of the average white American. Although he stated again that the right wing extremist organizations will attempt to gain power by legitimate political process, if this process should break down any method, including that of violence, would be used to accomplish their goals. He stated the targets of the right wing would be any suppressive

Government agencies or any left wing organization that would be doing the "bidding" of the suppressive Government in power. Additional targets of the right wing would include the United States Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service, and such organizations as the Jewish Anti-Defamation League, who although is not a Government agency, he feels it receives its authority to act from the Government.

DRAGER agreed that to succeed in the violent overthrow of the country a supply of weapons and ammunition would be necessary. He stated he knows of no right wing organization who currently has a stockpile of weapons and advised that the source of weapons at the right time would be the United States military establishment, whose leaders and white members he predicts will join his cause when it is time for action. Although he has heard that the Minutemen organization was stockpiling weapons, he has no evidence that that organization currently has any large supply of weapons in its possession.

He stated that he also felt that all the State units of Government will join his cause at the right time and that they will revolt against the suppression placed on them by the Federal Government. He feels that even personnel of the Federal Bureau of Investigation will join his cause because of their basic conservative beliefs and because of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's concern for the good of the country. He feels that the Federal Bureau of Investigation is now only a "pawn" of the Justice Department from which it receives its orders.

DRAGER continued tosstate his personal philosophy concerning the power and influence exerted by the Jewish population in this country. He considers the total Jewish control on the American political system to be the greatest internal threat present today in our system. He believes that the Communist movement, all racial organizations, and all liberal left wing organizations operating in this country are tools of the Jewish population in the United States. He predicts a complete economic takeover by the Jewish segment of our society. As examples of the extent of the Jewish control in this country, DRAGER uses the appointment of HERRY KISSINGER as Secretary of State as well as the fact that the NIXON administration is controlled by his high-ranking Jewish advisors and by political contributions furnished by the Jewish population in this country. He also

stated that all sectors of the news media are controlled by Jews and that they directly control all newspaper publications either by direct ownership or by controlling the advertising that newspapers need for their survival. In addition, he pointed out that the three major radio-television networks are all headed by Jewish individual and as such they are able to direct public broadcasting to benefit their own views and the views of the Jewish segment of our society. DRAGER further stated that this great influence exerted by Jews in this country will eventually lead to the degeneration of our society unless their activities are stopped by actions from the right wing.

DRAGER stated that as a result of his travels throughout the country he has coordinated activities between the various right wing groups to such a degree that all that is needed for them to act in unison would be the right conditions to exist in this country. He feels that his activities are currently peaceful in nature and that he is determined to work within the present political system for change, but if conditions should become too suppressive toward the average white citizenry in this country, then a time for action will be at hand and if a violent revolution is necessary to bring about change, it will be used. When it is time for action DRAGER predicted a unification of all the right wing organizations in this country for the good of the common man.

DRAGER admitted that he confines his activities and travels to the area east of the Mississippi River and that he feels that the West is organized enough. He did admit to having spoken in the past in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Toledo, and Columbus, Ohio, and Chicago. He again declined to comment further regarding his activities or individuals he may have been in contact with during his travels since leaving New Jersey.

DRAGER refused to comment on any aliases he may use or upon the various identifications found in his possession at the time of his arrest in the names of DENIS DEAN RITTER NAME JUSTICH MARTIN, RICHARD P. LEEDRO, ROLLER WHITEFELD CLOUSE, MICKEY RAY HALCOIB, and WILLIAM ERICK CORROLL.

The following information concerning DRAGER was obtained through interview and observation:

-8-

Name: Race: FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. White

Sex:

Male

Date of Birth: Place of Birth: February 4, 1940 Trenton, New Jersey

Height:

5'11"

Weight:

185

Build:

Stocky

Hair: Eyes: Brown

Marks and Scars:

Blue

l" scar above right eye; scar lower right underside of

forearm;

Residence:

tattoo of dog on upper left arm

Claims no permanent residence,

admitted to traveling throughout the country in a camper truck

Telephone:

Unlisted number but declined

to furnish

Occupation:

Chef, printer,

Employment:

lithographer Unemployed

Previous Employ-

ment:

Chef, Ocean Reef Club, Key Largo, Florida:

admitted being a purchasing agent for a chemical company

owned by Jews in New Jersey

Education:

Two years college, Omaha, Nebraska

University (later admitted four year degree from Omaha University and admitted taking

correspondence in law from both Harvard and the University of

Southern California)

Marital Status: Family Members: Single

Mother - In New Jersey, declined

to give name or address; \

. Brothers - ROBERT and RAY BRAGER, who live at 1214 East Franklin, Trenton, New Jersey;

JOHN DRAGER, Trenton, New

Jersey area

Social Security Number:

JFK Act 6 (3)

\*, <u>;</u>;

Military:

Air Force Service number 217-804-89. Admitted service United States Air Force August, 1958 - August, 1960, and served as an air policeman, Strategic Air Command, Omaha Admitted multiple arrests in the past, most recent being in

Arrests:

Admitted multiple arrests in the past, most recent being in Orange County, New Jersey, September, 1973.





#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

I

Date of transcription 2/21/74

THOMAS CHARLES MIDDAUGH was interviewed while incarcerated in the Sangamon County Jail, Springfield, Illinois. He was furnished the identity of the interviewing Agents and the purpose of the interview. He furnished the following information.

MIDDAUGH stated that FRANK DRAGER has been a longtime friend of the family and was his legal guardian for approximately four years until he reached his 18th birthday in December, 1973. His family was originally from the New Brunswick, New Jersey area and DRAGER is from the Trenton, New Jersey area.

He stated he has been traveling with DRAGER in DRAGER's camper truck since October, 1973, at which time DRAGER came through Daytona Beach, Florida, on his way to the Florida Keys area. He advised since that time they have spent time in Marathon, Florida, Key West, Florida, Key largo, Florida, and the Everglades area of Florida. His last employment was as a cook at the Ocean Reef Club, Key Largo, Florida, for approximately a two week period in December, 1973.

MIDDAUGH stated he and DRAGER left Florida approximately two weeks ago en route to the West Coast and that they traveled through Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, and were somewhere in Colorado when they decided to return to New Jersey. He stated they were stranded somewhere in Alabama for five days because of the gasoline shortage but he does not recall the exact city in Alabama. Upon reaching Colorado, DRAGER was in telephonic contact with his lawyer in New Jersey and after that conversation he decided to return to New Jersey to take care of a local pending matter in Toms River, New Jersey, resulting from a September, 1973 arrest.

MIDDAUGH stated that he believes in white supremacy and considers himself to be anti-semetic but he denied having been or currently being a member of any right wing extremist organization. He does not personally believe that that type of organization is operating effectively in this country and that vern few people actually believe in or are persuaded by their philosophy. He stated DRAGER is not currently active in any right wing organization but he does know that he was

nterviewed on 2/19/74 of Springfield,	Illinois File	# SI	157-4275

SA MICHAEL G. GOERGEN

SA VILLIAM A. RUZIN

MGG/cms

\_\_Date dictated\_

2/20/74

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is looned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

formerly Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan organization in New Jersey. He further stated that he has never been present at any meeting of any right wing organization nor does he know if DRAGER has attended any meetings or has contacted any leaders of right wing organizations during their travels.

He stated he knows no one in the State of Illinois and that DRAGER was not on his way to any meeting in Illinois at the time of their arrest in Springfield. They had only stopped overnight en route to New Jersey.

when they left Florida but DRAGER had friends all over the country that would supply them with food and financial backing if necessary. He declined to name any of these individuals, claiming he had never met any of them. He stated DRAGER has an aunt in New Jersey who would occasionally wire them funds. He does not recall her hame.

MIDDAUGH also stated that DRAGER has a telephone number located somewhere in New Jersey that he periodically calls for messages and other information. He claimed he does not know the number nor the individual who DRAGER calls.

MIDDAUGH stated that DANIEL BRODERICK was a friend of DRAGER's who was traveling with them for a short time in Florida. The last time he saw BRODERICK was in the Florida Keys area and he believes that he has currently returned to New Jersey.

MIDDAUGH denied knowing a DENIS DEAN RITTER, Toledo, Ohio, and denied knowing anything about the false identification and false vehicle titles found in DRAGER's camper at the time of their arrest.

The following information concerning MIDDAUGH was obtained through observation and interview:

Name: THOMAS CHARLES MIDDAUGH

Alias: CHUCK
Race: White
Sex: Male

Date of Birth: December 17, 1955

Place of Birth: New Brunswick, New Jersey

Height: 5'7" Weight: 130

Build:

Hair:

Eves:

Marks and Scars:

Residence:

Occupation:

Employment: Last Employment:

Education:

Marital Status:

Family Members:

Selective Service:

Arrests:

Slender

Brown / Hazel

Tattoo of a cross on left

forearm

Rural Route 2,

Daytona Beach, Florida

Cook and welder

Unemployed

Ocean Reef Club,

Key Largo, Florida

12 years high school

Single

Father - RICHARD MIDDAUGH

Mother - ROSE MIDDAUGH

Net logs / Rural Route 2

Daytona Beach, Florida

Classified 1H, registered Daytona Beach, Florida

Admitted several arrests in

New Jersey as a juvenile

SI 157-4275 MGG/cms

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent MICHAEL G. GOERGEN at Springfield, Illinois.

On February 19, 1974, Sergeant E. HARDY, Jailer, Sangamon County Sheriff's Office, Springfield, Illinois, was contacted and he advised that his records contain the following information concerning FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR., who was arrested February 16, 1974, and charged with violation of the Cannabis Control Act, Unlawful Use of a Weapon, and Possession of Burglary Tools:

Name: Address: FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR.

Post Office Box 968 Marathon, Florida August 4, 1940

Date of Birth: Place of Birth:

Trenton, New Jersey

Race: White Sex: Male Height: 5'11" Weight: 185 Hair: Brown Eyes: Blue

Marital Status: Tattoo:

Single Upper left arm,

cross scar on right forehead

Florida Driver's License Number:

D626-261-40-284-035

Social Security

Number:

JFK Act 6 (3)

HARDY further advised that DRAGER pled not guilty to the above charges on February 19, 1974, and that his bond was set at \$20,000.

Sergeant HARDY further advised his records contain the following information concerning THOMAS CHARLES MIDDAUGH, who was arrested February 16, 1974, and charged with violation of the Cannabis Control Act, Unlawful Use of a Weapon, and Possession of Burglary Tools:

Name:

THOMAS CHARLES MIDDAUGH

Address: Rural Route

Daytona Beach, Florida

Race: V

White Male

Dage of Birth:

December 17, 1955

-14-

SI 157-4275 MGG/cms 2

Place of Birth:

New Brunswick, New Jersey

Hair:

Brown Haze 1

Eyes:

130

Weight:

Tattoo:

Tattoo of cross on left forearm

Florida Driver's

License Number:

M320-823-55-457-468

Social Security

Number:

JFK Act 6 (3)

Sergeant HARDY further advised that MIDDAUGH pled not guilty to the above charges on February 19, 1974, and his bond was set at \$10,000.

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION WORK SHEET

Recorded: 4-25-74 4:20 p.m. te Reference No:

FBI File No: Received: 4-25-74 Latent Case NoA-89011

Answer to: SAC, Bureau

Examination requested by: Addressee .

Copy to:

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, JR. RE:

No-letter, Evid . personally pick up by Mr. Futrell on 4-25 74 from SA. William D. Date of reference communication: Specimens:

Fallin.

Named Subject:

FRANK AUGUST DRAGER, FBI# 405-950-E

Cassette tape and case for small relimit by Divs

1 sheet of paper beginning "20 April 1974 85th Birthday of Cassette tape and case Hitler ..."

Result of examination:

Examination by: Futrel

Evidence noted by:

Response to SSC Request
12-18-75
Item #1

do SSC and

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Date:	بلہ	/ J.	٠.خ.	/71

Date: 1/1.3/; 1	
ansmit the following in	
AIRTEL	
(Priority)	 
To: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 41)	
FROM: SAC, RICHMOND (157-2986)(P)	TDe.
CRICHMOND INFORMATION CENTER (RIC) RICHMOND, VIRGINIA RM - BPP	
00: RICHMOND	Deptot
ReRHairtel and LHM to Bureau, 5/22/70 (no co San Francisco and Atlanta); RHairtel and LHM to Bureau, (no copies to Atlanta), both captioned "BPP, National Co Combat Fascism (MCCF), Richmond, Va., RM - BPP", and and LHM to Bureau, 11/6/70, captioned "Students for Afrenciscophy, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, RM", (no copies to Atlanta or San Francisco).	, Va.,
As previously reported in referenced LHM, de 5/22/70, on 5/15/70. WF 2123-R (PROB) reported that on in Richmond, Va., CHARLES BRUNSON asked HOWARD CLAYTON leader of the RIC if he was in a position to obtain gur Washington, D. C. (WDC) BPP chapter. On this occasion indicated he thought he could obtain guns, at which BRI	1400AL
2 - Bureau (REGISTERED MAIL) 2 - San Francisco (157-1204) (REGISTERED MAIL) 2 - Atlanta (REGISTERED MAIL) 5 - WFO (REGISTERED MAIL)  ST 117-91	(6 - 4/-13)
5 - WFO (REGISTERED MAIL) ST 177-281 / (2 - 157-2825) (1 - 157-2736) (1 - 157-3123) B JAN 15	
15 - Richmond (2 - 157-2986) (1 - 105-5504) (1 - 157-3047) (1 - 157-2733) (2 - 157-New)(LEON WATKINS) (1 - 157-3170) (2 - 157-New)(JUNIUS UNDERWOOD, aka (1 - 157-3043) (1 - 170-816A) (1 - 157-3156) (2 - 157-New)(DARLENE BRANCH)	"Bou Red")
(26) 924	
110127 1971	
Approved: M. Per M. Per Special Agent in Charge	. 1000 - 2.47 - 20.4111
U. S. GOVERNMENT PRETERM OFFICE	; 1/160 (0 + 345-623 (11)

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 61

requested him to attempt to get three .30-.30 rifles, three automatic-type rifles, and three .45 cal. pistols. Subsequent to the receipt of this information, investigation conducted by WFO and Richmond Tailed to develop any positive information regarding guns supplied to the WDC BPP chapter by the RIC.

However, on 1/8/71,RH 440-R (PROB), who has furnished reliable information in the past, reported the following information:

Approximately four months ago, LEON WATKINS and JUNIUS UNDERWOOD, ala "Boo Red", both members of the RIC, along with two other unknown Negro males, burglarized a private residence in Richmond, Va. Stolen during the burglary were seven weapons, including at least five foreign-make automatic rifles, one M-1 rifle, and one other rifle. After the burglary, WATKINS and UNDERWOOD gave the guns to HOWARD MOORE, advising MOORE that they had stolen them during a burglary of a white person's residence in the western part of the City of Richmond. WATKINS and UNDERWOOD also said they thought the owner of the residence must have been a communist because, in addition to the foreign guns in the house, there were U. S. Army uniforms, guerrilla-warfare literature, and short-wave radios.

Thercafter, HOWARD MOORE gave the guns to his prother, ALBERT DOUGLAS MOORE, who took them to the rural residence of the MOORE brothers' parents in Glen Allen, Va., where they were hidden.

On 11/2/70, JACOB BETHEA and CHARLES BRUNSON of the WDC BPP chapter came to Richmond and participated in the Black Solidarity Day activities (see Richmond LHM of 11/6/70, captioned "Students for Afro-American Philosophy, etc.).

BRUNSON and BETHEA spent the evening of 11/2-3/70 at the RIC pad at 3516 East Richmond Road, Apt.6, Richmond, Va. On 11/3/70, the above guns, along with BRUHSON and BETHEA, were driven to WDC in two cars by members of the RIC. The seven guns were wrapped in blankets and coats and placed in the trunk of a rented 1970 two-door, light-colored Ford, which is believed to have been rented by JAMES FOBBS. In any event, FOBBS drove the rented car and was accompanied by BETHEA, "PONTZ", and DARLENE BRANCH. WAVERLY PATRICK ALLEN, JR., of RIC drove his personal car and was accompanied by BRUNSON, HOWARD MOORE, and ALBERT MOORE.

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Upon arriving in VDC on 11/3/70, both cars proceeded to the residence of BERMAD (LNU) (possibly GREEN), a member of the VDC BPP chapter. This residence was approximately four blocks from the 17th Street headquarters of the VDC BPP chapter. At BERMAND's residence, the seven guns were removed from the trunk of the rented car, still wrapped in blankets and coats, and taken into BERMARD's house. Thereafter, the group proceeded to BPP headquarters on 17th Street; and, there, CHARLES BRUNSON gave the RIC group three rifles, including two M-1 carbines and one .30-06 or .30-08 rifle, which weapons were placed in the trunk of ALLEN's car. BRUNSON indicated that the guns he gave the RIC group were legally obtained and were in exchange for the seven stolen guns. Prior to departing the BPP headquarters, BRUNSON told the RIC members that sometime before the Revolutionary People's Constitutional Convention (RPCC), scheduled to be held in VDC in late November, 1970, the seven stolen guns would be brought to the VDC BPP headquarters because a police raid was anticipated prior to the RPCC and BRUNSON wanted a lot of firepower on hand.

The RIC members then returned to Richmond on 11/3/70 in the aforementioned cars, with the three rifles received from BRUNSON. Two of the three guns were taken to RIC headquarters, 8 East Baker St., Richmond, Va., and one rifle was taken by HOWARD MOORE to his home in Richmond. The two rifles taken to 8 East Baker St. are believed to be still at that location.

About one week later (approximately 11/10/70), JACOB BETHEA came to Richmond from WDC with a list of various tyces df ammunition he desired to purchase for the seven stolen rifles taken to MDC on 11/3/70. Included on this list were a magazine for an AR-15 rifle and ammunition for various foreign weapons, the specific caliber not recalled. BETHEA did not want to make the ammunition purchase himself and arrangements were made for BETHEA to accompany WAVERLY PATRICK ALLEN, JR., and other RIC members to the Green Top Service, Ashland, Va., a Federally licensed gun dealer, where the ammunition would be purchased by ALLEN. At Green Top, ALLEN asked for the ammunition on BRUNSON's list, as well as the magazine for the AR-15 rifle. Green Top did not have much of the ammunition on the list; however. Green Top was able to supply some of the ammunition on the list, the AR-15 magazine, and some substitute armunition for a portion of the ammunition on the list. In all, approximately \$100 worth of ammunition was purchased by ALLEN, who

RH 157-2986

paid for it in cash with funds supplied by BETHEA.

About three weeks after this incident, BETHEA returned to Richmond with some of the ammunition, advising it would not fit the rifles. Thereafter, HOWARD MOORE and BETHEA took the ammunition in question back to Green Top Service.

It should be noted that RH 440-R (PROB) is unable to furnish any information regarding the present whereabouts of the seven aforementioned stolen rifles.

In an effort to verify the above information furnished by RH 440-R (PROB) the following investigation has been conducted:

As reported in referenced Richmond LHM of 11/10/70, on 11/9/70, Special Investigator FRANK GARDE, Alcohol, Topacco and Firearms Division (ATFD), Treasury Department, Richmond, Va., advised that on 11/6/70 WAVERLY PATRICK ALLEM, JR., purchased \$105.80 Worth of ammunition at Green Top Service, Ashland, Va. Included among the items purchased were four boxes of 7.62 Russian ammunition, four boxes of .30 eal. carbine armunition, four boxes of .223 ammunition, four boxes of Chim Lauser ammunition, two boxes of .308 armunition, and one magazine for a Colt AR-15 rifle.

On 11/2/70, in the wake of Black Solidarity Day activities held in Richmond that day, JAMES A. FOBBS was observed by Richmond Bureau Agents driving a light-colored, 1970, two-door Ford hardtop, bearing 1970 Virginia License 80-321. A subsequent DMV check revealed this license was issued to the Richmond Motor Co.

On 12/18/70, Mr. BRENT OWENS, Rental Manager, Richmond Motor Co., 4600 West Broad St., Richmond, Va., advised the records of that company indicate that on 10/30/70 a 1970 Ford, two-door hardtop, bearing 1970 Virginia License S0-321, was rented to JAMES A. FOBBS. The rental agreement called for the vehicle to be returned on 11/2/70. OWENS advised the vehicle was returned on 11/2/70 by FOBBS. OWENS noted that the rented car was driven a total of 63 miles between 10/30/70 and 11/2/70.

On 1/13/71, QWENS was recontacted and, in reviewing his records, determined that the information previously furnished concerning the return of the rented car was in error and that the car, in fact, was returned on 11/4/70 by FOBBS. A review of his records indicates that all other information furnished was correct. OWENS pointed out that FOBBS has rented cars on numerous other occasions and that on one such occasion the vehicle was driven only 50 miles, yet half a tank of gas was used. On that occasion, FOBBS explained that he had siphoned some of the gas to give to a friend.

On 1/13/71, RH 440-R (PROB) advised that on the evening of 11/2/70 FOBBS was observed underneath the aforementioned 1970 Ford and, on that occasion, is believed to have been tampering with the odometer.

On 1/12/71, Mr. CECTL HOPKINS, owner, Green Top Service, Ashland, Va., advised he sold the aforementioned items to WAVERLY PATRICK ALLEN, JR., on 11/6/70. HOPKINS noted that ALLEN paid for the above items in cash and that, when making this purchase, he was accompanied by two other Negro males. HOPKINS hoted ALLEN had a list of various types of ammunition which he requested to purchase. HOPKINS confident recalls that the list was composed of ammunition for foreign, military-type rifles, and that a great deal of the ammunition ALLEN requested was not in the possession of Green Top Service. HOPKINS also recalls that ALLEN did present his operator's license as identification when this purchase was made.

Mr. HOPKINS further advised that he does not recall any of the ammunition purchased by ALLEN being returned to Green Top Service. He noted, however, that there are five transaction and that he will inquire of these individuals concerning this matter.

On 1/11/71, Detective CHARLES RUTHERFORD, Richmond, Va. Police Bureau, advised that sometime between 5:30 P. M. and 8 P. M. on 9/30/70, the residence of U. S. Army Major HURL R. TAYLOR (a 32-year-old Negro male), 3606 Maryland Ave., Richmond, Va., was burglarized and the following items were reported stolen:

One German Mauser, caliber 7.195, dark brown stock, Serial # 2317

One Remington rifle, caliber .30, light brown stock, Serial # 3353896

One Chicom rifle, caliber 7.42, light tan stock, Serial # 10121059

One .45 caliber automatic pistol, loaded, serial number not furnished

One Transocean radio, black and silver, Model R7000.

Detective RUTHERFORD noted that the above information was furnished by Major TAYLOR's mother, Mrs. EVELYN H. TAYLOR, 3608 Maryland Ave., Richmond, Va. He also reported that Major TAYLOR, at the time of the burglary, was assigned to Fort Benning, Ga., as an instructor. Detective RUTHERFORD—pointed out that no latent fingerprints were developed concerning this burglary.

Detective RUTHERFORD also advised that a review of Richmond, Va., Police Bureau records concerning house burglaries disclosed no other reported burglary which meets the details of the burglary reported by RH 140-R (PROB) above. Detective RUTHERFORD noted that 3606 Maryland Ave., Richmond, Va., is in the northern portion of Richmond and is in an upper middle-class Negro neighborhood.

On 1/12/71, a check with the Richmond office of ATFD and the Henrico County, Va., Police Department, which County lies to the west of Richmond, failed to develop any information possibly related to this matter.

On 1/12/71, Mrs. EVELYN H. TAYLOR, 3608 Maryland Ave., Richmond, Va., advised that her son, Major HURL R. TAYLOR, JR., 226-48-4583, is presently assigned as an instructor at Fort Benning, Ga., where his address is NBC, Com. BBOD, USAIS, Fort Benning, Ga. Mrs. TAYLOR advised that her son has served four tours of duty in Vietnam, returning from his last tour in December, 1959. On this occasion, among the personal items he brought home with him were seven rifles, including several foreign-made rifles, which he either purchased in Vietnam or received as gifts. She went on to advise that all seven of these rifles, including the three

RH 157-2936

mentioned by Detective RUTHERFORD, as well as a .45 caliber pistol, were stolen during the burglary of her son's residence on 9/30/70.

Mrs. TAYLOR explained that she discovered the burglary and reported it to the Richmond police. At the time of the burglary, her son was at Fort Benning and she was only immediately aware of the absence of the aforementioned three rifles and a .45 cal. pistol. Subsequently, her son came to Richmond and discovered that four other rifles were also taken, and it is her belief that he reported all of the weapons taken to the Richmond police, as well as his insurance company.

Mrs. TAYLOR advised her son was with the Special Forces in Vietnam and that her son's home at 3606 Maryland Ave. on 9/30/70 contained numerous Army uniforms, Army boots, short-wave radio equipment, and guerrilla-warfare literature.

Mrs. TAYLOR advised she would attempt to telephonically contact her son at Fort Benning on the evening of 1/12/71 in order to obtain the serial numbers, etc., of the four other rifles taken in the burglary of 9/30/70.

On 1/13/71, Mrs. TAYLOR advised she had unsuccessfully attempted to contact her son on the evening of 1/12/71 and had also unsuccessfully attempted to contact him on the morning of 1/13/71. She indicated she would continue her efforts to contact him and, thereafter, contact the Richmond Office. It is noted Mrs. TAYLOR pointed out that when her on learned of the theft of the seven rifles, he grew very concerned, fearing that the weapons may fall into the wrong hands and realizing from firsthand experience what these weapons were capable of doing.

Richmond is of the opinion that the burglary of the residence of Major TAYLOR is identical with the burglary information furnished by RH 440-R (PROB). Richmond notes that the only significant discrepancies between the information furnished by RH 440-R (PROB) and the burglary of Major TAYLOR's residence are the area of the city and race of the person whose home was burglarized. Richmond believes that WATKINS and UNDERWOOD may have deliberately lied concerning this point

KIN FORMANT

RH 157-2986

for fear of being accused of "vamping" on other black people.

## ADMINISTRATIVE:

In view of the highly sensitive nature of this information. Richmond will not disseminate the foregoing information until instructed to do so by the Bureau.

## LEADS

## ATLANTA

## AT FORT BENNING, CA.

Hold in abeyance any contact with Major HURL R. TAYLOR, JR., pending Richmond's recontact with his mother.

# WFO

## AT WDC

Alert appropriate informants and sources concerning the above matter in an effort to verify the information furnished by RH 440-R (PROB). TO FORMANT

# RICHMOND

# AT RICHMOND, VA.

- 1. Will recontact Mrs. EVELYN H. TAYLOR concerning the serial numbers, etc., of the four rifles also taken but apparently not reported in the burglary of her son's residence.
- 2. Furnish positive information regarding Lead 1 above to Detective RUTHERFORD.
- 3. Attempt to develop additional details and other pertinent data from RH 440-R (PROB). IN FORM (+1V)
- · 4. Hold in abeyance any other inquiry concerning this matter in an effort to prevent the RIC from becoming aware of our interest in this matter.

SSC LETTER DECEMBER 18, 1975

ITEM 1

FOR SSC UNIT

# F B I

			Date: 5/22/70
Tra	nemit th	e following	in
110	11911111 111	e ionowing	(Type in plaintext or code)
Via		AIRTEL	
¥10			(Priority)
-7			
		TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706)
B	N.	FROM:	SAC, RICHMOND (157-2986)(P)
		NATIONAL	ANTHER PARTY, L COMMITTEE TO COMBAT FASCISM (NCCF), D, VIRGINIA MATTERS
		00: RI	CHMOND
G		Richmon	ReRHairtel to Bureau, 5/21/70, and Buairtel to and WFO, 5/20/70.
1-000	PORW.	regardi	Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM ng captioned matter. Enclosed for WFO are 10 copies LHM. Extra copies being furnished WFO should local nation be desired.
2/16	13 % A	•	The enclosed LHM is classified "Confidential" in protect the source.
	SOSE Sose	WF 2123	The source mentioned in the enclosed LHM is -R (PROB). INFORMANT
.	HE		Copies of the enclosed LHM are being furnished to:
2000	17.00 C	ļ	USA, Richmond, Va. U. S. Secret Service, Richmond, Va. 109th MIG, Richmond, Va. USNISO, Norfolk, Val.
0	The taken the ta	2 - Bur 10 - WFO	eau (Encls. 11)(REGISTERED MAIL)  (Encls. 10)(REGISTERED MAIL)
3.	raist Taist Jacs/	(2 (1	- 157-2825) - 157-BRAD LOMAX) - 157-2736)
		(i .5([2(1	- 170-909A) hmond (2 - 157-2986) - 157-2733)(1 - 157-2848)
	54JI	UN 131K	This document is prepared in response to your request and the
_	Appro	oved:S	nei without the express approval of the FBI.

NW 55130 Doctd:32969569—Page—7

RH 157-2986

Richmond, Va., Bureau of Police, Intelligence Squad, cognizant.

Richmond is following this matter closely and, in so doing, is looking for possible violations of Federal gun laws and other possible Federal violations.

Pertinent developments will be promptly reported.



UN: 2D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JITICE

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Richmond, Virginia May 22, 1970

BLACK PANTHER PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO COMBAT FASCISM RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

On May 15, 1970, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, reported that on the evening of May 14, 1970, a meeting was held in the home of Howard Clayton Moore, which is located at 1113 Dove Street, Richmond, Virginia. This source reported the purpose of this meeting was to discuss the establishment of a Black Panther Party-sponsored National Committee to Combat Fascism in Richmond, Virginia, and that this subject was, in fact, discussed at the meeting.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party (BPP) is attached. AFFILIATED with Subject Organization

The source reported that the meeting was attended by approximately eleven people and all present were Negroes.

Present at this meeting were Charles Brunson, Brad (last name unknown), and All Jones (formerly of Richmond, Virginia), who represented the Washington, D. C., branch of the National Committee to Combat Fascism (NCCF). Also present from Richmond, Virginia, were Howard Clayton Moore, Doug Jones, Tom Smith, Steve (last name unknown), (first name unknown) Moore, and three female students from Virginia Union University,

During this meeting, it was decided that Howard Clayton Moore would be the person in charge of the NCCF to be established in Richmond. Also during the meeting, Howard Clayton Moore mentioned that within the next month, he would make necessary arrangements for a public gathering to be held in Richmond, Virginia, at which BPP members would be the guest speakers.

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION
Unauthorized Disclosure
Subject to Criminal Sanctions

CONFIDENTIAL
GROUP 1
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11/

Richmond, Virginia.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY
NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO COMBAT FASCISM
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

## INFORMANT

Most of the talking at this meeting was done by Charles Brunson. The source reported that Brunson advised Howard Clayton Moore that the first step to be taken in establishing an NCCF in Richmond would be to begin selling the BPP newspaper. The source reported that Brunson indicated that the sale of the BPP newspaper would accomplish two things, namely, "conditioning the people", as well as helping to raise funds for the Richmond branch of the NCCF. The source further reported that Brunson also mentioned that the distribution of propaganda-type pamphlets and handbills would also assist in "conditioning the people", and that items of this nature would be sent to Howard Clayton Moore in the near future.

- The source also reported that during this meeting,
  Brunson mentioned that when sufficient funds have been
  Obtained office space should be secured which will serve as
  the Richmond NCCF information center.
- The source reported further that during the meeting,

  [Brunson] stated the Washington, D. C., branch of the NCCF

  would furnish guidelines and would handle liaison matters

  between the Richmond NCCF and "New York" and "California".
  - In connection with Moore's plans to have a public gathering at which BPP members would be guest speakers, the source reported that Brunson mentioned he would arrange for these speakers, as well as organizers, to come to Richmond whenever Moore decides they should come.
- The source reported that after the meeting ended,
  Brunson asked Howard Clayton Moore if he was in a position
  to obtain guns for the Washington, D. C., branch of the
  NCCF. Moore indicated that he thought he could obtain guns,
  at which Brunson requested he attempt to get three 30-30
  rifles, three automatic-type rifles, and three .45 caliber
  pistols. The source reported Moore stated he would probably know
  whether he could obtain these guns, as well as their cost,

CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO COMBAT FASCISM RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

## INFORMANT

within the near future. This source pointed out that Brunson did not tell Moore the purpose for which these guns were to be used.

INFORMANT On May 21, 1970, this source reported that, as of that date, Moore had apparently been unable to obtain any weapons for the Washington, D. C., branch of the NCCF; however, this source stated Moore is continuing his efforts in this regard.

#### APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, Also Known as Black Panther Party for Self-Defense

#### -1-

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton was sentenced in 1968 to serve 2 to 15 years after being convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther", which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service", stated that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, George Mason Murray, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it".

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman Mao Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature Mao's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun".

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

# Aemorandum

(105-165706 Sub 41) TΩ :DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

FROM . :SAC, RICHMOND (157-2839)

SUBJECT PLACK PANTHER PARTY (PPP) COMMITTEES AGAINST FASCISM RM

ENCL,

ReRHlet and LHM, 12/22/69, entitled "Unnamed Coalition Being Formed in Richmond, Virginia, RM -Miscellaneous"; and Bulet to Richmond, 1/8/70, captioned as above, no copy Chicago and San Francisco.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eleven (11) copies of self-explanatory LHM regarding captioned matter. Enclosed for Chicago and San Francisco is one (1) copy of this same LHM.

Copies of referenced Richmond LHM of 12/22/69 were disseminated to U. S. Secret Service, Richmond, Va.; 2109th MIG, Richmond; and USNISO, Norfolk, Va. Copies of the enclosed LHM are also being disseminated to these agencies.

REC-32

The enclosed LHM is being classified confidential as disclosure of information contained therein could reason-Cably result in the identification of sources of continuing Bivalue and compromise their future effectiveness.

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination outside your Committee. It's use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

- Chicago (Enc. 1)(157-1291)(Info)(REGISTERED MAIL)

Bureau (Encs. 11) (REGISTERED MAIL)

San Francisco (Enc. 1) (157-3605) (Info) (REGISTERED MAIL) Richmond

(1 - 157-2839) - 157-2826)

- 157-2867 - 105-5504

170-574A

170-717A)

- 66-2521A

APR 6 1970

RACE

Buj U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

DocId:32989569 Page 76

RH 157-2839

The sources used in the enclosed LHM are:

TNFORMANTS

Source #1 is RH 421-R (PROB), and

Source #2 is RH 405-R

It is noted that in its investigation of this matter, Richmond used several legitimate cases as vehicles to disrupt the organizational efforts of the "Unnamed Coalition" and to sow seeds of distrust among those interested in this group. The cases used to achieve this disruptive effect are set forth in Richmond letter to the Bureau, 2/27/70, captioned "Counterintelligence Program, Black Nationalists - Hate Groups, Racial Intelligence", BuFile 100-448006, Richmond File 105-5096.

In view of the information set forth in the enclosed LHM, Richmond is conducting no further specific investigation in this matter. However, information developed through informants and sources relating to this matter will be appropriately acted upon with the instructions contained in Bulet to Albany, 8/11/69, captioned as above, borne in mind.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUDICE

CONFIDENTIAL

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Richmond, Virginia

April 3, 1970

# BLACK PANTHER PARTY - COMMITTEES AGAINST FASCISM

Reference is made to communication of this Bureau captioned "Unnamed Coalition Being Formed in Richmond, Virginia", dated December 22, 1969, at Richmond, Virginia.

Referenced communication set forth information relating to efforts to organize a "coalition" in Richmond which had connections with the Black Panther Farty (BPP) and which received impetus for its formation as a result of a visit to Richmond in September, 1969, by Bob Lee, then the Field Secretary of the BPP of Illinois.

A characterization of the BPP is attached hereto.

Contacts during January and February, 1970, with confidential source number one and confidential source number two, both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past, revealed that efforts to form a viable "coalition" in Richmond, which "coalition" would in essence be a BPP-sponsored committee against Fascism, were meeting with great difficulty. These sources reported that as a result of numerous interviews conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) of the individuals interested in forming the aforementioned "coalition", the individuals involved became very suspicious of one another. These suspicions were heightened, according to these sources, when the FBI arrested George Sonra Goode, Jr., in mid-February, 1970, in connection with a Federal firearms violation. As mentioned in referenced communication, Goode was identified as having joined with those interested in forming the aforementioned "coalition".

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION
Unauthorized Disclosure
Subject to Criminal Sanctions

CONFIDENTIAL
GROUP I
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

IS ENCLOSURE 1

During January and February, 1970, these sources also reported that no meetings of those interested in organizing the "coalition" had been held since early January, 1970.

On March 26, 1970, confidential source number one reported that the individuals interested in forming the aforementioned "coalition" had become so suspicious of one another that organizational efforts have been completely stymied and, for the most part, the individuals involved no longer associate with one another.

Confidential source number one also reported that no meeting of those individuals interested in forming the "coalition" has been held since early January, 1970, and noted that no meetings are scheduled.

On April 1, 1970, confidential source number two reported essentially the same information furnished by confidential source number one on March 26, 1970.

On March 26, 1970, confidential source number one also reported that during February and March, 1970, numerous efforts were made by Al Jones (considered by some to have been the leader of those interested in forming the aforementioned "coalition") to renew his Black Panther newspaper subscription and to get organizational assistance from BPP national head-quarters. This source advised that these efforts met with negative results. The source also advised that the reason for the negative response from the BPP is generally believed to be caused by the poor sale of Black Panther newspapers in Richmond, which resulted in Jones being unable to fully pay his Black Panther newspaper subscription bill.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, Also Known as Black Panther Party for Self-Defense

## -1~

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton was sentenced in 1968 to serve 2 to 15 years after being convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

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SSC LETTER DECEMBER 18, 1975

ITEM 1

FOR SSC UNIT

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D-263	(Rev.	1-7-72)

# FEDERAL CUREAU OF INVE TIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	RTING OFFICE OF ORIGIN		INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD					
LOUISVILLE	NEW YORK	9/16/74	9/6 - 13/74					
TITLE OF CASE UNBOM		•	REPORT MADE BY EDMUND V. ARMENTO pkd					
MICHAEL HALS Mike Brown -	SEY BROWN, aka., FUGITIVE	ATTEMPTED	N OF FOREIGN OFF DOMBING - SUBVE S AND INCENDIARY	RSIVE;				

#### REFERENCES:

FUG.

CONVIC.

Agency

New York report of SA JAMES L. BECK, dated 8/28/74; New York teletype to Bureau, dated 9/6/74; Louisville teletype to Bureau, dated 9/10/74: Louisville teletype to Bureau, dated 9/13/74.

TALS

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

FINES

Attached to two (2) copies of instantreport designated for Bureau, are two (2) copies of FD-376, with photographs of subject enclosed, for the Bureau's use in subsequent dissemination of same to U.S. Secret Service ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED NONE ACQUIT CASE HAS BEEN:

SAVINGS

	1-LS				-		PENDING OVER SIX			
APPROVED			SPECIAL AG IN CHARG			D0 N	IOT WRITE IN	SPACES BE	LOW	ORIGII
4	1-USA, 1-U.S. 4 New Y (1 - U	u (185-351 (1-157) Lexington, Secret Ser York (RM)(1 USA, SDNY, Secret Serverville (2-	-2503) Kentucky vice, Louis 85-229) New York, I	svill New Y ork,	e, Ky ork) N.Y	3. SEPRM				, , , , ,
	Dissaminati	on Record of Attac	had Report		Notation	18				

RECOVERIES

Request Reed.

Representation responses to your request and is not for disseminot be disclosed to official proceedings by
not be disclosed to unauthorized personthe FBI.

NW 55130 Doct0732989569 Page 82

Headquarters, Washington, D.C.

One copy of instant report being furnished U. S. Secret Service, Louisville, Kentucky, with FD-376 attached and one (1) photograph of subject, as enclosure thereto.

Two (2) extra copies of instant report being furnished New York for subsequent dissemination of same to U. S. Attorney, Southern District of New York, New York, New York, and U. S. Secret Service, New York, New York respectively: Photograph of subject furnished latter agency as enclosure to FD-376 copy.

Louisville will submit supplementary report including all evidentiary information developed during and subsequent to subject's arrest and search of residence, on 9/10/74 at Berea, Kentucky. All significant information developed prior thereto has been furnished the Bureau by appropriate communications and New York by FD-302, the latter of which will be incorporated into supplementary report by New York.

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN is currently subject of investigation captioned "MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN; EM - NSWPP (OO: LOUISVILLE)" (LS 157-1952) (BUFILE 157-2503). Dissemination of instant report to U. S. Secret Service, Louisville, Kentucky and New York, New York, is being accomplished in view of subject's bomb making or terrorist activities as well as potential dangerous background, emotional instability and reported association with groups engaged in activities inimical to the United States.

Leads re captioned matter are being set forth by appropriate expedite communications as developed.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1-U.S. Attorney, Eastern District of Kentucky (EDKY), Lexington, Ky. (RM) I-U.S. Attorney, Southern District of New York (SDNY), New York, N.Y. (RM)

1-U. S. Secret Service, New York, New York (RM)

1-U.S. Secret Service, Louisville, Kentucky (RM)

Report of:

Field Office File #:

EDMUND V. ARMENTO September 16, 1974 Office:

Louisville

Date:

LS 185-6

Bureau File #:

185-351

Title:

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN

Character:

PROTECTION OF FOREIGN OFFICIALS - ATTEMPTED BOMBING -SUBVERSIVE; EXPLOSIVES AND INCENDIARY DEVICES

Synopsis:

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, white male, DOB 9'11/42, POB Montgomery, Alabama, Social Security Account Number (SSAN)

JFK Act 6 (3) | residence 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky,

self-employed insurance salesman and publisher, and

self-admitted former member American Nazi Party (ANP). indicted by Federal Grand Jury (FGJ), Southern District of

New York (SDNY), New York, New York on 9/6/74. for violation of Title 18, U. S. Code, Sections 371 (Conspiracy),

112A (Attempt to Injure Foreign Diplomat or Official Guest of

United States), and 970 (Protection of Foreign Diplomatic

Establishments and International Organizations) in connection

with alleged involvement in attempted dynamite bombing of

Meditation Room, United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) Building.

New York, New York, on or about 8/6/74. Bench warrant issued

9/6/74 by United States District Court (USDC) Judge WILLIAM BROWN arrested by BuAgents 9/10/74 at C. CONNER.

residence, Berea, Kentucky, transported to Lexington,

Ky. where fingerprinted and photographed. Hair samples and

handwriting exemplars obtained. BROWN appeared before U.S. Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky

(EDKY), Lexington, Kentucky 9/10 74 and removal hearing

scheduled for 9/13/74. BROWN ordered removed to SDNY,

New York, New York on 9/13 74 by U. S. Magistrate DAVID R.

IRVIN, EDKY, Lexington, Ky.

DETAILS:

LS 185-6

On September 6, 1974, detailed information developed during Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) investigation concerning the discovery of five (5) sticks of dynamite inside the Meditation Room of the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) Building, New York, New York, on August 7, 1974, was presented to a Federal Grand Jury (FGJ), Southern District of New York (SDNY), New York, New York, which subsequently returned a sealed true bill indictment against MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky, charging BROWN with violation Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371 (Conspiracy), 112A (Attempt to Injure Foreign Diplomat or Official Guest of the United States) and 970 (Protection of Foreign Diplomatic Establishments and International Organizations), on same date. Following the above indictment, a bench warrant was issued for MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN by United States District Court Judge WILLIAM C, CONNOR, SDNY, New York, New York, with \$100,000 surety bond recommended.

		•	0/19	17	A
240	٥f	transcription	9/12,	/ C	,

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN was arrested by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), without incident at about 8:22 AM on September 10, 1974, at his residence, 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky, pursuant to a bench warrant issued by United States District Court (USDC), Southern District of New York (SDNY), New York, New York, on September 6, 1974.

Immediately following his arrest, BROWN was searched and appropriately restrained, after which Special Agent EDWARD J. HINO advised BROWN of his rights as set forth on form entitled, "Interrogation; Advice of Rights," following which BROWN indicated that he fully understood same but declined to sign the above form.

Thereafter, Special Agent EDMUND V. ARMENTO informed BROWN that a search warrant had been issued on September 9, 1974 by United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky (EDKY), Lexington, Kentucky, for premises located at 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky.

Before being removed from the premises for transportation to Lexington, Kentucky, EROWN was read the entire verbatim contents of the above mentioned search warrant by SA EDMUND V. ARMENTO.

Interviewed on 9/10/74 at Berca, Kontucky

SAC THOMAS W. KITCHENS, JR.; SAS EDMUND V.

ARMENTO, EDWARD J. HINO, JOHN W. GILL,

Date dictated

J. ROBERT SAFFELL, RUSSIL F. SULLIVAN,

EUGTHE N. THOMECZEK, JAMES L. GLASS, JR., CLAUDE TIMOTHY ADAMS, and
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. NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 86

It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date of transcription September 13,197

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN was taken from his home, 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky, following his arrest on the morning of September 10, 1974, and placed in a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) automobile for transportation to Lexington, Kentucky.

While en route to Lexington, Kentucky, BROWN furnished the following background information:

Name: MICHAIL HALSEY BROWN Also known as: MIKE BROWN Race: White Male Sex: Residence: 101 Cherry Road Berea, Kentucky (3 years) telephone 936-9744 18915 Hart Street Previous residence: Rescda, California Date of Birth: September 11. 1942 Montgomery, Alabama Place of Birth: Height: 6' 1" Weight: 180 pounds Build: Medium Hair: Brown Blue Eves: Medium Complexion: Picture of eagle with "paratrooper' Tattoos: beneath eagle upper right arm Characteristics: Full beard and mustache Physical defects: None Insurance salesman (independent Occupation: agent for Maryland Casualty); self-employed publisher, Madison Publishing Company Previous occupation: Truck driver, Los Angeles, California

Kentucky

JFK Act 6 (3)

Insurance salesman, Prudential

Life and Casualty, Lexington,

Interviewed on 9/10/74 at Borea, Kentucky File # LS 185-6

SA TROMAS P. MC WADE, SA JAMES L. GLASS, JR.

Date dictated 9/19/74

Previous employment:

Social Security

Account Number:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Farst.

Present amount yearly income: Education:

Military service:

Arrest record:

Marital status: Dependents:

Parents:

Brothers: Sisters:

In-laws:

\$3,000

Married

12 years college, University of Hawaii, Cakland State College, presently enrolled Eastern Kentucky University, 6 hours
U. S. Army, 4 years, Serial Number

discharge 1967, San Francisco, California, numerous parking tickets, paid \$96 fine; 1969, Los Angeles, California, carrying a loaded weapon,

RA25434648, received honorable

Criminal Court Number 120-31, dismissed; 1970, Van Nuys, California, carrying a loaded weapon, dismissed

Spouse - LANI'LEE BROWN nee MAISTERRA Children - MICHAEL MC GREGOR BROWN, age 5; SARAH HALSEY BROWN, age 4; DAVID BROWN, age 3; JEREMIAH

KIRKPATRICK BROWN, age 1 ROBERT BROWN - father unknown address; DOROTHY S. BROWN - mother

6 Fairway Drive, Berea, Kentucky (has been separated from husband for over 20 years)

LANI BROWN, last known to attend University of New Mexico (professional student)

Father-in-law -- JACK FREDERICKS, also known as JACK MONTGOMERY, Delmar Route, Box 98, Harrison, Arkansas;

Mother-in-law -- SYBIL FREDERICKS, also known as SYBIL MONTGOMERY, same address as above;

Sister-in-law -- TERRI FRANTZ nee MAISTERRA, 101 Cherry Road,

Berea, Kentucky; Brother-in-law -- RAY FRANTZ, Tucson, Arizona (former member

American Nazi Party)

NW 55130 Doc1d:32969569 Page 84

LS 185-6

Vehicle:

1967 Chevrolet, four-door Belair, green in color, bearing 1974 Kentucky license,

exact number unknown

Driver's License:

Weapons owned:

Holder of Kentucky Driver's License.

number unknown

.38 caliber Diamondbáck Colt

(wedding present from in-laws) .45 caliber Webley (phonetic) inoperative and obtained from

grandfather .22 caliber Harrington Rchardson

obtained from grandfather

12 guage shotgun obtained from

grandfather

Organizations:

Associates:

Claims no affiliation with any present organization; past affiliations --

September, 1966, to August, 1967, American Nazi Party, holding the

rank of First Lieutenant,

San Francisco, California, and Los Angeles, California, Chapters; 1968 to 1970, Iron Cross Motorcycle

Club, holding the rank President, Glendale, California;

1972 to 1973, Berea Lions Club,

member only

DON SISCO (former member American

Nazi Party), Post Office Box 438,

Eureka, California BROWN stated while en route to Lexington, Kentucky, there were

items in his house and these alone could convict him of something. He named printed matter pertaining to bomb making, specifically a book entitled "The Poor Man's James Bond." BROWN related that he sold this bomb making material that was furnished to him by DON SISCO to individuals throughout the country for a sizeable BROWN also stated that there was a scrapbook at his home pertaining to his past activities which if viewed by a Judge could make matters worse for him. He also said that when the FBI Agents at his home found a xerox copy of how to make plastic explosives he will be in trouble. He stated, however, that if they analyze the chemicals on the premises they will find that all of the ingredients necessary to make the plastic explosives are not available.

LS 185-6

BROWN related that there were weapons at his home, 101 Cherry Road, Berea, Kentucky, but that most of these weapons belonged to his brother-in-law, RAY FRANTZ. BROWN remarked that he believes FRANTZ was the individual who had turned him in to the autorities concerning this matter.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

» ×

Date of transcription \_\_\_\_\_9/13/74

L

Upon arrival at the Lexington Resident Agency of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN was fingerprinted and photographed. Hajor case fingerprints were also taken.

BROWN furnished hair samples and handwriting samples.

BROWN was again advised of his rights as sot forth on the "Interrogation, Advice of Rights and Waiver" form which BROWN claimed he fully understood, but did not want to sign.same.

BROWN agreed to be interviewed, but when questioned about his travels to New York, New York and the incident for which he had been arrested, he advised he would not discuss anything pertaining thereto.

At this point the interview was terminated and BROWN was transported to the United States Magistrate's Office, Lexington, Kentucky.

Interviewed on	9/10/74	at Lexington, Kentuck	yFile #_LS 185-6
	EDWARD J. HINO, JAMES L. GLAGS,		Date dictated9/12/74

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LS: 185-6 EJH/1mm 1

On September 10, 1974, MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN appeared before United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky. He was advised of the charges against him. BROWN advised he was unable to obtain his own attorney. United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN advised BROWN that he would appoint an attorney for him. United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN then advised BROWN of his right to a removal hearing and same was tematively scheduled for Friday, September 13, 1974 at 10:00 AM in the office of United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN. BROWN was subsequently lodged in the Fayette County Jail in lieu of \$100,000 bond with surety, after being remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal, Eastern District of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky.

On September 13, 1974, MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN appeared before United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky, at which time BROWN was ordered removed to the Southern District of New York, New York, New York.

#### APPENDIX

NATIONAL SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLE'S PARTY (NSWPP) Also Known As, THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, AMERICAN NAZIS, THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

The American Nazi Party - The World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists was organized by George Lincoln Rockwell on February 26, 1956; based upon the concept of an international "National Socialist" movement, as espoused by the German Nazi Party, which was headed by Adolf Hitler. On January 1, 1967, the official name of this organization was changed to National Socialist White People's Party. The NSWPP supports and follows the line of hatred against blacks, Jews and communists through various propaganda media, demonstrations, and other publicity-seeking devices for the purpose of seeking a legitimate dominant political party within the United States and in foreign countries. Headquartered in Arlington, Virginia, the NSWPP is currently led by Matthias Koehl, Jr.

APPENDIX

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE:

For information of receiving offices the code name "UNBOM" has been assigned this matter for purposes of internal communications by the Bureau. However, in all communications disseminated outside the Bureau, title should be carried as MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN. Overlap in investigative period is due to investigation conducted by auxiliary office. Investigation at Louisville for period 9/10-20/74 being incorporated into supplementary report by Louisville. Information copy being furnished to those offices in view of prior or outstanding investigation within respective divisions.

Interview of subject's brother-in-law HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ on 9/12/74 by Phoenix Office indicates that FRANCIS JOSEPH SMITH, JACK ROBERT MONTGOMERY and GERALD WALRAVEN, all known to the Bureau as present or past members of the American Nazi Party, either support or had prior knowledge of captioned plot.

Leads are being set forth re captioned matter in a more expeditious manner as developed.

#### LEADS:

#### LOUISVILLE

AT BEREA, KENTUCKY. 1. Will continue efforts to trace the disposition of Hercules Dynamite shipment #AUG 21731-B as previously set forth.

2. Continue efforts to locate and interview GERALD RAY as possible accomplice to BROWN mentioned in original interview of STAFFORD brothers.

- B COVER PAGE

#### LEADS CONTINUED:

#### DALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS. 1. Will interview GERALD THOMAS WALRAVEN re UNEOM as set forth in NY teletype 9/16/74.

2. Will contact logical informants in the White hate or American Nazi Party (ANP) field for the Dallas area.

#### PHOENIX

AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA. Will re-interview HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ re his prior knowledge of UNBOM plot.

#### LITTLE ROCK

AT LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS. Will re-interview JACK ROBERT MONTGOMERY as set forth for Phoenix.

#### BOSTON

JOSEPH SMITH as set forth for Phoenix.

### NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. Will follow removal and prosecution of subject, will contact logical sources in white hate or ANP field.

- C\* -COVER PAGE

# UNI STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUNIOE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

1-USA, SDNY (ATT: AUSA C. ANDREW SCHAFFER)

Report of:

JAMES L. BECK

Office: New York, New York

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Date:

SEP & J 1914

Field Office File #:

185-229

Bureau File #: 185-351

Title:

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN

Character:

PROTECTION OF FOREIGN OFFICIALS-ATTEMPTED BOMBING-SUBVERSIVE: EXPLOSIVES AND INCENDIARY DEVICES

Synopsis:

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, FBI #313717E indicted by FGJ SDNY on 9/6/74 on three count indictment charging violation of Title 18 USC 371 (Conspiracy), 112a (Attempt to Injure Foreign Department or Official Guest of the US) and 970 (Protection of Foreign Diplomatic Establishments and International Organizations). Bench warrant issued by USC District Judge, SDNY. BROWN apprehended by Bureau agents on 9/10/74 at Berea, Kentucky, afforded arraignment US Magistrate Lexington, Ky., and remanded custody US Marshal, Eastern District of Kentucky in lieu of \$100,000 bond. Interviews of UN security force guards shift 8/5/74 and 8/6/74 set forth. Investigation at Louisville 8/16/74 through 9/10/74, set forth. Results of FBI Lab set forth; interview JAMES H. MADOLE set forth. Investigation continues. ARMED AND DANGEROUS

- P -

### DETAILS:

On September 6, 1974 Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) C. ANDREW SCHAFFER, advised that on that date the Federal Grand Jury (FGJ), Southern District of New York (SDNY) returned a three count sealed indictment against MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN. BROWN was charged with one count each of violation Title 18, United States Code, Section 371 (Conspiracy), 112a (Attempt to Injure Foreign Department or Official Guest of the United States), and 970 (Protection of Foreign Diplomatic Establishments and International Organizations). Following the above indictment

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a bench warrant was issued for the arrest of MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN by United States District Court Judge WILLIAM C. CONNOR, SDNY, with a recommended surety bond of \$100,000.

On September 10, 1974 BROWN was arrested by Special Agents (SAS) of the Louisville Office at his residence Berea, Kentucky, transported to Lexington, Kentucky where he appeared before United States Magistrate DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky. Following arraignment BROWN was remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal in lieu of \$100,000 surety.

On September 13, 1974 removal hearing was held and BROWN was ordered removed to Southern District of New York by United States Magistrate, DAVID R. IRVIN, Eastern District of Kentucky.

On August 20, 1974 NEIL BREEN, Lieutenant, Special Investigations Section, United Nations Security Force, New York, New York, advised that the following security officials comprised the guard shift for the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) August 5, 1974 to August 6, 1974:

SALVATORE D'ANGELO VICTOR GUTHERIE PEARLIE G. BALDWIN EDWART A. CALLENDER ALEXANDER KUDLA DAVE REYNOLDS

Interviews of above security guards set forth.

Date of transcription 9/9/71

ATTERES ATTERENTED - - TRACTIONAL CONTRACT CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF

Mr. SALVATORY D'ANGELO, Security Officer, United Nations, was interviewed on September 4, 1974 in the vicinity of 43rd Street and United Nations Plaza, New York City and provided the following information:

Mr. D'ANGELO advised that he has been employed as a security officer for 22 years. He stated that in that time he has been assigned to the Heditation Room, however, he has not been so assigned in the last few years.

Mr. D'ANGEIO stated that on August 7, 1974 he began work at 8 AM, stationed at the public gate at 45th Street. He advised that from eight to nine o'clock only United Nations employees are allowed to enter the premises and that while stationed at the 45th street public entrance the guards must be extremely careful not to allow the public to enter the premises with the United Nations employees. He stated that the gates are opened for the public at 9 AM.

practice of that he got word that possibly an explosive device had been found in the Meditation Room shortly after the bomb had been found. He stated that at that time he did not allow any more people to enter the United Nations property as the area had been closed off. He further stated that the gate at 45th Street is the only gate by which the public can enter the United Nations premises and that he remembered nothing unusual about any one who entered the property the morning of August 7, 1974.

D'ANGELO advised that he could recall no incident of an unusual nature which might pertain to this case as having happened either on August 7, 1974 or the day before.

Interviewed on_	9/4/74	•	New 1	York,	New	York	File #	МУ	185-229
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EDERAL BUREAU, OF INVESTIGATION

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VICTOR GUTHERIE a Security Officer at the United Nations for the past five years was interviewed on September 4, 1974 in the vicinity of 43rd Street and United Nations Plaza and provided the following information:

GUTHERIE stated that when he reported for duty at the United Nations on August 7, 1974 the New York City Police Department (NYCPD) and Fire Department were on the scene and were in the process of removing the sticks of dynamite from the Meditation Chapel. He helped keep the area surrounding the Meditation Chapel clear of spectators and stated that on August 7, 1974 and on proceeding days he could remember nothing unusual concerning visitors to the United Nations.

Intervie	wed on	9/4/	/74	, ·	at_	New	York,	New	Yor	<u>'</u>	le # NY	185-229	)
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by	SA	DAVID	F.	VON	HOLIE,	/ems				Date dictated	9/4/	74	

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9/9/74

Mr. PEARLIE G. BALDWIN, Security Officer, United Nations, New York City, was interviewed and provided the following information:

Mr. BAIDWIN advised that he has been employed as security officer at the United Nations for the past seven and one half years. He stated that on August 7, 1974 he was assigned to the lobby of the General Assembly Building which is opened to the public. He advised that the public begins to enter that area shortly after nine each day and that on August 7, 1974 the public had just started to enter the lobby when what was believed to be an explosive device was located by a security agent in the Meditation Room. EAIDWIN stated that at that time he helped clear the immediate area of the Meditation Chapel and remained station in the area until after the sticks of dynamice had been removed by the New York City Police Department.

RAIDWIN stated that on the morning of August 7, 1974 as on previous mornings, preceding August 7, 1974, he noticed no unusual happenings which might possibly pertain to this matter.

Interviewed on 9/4/74 of New York, New York File # NY 185-229

SA DAVID F. VON HOLLE/ems

Date distated 9/4/

.

1.

EWART A. CALLENDER, 961 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York (NY), furnished the following information to JAMES R. LYONS and DREW H. CARR, who identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

He is employed as a Security Officer at the United Nations Building, United Nations Plaza, and was assigned to the 9:15 AM to 6:00 PM shift, on August 6, 1974.

Sometime in the late afternoon on that date, Officer CALLENDER observed a white female who had injured her hand in the vicinity of the Meditation Room of the General Assembly Building. CALLENDER obtained a wheel chair and escorted the injured girl to the fifth floor Medical Office.

Upon returning to his post at the Meditation Room, he was advised by Sergeant AL EMITH, that an individual on the third floor of the building had taken ill, and CALLENDER was instructed by SMITH to transport this individual to the fifth floor Medical Room.

While in the Medical Office, CALLENDER observed the ill person and described him as follows:

GABRIEL KORDOVI Name Sex Male Race White 38-42 Age 5111" Height Weight ... 190-195 pounds Dark colored, receding hairline Hair Complexion Mediterranean Clothing White pants Address Lake Hopatcong, New Jersey

CALLENDER further advised that KORDOVI was accompanied by a white female, and described this individual as follows:

interviewed on	9/6/74		New Y	ork, N	New Yo	rk	File # 185-229	
	JAMES R. DREW H.	LYONS/bjh CARR			(	Date dictated	9/9/74	

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Unknown Name Sex Female White Race 32-34 Age 5161-517" Height 130 pounds Weight .Heir Brown Characteristics Spoke with foreign accent, wore large modern-type glasses

CALLENDER further advised, that earlier in the day of August 6, 1974, he entered the Meditation Room and observed an individual sitting on the floor. The Meditation Room was dark, and CALLINDER observed this individual by use of a flashlight. CALLENDER stated that he took notice of this individual as he was the only occupant of the Meditation Room at this time.

CALLEDER described this individual as follows:

Sex Male
Race White
Age 22-24
Hair Long, dark, and wavy
Clothing A blue denim (Army fatigue-type) jacket,
green shirt

CALLENDER was shown photographs of the following individuals, but was unable to make an identification:

JERRY RUDIN
MEIL CARFINKLE
ANDY STAPP
JIM RUTHERFORD
MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN
KEITH KOZHIESTEIN
ROBERT HENES

1.

On August 6, 1974, Special Agents DREW H. CARR and JAMES R. LYONS, Federal Bureau of Investigation, New York Division, interviewed ALEXANDER KUDIA, identified as a security guard employed at the United Nations. KUDIA-resides at 105 Carolina Avenue, Franklin Square, Long Island, New York, telephone number (516) IV6-1038, KUDIA stated he has been employed with the United Nations for 19 years as a security guard. The following information concerning KUDIA's workday of August 6, 1974, is related as follows:

KUDLA, referring to his duty schedule, stated he was assigned an 8:00 AM to 4:00 PM work shift, with a 10:15 AM coffee break, lunch at 12:00 noon to 1:00 PM, and was finally relieved at 3:30 PM. KUDLA related that his duty assignment was at the United Mations visitors gate, located between 45th and 46th Streets and United Mations Plaza. During this time, he did not recollect any unusual activities or suspicious looking visitors touring the United Mations complex.

Special Agents exhibited six photographs, one including the image of MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, and KUDLA stated he did not recognize any of the individuals as visitors to the United Nations on August 6, 1974.

Interviewed on	9/6/74 of N	ew York, New York	_File # <b>1.85229</b>
	H. CARR/DHC/bjh		0/10/20

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185-229 JRL:bjh 1.

DAVE REYNOLDS, Security Officer, United Nations Complex, United Nations Plaza, New York, NY, advised that on August 6, 1974, he was assigned to various posts within the UN General Assembly Building.

He was shown photographs of the following individuals, but was unable to identify any of these individuals as being present on the UN grounds on that date:

JERRY RUBIN
NEIL GARFINKLE
ANDY STAPP
JIM RUTHERFORD
MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN
KEITH KOENIGSTEIN
ROBERT HENES

On September 10, 1974 JAMES H. MADOLE voluntarily appeared at the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) at which time the following information was obtained:

9/12/74 Date of transcription\_

On September 10, 1974, Mr. JAMES H. MADOLE voluntarily appeared at the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FSI), at which time he was informed that he was being interviewed cancerning his possible association with MICHAEL BROWN. He was then advised of his rights by SA SKROCH as shown on the Intermogation; Advice of Rights format, after which he stated he understood, then executed the waiver section of this form. MADOLE voluntarily provided the following information:

MADOLE stated that he received a telephone call approximately one month to one and one/half months ago from an individual who identified himself as MIKE BROWN. who indicated he was calling from Virginia, said he was coming to New York City shortly and that he had something very important to discuss with MADOLE. He additionally wondered if MADOLE could recommend or arrange for suitable accompdations. MADOLE told BROWN to stop by his apartment when he arrived as he would be interested in discussing the matter with him. MAROLE said he does not, however, make it a habit of obtaining accommodations for everyone that visits him and he, therefore, essentially told 830WN he could probably locate appropriate accommodations by himself when he arrived.

MADCLE was exhibited photos of the following individuals for purposes of identification:

- JERRY RUBIN.
- NEIL GARFINKLE
  - ANDY STAPP
- JIM RUTHERFORD
- MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN
- KEITH KOEHIGGTEIN
- ROBERT MENES

Interviewed on 9/10/74 of New York, New York File # 185-229	
SAS ANDREW D. SKROCH AND	
by RIDLING A. DEACARD ADE: JSM Date dictoted 9/12/74	

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MADOLE then identified the individual of photo number five as being the same individual he knows as MIKE BROWN.

MADOLE said approximately two to three days following this telephone call he arrived home from work about 6:00 PM to find BROWN waiting at his apartment house, having been previously admitted by his mother, GRACE MADOLE. During the next hour or so BROWN and MADOLE carried on a general conversation which centered mostly on BROWN reminescing about his days with NORMAN LINCOLN ROCKWELL. MADOLE said that after a while he got the impression that BROWN was primarily looking for a place to stay while in New York City. BROWN never mentioned the "important matter" he wanted to discuss over the telephone with MADOLE and after approximately one hour of random conversation, BROWN left without indicating his destination. MADOLE recommended to BROWN that he try the Kolping House at East 88th Street for a room, but BROWN did not indicate whether or not he would stay there.

MADOLE additionally advised that he had never been contacted by BROWN before the telephone call and he never heard from him again following his departure from the apartment.

MADOLE did say he was aware of BROWN's name as BROWN was at one time closely associated with NORMAN LINCOLN ROCKWELL and, thus, he became known to people belonging to similar type groups as ROCKWELL's.

MADOLE said that at no time did BROWN mention the reason he was in New York or by what method he arrived. Nor did BROWN give MADOLE any indication as to his intended activities while in the New York area.

MADOLE offered to contact the FBI should he recall or obtain any further information regarding the above incident. NY 185-229 3.

The following background was obtained through observation and interview:

Name:

Residence:

Employment:

Occupation:

Additional Occupation: Chairman of National Renaissance

Mother:

JAMES H. MADOLE

10 West 90th Street, Apartment 4B,

New York, New York European American Bank

10 Hanover Square

Messenger

Party

Mrs. GRACE MADOLE

10 West 90th Street, Apartment 4B,

New York, New York

The following investigation was conducted at Lexington, Kentucky and Berea, Kentucky:

.FD -3( 2 IREV. 11-21-10)

E RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

of transcription August 19, 1974

Interviewed on 8/14/74 of Loxington, Kentucky File # LS 135-6

by SA JOHN, GILL/Deh Date dictated /-8/16/74

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FOR ANAR O1 CHICAGO ILL 312 243-0528 AS 00001900001

FEB 28 ANAR O1 
                                                                                                                                                                                         REF 110
      LONG DISTANCE SERVICE
                TOTAL LONG DISTANCE SERVICE
                                                                                                                                                                                              83.07
                                                                                                                                                                                    29.87 1.29 F
100.71 8.06
    STATE TAX a 5% OH
     FEDERAL TAX 4 8% ON
    B24 ---- MICHAEL H BROWN BEREA 966-9744
    HOTAL DUE DEFORE MARCH 28, 1979
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  177.11
                                        101 CHERRY RD
BEREA KY 40903 032972 4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               16.40 <
    LOCAL SERVICE APR 11 TO MAY 11
   DIRECTORY ADVERTISING KY LEXINGTON APR 74
DIRECTORY ADVERTISING KY LANCASTER JUN 73
 LONG DISTANCE SERVICE

DATE TO OR FROM AREA TELE NO TYPE REF NO
MAR OS COMPTON ARK 501 420-3583 1P G487050562002:
NAR OS HARRSON AR 365-8769 4S X513550305021
MAR OS HARRSON AR 369-8930 4S X512190305009:
NAR 14 NO PHOENIXARIZ 602 992-6570 AS COC01920C004:
MAR 15 N PHNX ARZ 992-6570 4S N419330558016
MAR 19 N PHNX ARZ 992-6570 4S N419330558016
MAR 21 TORRANCE CAL 213 320-2270 AS COC011470003:
APR 02 NO PHOENIXARIZ 602 992-6570 0S COC02050003
APR 02 NO PHOENIXARIZ 602 994-6089 AS COC020190021
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4.35
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3.75
   TOTAL LONG DISTANCE SERVICE
STATE TAX © 58 ON
FEDERAL TAX © 82 ON
                                                                                                                                                                                   29.59
                                                                                                                                                                                          16.40
    TOTAL DUE DEFORE APRIL 29, 1974
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NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 115

324 :		MIC 101 BER	. L.	ment	1-6R R Y≨ 1404	0			i	REA 2972	4 .	\$-9	2779, 21-2	•
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324	···· MICHAEL	k brown	BEI	ĽΑ	986-	9744.  B	F12
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тот	AL DUE BEFORE I	YAP	30, 1975	:		137.75	,
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	PATE TO MAY 08 HE MAY 10 HE MAY 13 SP MAY 13 TO MAY 13 LO MAY 16 CO MAY 16 CO MAY 16 CO MAY 20 HA MAY 22 HE MAY 24 LE MAY 25 CO MAY 26 CO MAY 26 CO	OR FROM RDERSHYLHO RDERSHYLHO RING GRYILL MPKINSYL UISYILLE STERLNS PHOZHIXARIZ MPTON ARK RRISON ARK RRISON ARK PHUX ARZ XINGTON RRISON ARK RRISON ARK MPTON ARK MPTON ARK	704 693-4 704 693-4 815 675-2 502 887-5 502 897-5 606 998-6 602 944-6 501 420-3 501 365-3 501 365-3 501 355-3 501 320-3 501 420-3	1109 AS 1109 OS 1109 OS 12333 AS 15014 OS 15377 OS 15661 AS 15631 AS 15691 AS 15691 AS 15693 AS 15693 AS	000011070009 000009280008 000011180009 000011400012 000013330004 000008470008 000009020002 6441151493007 000013430022 000018240001 000021510020 M413153312059 000008030010 000019020002 000009370004 000010020012	1.49 2.69 3.69 1.30 1.48 3.45 1.05 1.73 4.00 15.30 1.62 65 1.85

2) nichael h brown	BEREA	986-9744, [8]	603 2
101   02   TOMPKINSVL   502   487-6   101   02   ORLANDO   FLA   305   659-6   101   02   ORLAND   FLA   101   04   TOMPKINSVL   502   487-6   101   06   SPRING   GRVILL   515   675-2   101   06   HENDERSON   502   827-2   101   06   HENDERSON   502   827-2   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   101   10	307 AS 0000181 9901 AS J2000200 9101 AS 0000194 2383 AS 0000101	80001	<pre>&lt; # &lt; #</pre>
TOTAL LONG DISTANCE SERVICE	57	.59	
STATE TAX a 52 OH FEDERAL TAX a 8% OH		.40 1.47 6.04	Ŗ
TOTAL DUE BEFORE JUHE 28,	1974	95.23	
			•

- 18 -

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324 MICHAEL H 101 CHEPPY -H BEREA K	<b>—</b>	REA 986-	4. B.
LOCAL SERVICE JUL	. 11 TO AUG 11	, · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 16.40 <
DIRECTORY ADVERTISING	KY CEXINGION	APR 74	4.45
JUL OI HENDERSNYLNC JUL OI CLEVELAND OHIO JUL OI PEPPERPIKEOHIO	AREA TELE #0 213 221-6768 804 847 7135 502 487-6014 707 795-4145 603 648-1396 707 795-4145 513 548-8211 606 299-8448 602 992-6570 602 944 6039 602 445-2453 704 693-4109 216 721-8300 216 292-7500 513 631-0445 502 636-3307 213 843-3277	AS 000014010012 AS 000010300014 AS 000006490025 AS 000018310009 AS 000018410011 4S VS68130822016 AS 000015210001 AS 000015210001 AS 000015290007 AS 000015290007 AS 000011260003 AS 000011360004 AS 000011470006	3.91

154 WICHVER	H BROWN	BEREA	986-97	44. B 2
TOTAL LONG DI	STANCE SERVICE		55.97	·
STATE TAX @ 5% 0 EDERAL TAX @ 8%			22.73 73.51	1.14 b
OTAL DUE BEFORE	JULY 29	1974	:	83.84
	•			

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W 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 118

LS 185-6

SA GILL was advised that toll records pertaining to telephone number 606-936-9744, showing toll calls made during the period July 11, 1974 and August 14, 1974, would not be obtainable until that information was taken from computer recording discs. Normal direct dial Fillings for that period should appear on print-out of those computer discs, and this print-out should be available to the FBI on or about Monday, August 19, 1974. Any telephone toll calls made to telephone number 606-986-9744, which required operator assistance and made from a division other than that covered by the General Telephone Company of Lexington, Kentucky, could possibly be as late as September 19, 1974.

Date of transcription\_

Pursuant to a subpoena duces tecum issued by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky, on August 14, 1974, addressed-to DARRY RYAN, Security Director, General Telephone, Lexington, Kentucky, for surrenger of telephone records of INCHAEL H. LROWN, 101 Cherry Road, Doroa, Kentucky, telephone number 936-9744 (area code 606), the following was furnished by General Telephone and Electronics, Lexington, Kentucky, to Special Agent JOHN W. GILL:

Telephone charge toll records of MICHAEL H. BROWN, 101 Chary Road, Borea, Mantucky, 49493, listing the following telephone toll call records for the period July 8, 1974, through August 6, 1974, included in Jocal service billing dated August 11, 1974, to September 11, 1974:

Interviewed on 8/19/74

at Lexington, Kentucky

File # LS 185-6

, sa john W. Gill

/pwn

Data distated

8/19/74

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324 CHAEL H BROW		744, [B] .C.12
H BEREA KY 90403		•
LOCAL SERVICE - AUG 1	1 TO SEP 11	16.40 <
DIRECTORY ADVERTISING K	Y LEXINGTON APR 74	4,45
JUL 08 BARBOURSYLW YA 3 JUL 08 MTSTLHG KY JUL 10 SCOTTSDALEARIZ 6 JUL 11 MTSTLHG KY JUL 19 PRESCOTT ARIZ 6 JUL 22 CINCINNATIOHIO 5 JUL 22 MT YERHON 6 JUL 22 SCOTTSDALEARIZ 6 JUL 23 NO PHOENIXARIZ 6 JUL 25 BURBANX CAL 2 JUL 26 MT STERLHG 6 JUL 29 MILLYILLE NJ 6 AUG 02 FLS CHURCHYA 7 AUG 02 MT STERLNG 6 AUG 03 FALLS C YA 6 AUG 03 MEN YORK NY 7	498-0661       4S       G492093977015         92       947-7958       AS       000012100014         498-0661       4S       G496114030007         92       445-2700       1P       G504084247007         13       481-9220       AS       0000102050003         92       947-7958       AS       000014180001         92       947-7958       AS       000014200016         93       944-6089       2S       G407151660044         13       843-3277       AS       000012470002         96       498-0661       AS       000019400018         97       825-1400       AS       000014050004         96       256-5208       OS       000018260001         93       532-1527       AS       000006280002         93       532-0000       4S       D218049769022         12       877-7048       2S       D218090568004         687-0000       4S       RE00015470014	#<#<##################################

B24 MICHAEL H BROWN	BEREA	986-9	44 8 2
PUG OF DARIEN CT	655-1950 48	W200012040008	2.95 0
TOTAL LONG DISTANCE SER	AICE	57.86	
STATE TAX e 5% OH FEDERAL TAX a 6% ON	•	21.50 75.34	1.08 -V 6.03
TOTAL DUE BEFORE AUGUST	29, 1974		85.82

LS 185-6

FAYE MUDD, Special Assistant to BARRY RYAN, Security Director, General Telephone and Electronics, Lexington, Kentucky, advised that toll calls made from July 8, 1974, through August 14, 1974, may not appear on the toll records surrendered inasmuch as operator assistance—type calls made from out of state to Berea, Kentucky, are often logged or noted on record cards and subsequently mailed to the home office of telephone exchange for billing purposes. MUDD advised that any toll call records arriving after the toll record furnished and falling in the period July 8, 1974, through August 14, 1974, would be surrendered to the interviewing Agent as set forth in the provisions of the subpoena, if and when records of additional calls reached the Lexington General Telephone and Electronics Office.

Pursuant to a subposed duces toous issued by the United States District Court, Eastern District of Hentucky, on August 14, 1974, addressed to MALLY RYAN, Decurity Director, General Telephone, Lexington, Hentucky, for surrender of telephone records of MICHARL H. MACHI, 101 Cherry Boad, Derea, Hentucky, telephone number COC-9744 (area code 696), the following information was furnished by General Telephone and Micetronics Security Personnel employee JOE FORTER, Lexington, Kentucky, to Special Agent JOHN W. GILL:

FOSTER advised that General Telephone and Electronics, Lexington, Mentucky records disclose that on August 7, 1974, a telephone call was initiated from Berca, Kentucky telephone number (area code 606) 636-9744 in the name of MICHAEL H. BROWN, to Millville, New Jersey, (area code 600) 625-1400. This telephone call was a alrect dial call initiated during the daytime rate period, that being from 7:00 AM to 5:00 PM, and the call existed for a duration of one minute and billing was \$1.05.

FOSTER advised that on August 8, 1974, a call initiated from Elsworth, Maine, originating from number 687-2022, was made to Derea, Kentucky telephone Listing 586-9744, in the name of MICHAEL H. BROWN. This was a collect call made during the night rate period, that being from midnight to 7:00 All in the morning or from 5:00 PH to midnight on August 8, 1974, and the call existed for 17 minutes at a charge of \$4.50.

FOSTER advised that on August 13, 1974, a telephone call originated from the residence of MCMMLL H. BROWN, Doron, Kentucky, listing CUG-9744, to Millville, New Jersey, that number being (area code 609) 825-1400. This call existed for a period of 20 minutes at a billing rate of \$6.40. FOSTER advised this call was an automatic dial call and was made during the daytime rate period, that being from 7:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

FOSTER advised that on August 13, 1974, a call was initiated from MICHAEL H. BROWN residence number 986-9744, to Danville, Mentucky, telephone number 286-6790. This call existed for a period of 5 minutes at a rate of \$.64 and was

interviewed on_8/24/74ot_lessingto	on, Kentucky File #_IS 185.6	
· Of way 1 %	Sil, hendicky	
by BA JOHN W. CILL /pt	7m Date dictated 8/26/74	_

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LS 185-6

NW 55130 DocId 32989567 Page 124

made during the night call rate period, that being from midnight to 7:00 AH, or 5:00 PH to midnight of August 13, 1974.

Date of transcription 8/23/7/

JOE FOSTER, employee, Socurity Department, General Telephone and Electronics, Lexington, Kentucky, advised that he was in receipt of information that a call made on August 8, 1974, from Ellsworth, Maine, number 607-2022, to Dorca, Hentucky residence of MICHAEL M. DECAM, telephone number 800-9744, existing for 17 minutes at a rate of \$4.50, was a collect call made from Ellsworth, Maine, and that the caller in furnishing information to complete the call through operator assistance informed the service operator that his name was MIKE BROWN.

	•		185-229-115
Interviewed on 8/20/74	. lexington,	Kentucky :	File # 185-6
by SA JOHL W. GILL	/p¤m	Date dictated_	8/26/74

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Date of transcription Sentember 5. 1876

JCE FOSTER, Acting Security Director, General Telephone and Electronics, Lexington, Mentucky, advised the following concerning General Yelephone and Electronics telephone billings to MICHMEL H. EMCAH, 101 Chorry Road, Deroa, Mentucky, for service and tell calls to Drea licting 986-9744 for billing period August 11 - September 11, 1974, including toll calls for period July 8 - August 6, 1974; toll call made August 6, 1974, from Darien, Connecticut, to Dorea, Kentucky, 986-9744, mas made from Darien, Connecticut, instrument assigned number 655-1950. This call was a station to station collect call originating at Darien, Connecticut, with duration of 3 minutes and billing charge \$2.93. The serial code/reference number of this call, W200012040003, indicates that the call was a Traffic Cervice Position System (TSPS) type call wherein an operator assists the individual originating the call until the reverse charges or collect request is accepted at the destination pumber, at which time the assisting operator causes the registration of the call through local computer facilities. FOLTER advised that telephone facility serving Darien, Connecticut, would probably not have a record ticket on this call inastuch as TEPS was used.

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RODERT EADS, Manager, P. B. and S. Chemical Company, New Circle Road, Mortheast, Lexington, Kentucky, furnished the following information:

EADS advised he recalls receiving a telephone call, assumed to be long distance inasmuch as the caller advised that he (the caller) lived in Berea, Kentucky, on or about June 26, 1974. EADS advised he received this call, at his office at P.B. and S. Chemical Company, Lexington, Kentucky, that telephone number being 299-8448. EADS advised that the caller talked for some length of time, inquiring as to P.B. and S. Chemical Company's ability to furnish him (the caller) with chemicals used in the composition known as "thermit." EADS advised this individual requested information concerning P.B. and S. Chemical Company's ability to obtain iron oxide and powdered aluminum. The caller advised he would combine these two chemical ingredients to make "thermit" and further use this end product for the burning and destruction of some old vehicles.

EADS advised his company was capable of furnishing iron oxide in fifty pound quantities and that the iron oxide available to P.B. and S. Chemical Company was an agricultural grade product. EADS advised the caller that P.B. and S. Chemical Company did not normally stock aluminum powder, but that he (EADS) would inquire to his suppliers and determine if this product was available, the quantity available, and the price. EADS advised he then told the caller he would be back in contact and furnish the caller this information when same was available.

EADS advised he remembers talking to the individual again, but does not recall the exact date, believing it to be two or three days after the original conversation. EADS caused a search of P.B. and S. Chemical Company telephone records through an inquiry with personnel at the Chemical Company Headquarters, and advised that headquarters personnel were unable to locate any record of him calling the individual back in Berea from telephone bills. EADS advised he does remember talking to the individual and suggested in interview

SAS WAYNE A. MC DONALD and
JOHN W. GILL JWG/pwm

Dote dictated

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LS 185-6 2

that the individual may have recontacted him concerning the request for chemicals. EADS remembers telling the individual on the second contact that aluminum powder was not available to the company in any small quantities and suggested that he (EADS) was rather passive with the caller inasmuch as he was not interested in furnishing chemicals to a one-time purchaser inasmuch as it would not be profitable to handle that type of transaction on a one-time basis in small quantities requested by the individual.

EADS advised he could furnish no further information concerning the call and stated he could not recall referring this caller to any competitors wherein he might obtain those chemicals. At this point the interview was terminated.

1

RALPH WACHDS, Assistant Mostnaster, United States Fest Office, Daves, Mentucky, was adviced of the identifies of the interviewing equate and at that time furnished the following information:

TAGERS advised that HIUMARA BROWN, residing at 101 Cherry Street, Durea, Mentucky, has been assigned a Berea, Acatucky, Post Cliice Box since . October 23, 1973. This post office box is essigned in the name of Indison Fublishing Company, with box #208, Derea, Mentucky.

WACHES adviced that he knows MICHAEL PROWN as a result of bloom being a patron of the United States Fost Cifice at Derea, Kentucky, and also is aware of BEOLH's residence and activities in Berea, Kentucky, inactuch as PROLM is a friend of Fost Cifice employee GLERAD LAY. WACHAE advised that INOLM is in the business of publishing or redistributing a publication which deals with health foods and exercise reutines. This publication is mailed by NEOLE at the berea, Hentucky, Post Cifice, and WAGHEE adviced that the publication is mailed to subscribers outside of the Berea, Kentucky, avea.

MAGENS advised that Postal Employee CUIMLD RAY is apparently interested in heath foods and body conditioning and that NAY is known to be a close associate of DECEN. WACENS also advised that BROWN is an examilitary perporpol. WACENS could furnish no information concerning MAY's activities or training in the military.

WATERS advised that DECEM has always picked up noted at the Derea, Mentucky, Post Office, and DECEM knows of no specially occasion, in the past, therein any person other than Past, has pieced up noted at Post Office Box 200. TAGHES advised that DECEM often makes multiple trips on an individual day to the Post Office to check his post office box for incoming correspondence.

WAGERS then advised that DECEM must be out of town insenuch

File # I.S 185-6

Interviewed on 8/10/74 of Boron, Kontucky

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Date dislated C/T2/73

y\_\_\_\_sa\_scal-n\_edal-/\_jt\_

SA JAMES L. CLASS, JR.

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as his wife has been picking up mail for the entire week, ending August 10, 1974. WAGERS advised that he has not observed ERDEN's presence in the Berea, Kentucky, Post Office since the beginning or during the week which BROWN described as the week of August 5, 1974, through August 10, 1974. WAGERS described BROWN's wife as being a white female, approximately 5'5", having reddish brown, short cut hair, and weighing between 110 and 115 pounds. WAGERS stated that he recalls BROWN and his wife to drive an old white pickup truck.

WAGERS further advised that BROWN does not mail the health food - enercise publication under any post office permit. WAGERS could furnish no particular information as to the contents of the publications mailed by ELCHI and could furnish no further particulars concerning DEOWN's activities other than to say that he did not know BNOWN to be employed.

Date of transcription\_

BILL MC DONALD, Vice President, Cloud Construction Materials, Incorporated, 1562 Cld Frankfort Pike, Lexington, Kentucky, advised that 191 cases of 60% extra gelatin sticks were received on August 21, 1973, from Hercules Company, Bessemeyer, Alabama, and were coded AUG 21 - 73 - D1. He added that the instant dynamite was sold to the following established customers:

W. M. C. Construction Ashland, Kentucky (5 cases on March 18, 1974 and 6 cases on March 28, 1974)

Ross Brothers Construction Box 767 Ashland, Kentucky (1 case on September 27, 1973)

Southwestern Utilities Corbin, Kentucky (1 case on October 16, 1973)

Horn Coal Company Asher, Mentucky (2 cases on April 8, 1974)

James Stinnett Plumbing Harrodsburg, Hentucky (1 case on December 3, 1973 and 1 case on March 29, 1974)

Eugene Lay Marwich Road Marrodsjury, Kentucky (1 case on March 19, 1974)

105-2-2-109

Interviewed on 8/9/74

Lexington, Kentucky

-<sup>File #</sup> -- IS-- 185-6-

\_\_\_SA\_FUNTON\_T.\_SCHOLL

-/nwm-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your 130001. It and Its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Bruce Hundley
Box 5
Versailles, Kentucky
(1 case on September 4, 1973)

Jack Smith Versailles, Kentucky (4 cases on September 26, 1973)

Risk Construction Company Richmond, Kentucky (4 cases on September 18, 1973 and 3 cases on November 12, 1973, and 3 cases on March 1, 1974)

H. M. Ross Construction Kirksville, Kentucky (2 cases on October 11, 1973)

Southeastern Utilities Company Richmond, Kentucky (2 cases on September 14, 1973)

James C. Todd Construction Box 123 Richmond, Kentucky (2 cases on March 22, 1974)

Berea Sewer Commission
Berea, Kentucky
(2 cases on September 4, 1973,
1 case on September 11, 1973,
1 case on October 12, 1973,
1 case on January 16, 1974, and
2 cases on February 20, 1974)

D. L. WalkerMcKee, Kentucky(12 cases on August 24, 1973, and6 cases on September 4, 1973)

Fain and Pickett Georgetown, Kentucky (1 case on November 21, 1973)

George Moore Construction Georgetown, Kentucky (1 case on November 12, 1973)

Billy Perkins Construction
Georgetown, Kentucky
(7 cases on October 5, 1973,
2 cases on October 31, 1973,
2 cases on December 17, 1973,
2 cases on February 4, 1974,
6 cases on February 11, 1974, and
2 cases on April 11, 1974.)

Sharp Brothers Construction Georgetown, Kentucky (2 cases on September 18, 1973, 1 case on October 16, 1973, 2 cases on October 18, 1973, and 3 cases on January 14, 1974)

The Alderman Company
Flemingsburg, Kentucky
(1 case on October 12, 1973,
3 cases on October 17, 1973, and
5 cases on October 25, 1973)

Dixie Bridge Company 366 Waller Avenue Lexington, Kentucky (5 cases on April 2, 1974, and 6 cases on April 5, 1974)

Roy Blevens
744 Bellaire Avenue
Lexington, Kentucky
(1 case on October 8, 1973,
8 cases on October 15, 1973,
8 cases on October 25, 1973,
5 cases on November 6, 1973,
8 cases on November 13, 1973, and
6 cases on November 19, 1973)

Kentucky Utilities 120 South Limestone Lexington, Kentucky (1 case on November 5, 1973)

General Contractors 733 East Seventh Street Lexington, Kentucky (4 cases on October 8, 1973)

Augspurger Construction 724 Westland Drive Lexington, Kentucky (1 case on October 16, 1973)

George Farrell, Jr.
439 Spring Hill Drive
Lexington, Kentucky
(1 case on February 11, 1974, and
1 case on February 14,1974)

B. and B. Electric
1119 Commercial Drive
Lexington, Kentucky
(2 cases on February 21, 1974,
2 cases on March 4, 1974, and
2 cases on March 8, 1974)

Horn and Williams 664 Northside Drive Lexington, Kentucky (1 case on January 17, 1974)

Shelly Construction Company 809 Manchester Lexington, Kentucky (1 case on March 15, 1974)

Tutt, Incorporated 1798 Old Frankfort Pike Lexington, Kentucky (4 cases on March 15,1974) Kentucky Fertilizer
Winchester, Kentucky
(3 cases on January 7, 1974,
2 cases on February 1, 1974, and
2 cases on March 7, 1974)

Clark County Road Department Winchester, Kentucky (1 case on October 29, 1974)

Sharp Construction Winchester, Kentucky (3 cases on September 19, 1973, and 4 cases on February 27, 1974)

Southern States Cooperative Winchester, Kentucky (1 case on October 5, 1973, and 2 cases on February 15,1974)

Toler Construction Winchester, Kentucky (1 case on October 24, 1974)

Charles A. Watts Nicholasville, Kentucky (1 case on February 12, 1974) NY 185-229

Set forth is a re-interview of STAFFORD brothers at Lexington, Kentucky:

ate of transcription 8/23/74

1

VILLIAH JUNIOR STAFFORD, 1108 Claridge Drive, Lexington, Kentucky, known to interviewing agent as JAY STAFFORD, through previous association and interview, furnished the following information:

STAFFORD advised that he had been searching his memory for the name of a chemical previously discussed with him by MIKE BROWN on the excasion when STAFFORD and his brother, LARRY STAFFORD, visited BROWN's residence in Berca, Kentucky, on July 23, 1974. STAFFORD advised that he now remembers the name of the chemical that BROWN discussed as being thermite. STAFFORD stated that thermite was the ingredient which BROWN discussed a need for inasmuch as thermite would finish or be the remaining chemical to be used in a composition which, when lit, would create so much heat that it would destroy any bronze or metal statue.

STAFFORD rediscussed with the interviewing agent priculars of BROWN's plan to travel to New York and place incendiary and explosive devices in the United Nations Building. STAFFORD, on retelling the story, was positive that BROWN described the basement area of the United Nations Building where dynamite was to be placed as being a "meditation place." STAFFORD again described the statue in this meditation place" as being, according to BROWN's description, a statue symbolizing Pagan worship or idol. STAFFORD remembers BROWN describing this statue as being made of marble and stated that BROWN discussed a need for dynamite to destroy this statue inasmuch as the burning composition including thermite would not do the job on rock.

STAFFORD discussed his impression of BROWN's personality and character, describing BROWN as a person who seemed extremely well read and an individual who seemed to have a great deal of sophistication. STAFFORD stated that he had not seen nor talked to BROWN since his visit on July 23, 1974.

	185-229
Interviewed on 8/21/74 of Loxington, Kentucky	File # 1.S 185-6
	Lill Carrie Control
by SA JOHN W. GILL/dro/phd Dote de	ictoled 8/23/74

STAFFORD again discussed the photographs exhibited by ERCHN which were supposed to be photographs taken of the United Nations Building. STAFFORD feels that he could positively identify these four or five photographs if and when they were ever exhibited to him in the future, regardless of how they might be mixed up or included with any other photographs from any other places.

NY 185-229

Set forth is an examination by the FBI Laboratory, Washington D.C.:

## REPORT of the



## FEDERAL DURIAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: SAC, New York

Date: August 27, 1974

PC-L1037 PQ CB MD

人のごー ユセラータリ

FBI File No. 185-351

. UNSUB; Five Sticks of Dynamite Foundab. No.

Inside Meditation Room, First Floor,

United Nations General Assembly

Building, 3/7/74

PFO - ATTEMPTED BOLBING - SUBVERSIVE

Specimens received 8/12/74

Q1-Q5 Five dynamite wrappers (1)

Q6 Lengths of fireworks fuse and tape (2)

Q7 Book of matches (5)

Q8 Cigarette (4)

Result of examination:

The Q1 through Q5 dynamite wrappers, are each from an 8" stick of "60% Strongth Gelatin Extra" dynamite manufactured by Hercules Corporation, Wilmington, Delaware. The Federal Date-Plant-Shift Code, on each wrapper shows that these sticks were manufactured on August 21, 1973.

Specimen Q6 is a rod fireworks fuse and possesses the same observable physical characteristics as "Extra Small Red Visco Double Coat" fireworks fuse canufactured by Ensign Bickford Company, Simsbury, Connecticut. The Laboratory cannot eliminate the possibility that other fireworks fuse may be produced with the same characteristics as the aforementioned.

It is noted that this type of fuse can be initiated by matches similar to the Q9 matches or by a lighted cigarette, such as Q8, which did not completely burn. It would be necessary to attach a blasting cap to the Q6 fuse in order to have it initiate the dynamite. No blasting cap was attached to specimen Q6.

Pieces of black plastic electrical tape, 1" in width, were removed from specimens G3, G5 and G6. The free ends are of value for comparison with a suspect roll.

Two brown head hairs of Caucasian origin, found on the Q6 tape, are suitable for significant comparison purposes and have been mounted on a glass microscope slide

No saliva stains were identified in specimen Q8.

Specimens Q1 through Q3 are being returned to your division under separate cover by registered mail.

UT UIS

## FEDERAL DUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: SAC, Louisville (185-6)

September 9, 1974

FBI File No.105-351

D-740026095 HS Lab. No.

D-740920038 MS

Re: UNBOM;

PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING -

SUBVERSIVE; HID

Specimens received 8/28/74 from New York

09 Guest registration card of The Commodore Hotel. dated 8/5/74, in the name "Mike Brown"

Specimen received 8/26/74 from Louisville

Kl Post Office Box Application dated 6/9/72, bearing purported known writings of MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN

Result of examination:

The available writings of MICHAIL HALSEY BROWN, FBI \$313717E, consists of signatures on fingerprint cards and actal ou Hl. Those available writings do not combain a sufficient quantity of the same letters and lauter combinediese as the hand printing and signature on 90 to permit adequate comparisons or any determinations. Characteristics were noted which suggest the Wesirability of obtaining additional hand printing and signatures of BROWN for further comparisons.

Kl and Q9 were photographed. Kl is returned herewith. Q9 is rotained temporarily.

> SEARCHED . EL INDEXED. SERIALIZED . II FILED. SEP 1 0 1974

ADS:jsm (1)

On September 11, 1974, Mr. TAO-JU (TOM) YING, Manager of the Kolping House, 165 East 88th Street, New York City, reviewed his records regarding information on MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN with negative results. Nr. YING said that most of the people staying at the house were permanent residents and it would be probable he would have remembered BROWN if he had stayed there for a short period of time.

On September 11, 1974, Mr. LOUIE MOSTACCIO, employee of the Kolping House, advised Bureau Agents that he has never heard from or knows anyone by the name of MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN. He did say he was familiar with JAMES MADOLE since up to a few months ago he was an active member of the National Renaissance Party of which MADOLE is the current head. MOSTACCIO described MADOLE as very trusting, easygoing, and not very security conscious. He said MADOLE has people call or stop in to see him from out of town, namely because of his position with the National Renaissance Party he is well known throughout the country by people associated with similar type groups.

MOSTACCIO said that if he should obtain any pertinent information regarding MICHAEL BROWN he would notify the FBI immediately.

On September 12, 1974, Mrs. GRACE MADOLE, 10 West 90th: Street, New York City, advised the following information regarding MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN. It should be noted that Mrs. MADOLE is 79 years old and although in good health she appears to possess an erratic and unreliable memory:

Mrs. MADOLE said she remembered meeting an individual by the name of MICHAEL BROWN sometime ago at her apartment, however, could not recall either the approximate date or what conversation or activities transpired.

NY 185-229

ADS:jsm (2)

She said she recalls BROWN because of seeing his picture on TV recently and thinks he came to see her some for some unknown reason. Mrs. MADOLE believes he asked her for a place to stay in New York to which she recommended the Kolping House, East 88th Street. Mrs. MADOLE offered to contact the FBI in the future if she recalls any further pertinent information on the above contact.

On September 12, 1974, Mr. EDWARD REILLY, Assistant Credit Manager for the Commodore Hotel, advised from a review of the hotel registration records that he could locate no identifiable reference for a FRANCIS JOSEPH SMITH.

NY 185-229

ADS:jsm (1)

On September 5, 1974, Mr. RICHARD RASMUSSEN, Desk Manager, Commodore Hotel, New York City, reviewed their registration records and advised of locating a registration form for one JOHN COPELAN. According to the receipt, COPELAN registered August 3, 1974, in Room 1282 and departed same August 6, 1974, paying cash, but using American Express credit card account 451-219-914-4-800AX as a credit reference. No long distance telephone calls or unusual charges were noted on the bill.

Mr. RASMUSSEN additionally reviewed the registration file for information regarding the following names with negative results:

HUNTER RAY FRANTZ
HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ
GERALD DE RAY
KEITH WILLIAM SMITH
JACK ROBERT FREDERICKS
NOAH ROBERT FREDERICKS
JAMES MADOLE

On September 9, 1974, this office was advised by a representative of the American Express Company that the above account number was European and the desired information concerning the subscriber would have to be obtained from KENNETH BETTS, American Express Company, American Express House, Martletts Civic Way, Burgess Hill, Sussex, England.

On September 9, 1974, Mr. JOHN SHEVLIN, Credit Manager, Commodore Hotel, New York City, advised from a review of COPELAN's original hotel receipt that he listed his address at Klubbacken 22 Stockholm.

Mrs. SONIA LTRNER advised she is the owner and operator of the Sonny Lorner Company, Incorporated, 300 South Oyster Bay Road, Plainview, Long Island (LI), New York (NY), and that she subscribes to telephone number 933-0700 in the name of the bonny Invitor Company, which is a Hualty Company. She advised this number is used exclusively by the company in connection with the operation of the business and is not utilized as a private number by her or members of her family.

Mrs. LFRHER advised that her company is engaged in the buying and selling of real estate in the Plainview, LI, NY area and is not engaged in any other business enterprise. She related she is not implicant with MICHAEL FALSEY LROWN and to the best of her knowledge has not conducted any business with this individual. She checked her records and advised his name is not listed.

Mrs. LTRNTR stated that she and her employees maintain a daily telephone log on all business calls received. She checked these records and advised there is no record of a call from Falls Church, Virginia or from an individual named BROWN on August 3, 1974.

She recalled she was on vacation on August 3, 1974, but that her office was open from 9:00 All to 5:00 PM that day. Her records disclose that Mrs. AMELIA IMMAN, MICHARD FESKIM, and Mrs. FREIDA IMIEDLAND were the employees on duty that day.

In addition to these individuals who are employed on a part-time basis, she also employs the following also on a part-time basis:

Miss DEA GUINTA Mrs. LILANE DE SIMONE Mrs. PRAKL STEIN

Mrs. LARMER personally contacted each of the above mentioned employees and advised that none of them are in any way familiar with MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN nor can they recall receiving a telephone call from Falls Church, Virginia.

Interviewed on	9/10/74	Plainview,	Long Island, New York	NY 185-229
	SAS ROBERT G. FRANCIS J	OFTEDAL and . EAIDIN/RGO: mes	Date distated	9/13/74

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NY 185-229

She adviced she is personally acquainted with all her employees who have been associated with her from two to ten years and stated it is "absolutely unthinkable" that any of those individuals would be associated with MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN or his activities.

According to Mrs. LERWA, she maintains an electronic telephone annuaring device which recalls spoken messages from the caller, but does not record telephone numbers. She stated this device is in operation during non-business hours.

She stated she is the only member of her family associated with the Realty Company and that members of her family never utilize the above telephone number and are rarely or ever on the Realty Company premises. She recalled further that on August 3, 1974, members of her family were on vacation and not in the area.

IN VIEW OF MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN'S PRIOR ARREST FOR DISCHARGE OF A FIREARM INTO AN OCCUPIED BUILDING AND HIS USE OF EXPLOSIVE MATERIAL IN THE MATTER UNDER INVESTIGATION, BROWN SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY AND RELATED WHITE HATE GROUPS WHO ARE IDENTIFIED AS ASSOCIATES OF MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN SHOULD ALSO BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

NR 002 LS CODE

\$235FA URGENT AUGUST 26,1974 FDY

TO DIRECTOR (185-351) (157-2503) ATTN: INTD

BOSTON

NEW YORK (185-229)

NEWARK (185-23)

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Les

UNBOM; PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING - SUBVERSIVE: EID . UC:

NEW YORK . BUFILE 185-351.

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, EM - NSWPP, OO: LOUISVILLE, BUFILE

157-2523. LS 157-1952.

FOR INFORMATION BOSTON, UNBOW IS CODE NAME FOR INVESTIGATION OF CASE PREVIOUSLY CAPTIONED "UNSUB; FIVE STICKS OF DYNAMITE FOUID INSIDE MEDITATION ROOM, FIRST FLOOR, UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY BUILDING, AUGUST 7. 1974. PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING NOT RECORDED SUBVERSIVE; EID, OO: NEW YORK." 192 SEP 3

PRIME SUSPECT IN UNBOW, HAVING REVEALED PRIOR PLOT TO DESTROY STATUES IN UNITED NATIONS BUILDING, NEW YORK, NEW YORK. KNOWN CONNECTIONS WITH WHITE HATE OR EXTREMIST SUBJECTS AND ORGANIZATIONS, UNEXPLAINED ABSENCE FROM RESIDENCE DURING PERTINENT PERIOD OF UNBOW, POSSIBLE ESTABLISHED PRESENCE IN NEW YORK, NEW YORK, AUGUST 5-6, 1974, THROUGH

Michael Halsey Brown (Bufile 157-2503) is considered

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END PAGE ONE

PAGE TWO

LS 185-6

TELEPHONE TOLL RECORDS, GENERAL AVAILABILITY OF DYNAMITE

FROM SAME LOT AS DYNAMITE USED IN UNBOW, AROUND BEREA, KY &,

AREA WHERE BROWN CURRENTLY RESIDES, AS WELL AS OTHER CIRCUMSTANTIAL

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING BROWN'S REPORTED INVOLVEMENT.

ON AUGUST 24, 1974, PURSUANT TO SUBPOENA ISSUED AUGUST
14, 1974, JOE FOSTER, GENERAL TELEPHONE AND ELECTRONICS,
RICHMOND, KENTUCKY, MADE AVAILABLE TELEPHONE TOLL CALL RECORDS
FOR MICHAEL #H. BROWN, 101 CHERRY ROAD, BEREA, KENTUCKY (696-9869744) FOR PERIOD AUGUST 7-13, 1974, SUMMARY OF WHICH FOLLOWS:

ON AUGUST 7, 1974, DIRECT DIAL STATION-TO-STATION CALL
PLACED FROM BROWN'S RESIDENCE, BEREA, KENTUCKY, TO MILLVILLE,
NEW JERSEY TELEPHONE 609-825-1400, DURING PERIOD SEVEN AM
TO FIVE PM. LASTING ONE MINUTE.

ON AUGUST 8, 1974, COLLECT CALL PLACED TO BROWN'S
RESIDENCE BEREA, KY. FROM ELLSWORTH, MAINE TELEPHONE
207-667-2622, DURING PERIOD EITHER TWELVE MIDNIGHT TO SEVEN AM
OR FIVE PM TO MIDNIGHT, LASTING SEVENTEEN MINUTES. CALL MADE
END PAGE TWO

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PAGE THREE

LS 185-6

BY INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING SELF AS "MIKE BROWN."

ON AUGUST 13, 1974, DIRECT DIAL STATION TO STATION CALL PLACED FROM BROWN'S RESIDENCE BEREA, KY., TO MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY, TELEPHONE 606-825-1400, DURING PERIOD SEVEN AM TO FIVE PM, LASTING TWENTY MINUTES.

FOR INFORMATION NEW YORK, HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ (PX 157-460)
KNOWN ASSOCIATE OF BROWN, WHO MAY HAVE RESIDED WITH BROWN PRICR
TO UNBOW, PREVIOUSLY SUGGESTED BY LOUISVILLE AS POSSIBLE
UNBOWN SUSPECT, COULD HAVE TRAVELED TO NEW YORK, NEW YORK,
WITH BROWN AND ALSO STAYED COMMODORE HOTEL. NEW YORK CONSIDER
POSSIBILITY AND REVIEW PERT NEWT GUEST REGISTRATION RECORDS FOR
NAME HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ OR POSSIBLE VARIATION THEREOF.

FOR INFORMATION BUREAU AND NEW YORK, INVESTIGATION RETELEPHONE CALL PLACED FROM BROWN'S RESIDENCE TO PB&S CHEMICAL COMPANY, LEXINGTON, KY., ON JUNE 26, 1974, REVEALS MALE FROM BEREA, KY. WITH NAME SIMILAR OR POSSIBLY IDENTICAL TO "MIKE BROWN" MADE TELEPHONIC INQUIRY CONCERNING PURCHASE END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

LS 185-6

OF CHEMICAL COMPONENTS FOR THERMITE SPECIFICALLY MENTIONING

POWERED ALUMINUM AND IRON OXIDE. CALLER INDICATED THAT

THERMITE WAS NEEDED TO MELT METAL AUTOMOBILES. SALE NOT MADE SINCE

REQUEST WAS FOR SMALL AMOUNT AND ABOVE COMPANY DEALT ONLY

IN LARGE VOLUMES FOR AGRICULTURAL USES.

NEWAR X AT MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY - ASCERTAIN SUBSCRIBER TELEPHONE NUMBER 609-825-1400.

BOSTON AT ELLSWORTH, MAINE - ASCERTAIN SUBSCRIBER TELEPHONE 207-667-2622, AND VERIFY IDENTITY OF INDIVIDUAL PLACING COLLECT CALL THEREFROM TO BROWN'S RESIDENCE AUGUST 8, 1974 AS "MIKE BROWN." THROUGH TELEPHONE OFFICIALS ONLY.

SHOULD ABOVE TELEPHONES BE PAY STATIONS OR HOTELS CONSIDER POSSIBILITY OF WHITE HATE EXTREMIST RESIDING CLOSE PROXIMITY THRERTO OR MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN ("MIKE BROWN") REGISTERED AS GUEST THEREAT.

REVIEW OF DATA INDICATIVE OF BROWN'S TRAVEL AUGUST 2-8, 1974, REFLECTS BROWN PROBABLY PRESENT FALLS CHURCH, VIRGINIA, NEW YORK, NEW YORK AND ELLSWORTH, MAINE RESPECTIVELY DURING ABOVE PERIOD.

END PAGE FOUR

W 55130 DocId: 32989569 Page 152,...

PAGE FIVE

LS 185-6

TRAVEL PROBABLY PERFORMED BY PERSONAL AUTOMOBILE DESCRIBED

1967 CHEVROLET SEDAN (GREEN) BEARING 1974 KENTUCKY TAG

621-692. BOSTON AND NEWARK REMAIN ALERT FOR INFORMATION

CONCERNING POSSIBLE PRESENCE OF BROWN RESPECTIVE TERRITORIES

DURING PERIOD SURROUNDING UNBOM.

CONSIDER MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END :

MSE FBIHQ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION *⊉*1974

TELETYPE

NR 12SD CODE

1:14AM AUGUST 22. 1974 NITEL JME

TO: ØIRECTOR, FBI (157-2503)

CONFIDENTIAL

LOS ANGELES

LOUISVILLE (157-1952)

SAN DIEGO (157-4875) (RUC)

ATTN: INTD

FROM:

END PAGE ONE

MW 55130 DocId \$298956 Page 1547 '

PHOENIX

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, EM - NSWPP, 00: LOUISVILLE

RE BUREAU TELETYPE DATED AUGUST 21, Th FORMAN

2157-E, FAMILIAR WITH NATIONAL ON AUGUST- 2-1,-1974,

DIEGO DIVISION, ADVISED HE IS AWARE OF SUBJECT AS PAST

ACQUAINTANCE OF TERREL RONALD EDDY, A FORMER NSWPP MEMBER

SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLE'S PARTY (NSWPP) ACTIVITIES IN SAN

AT SAN DIEGO. SOURCE CHARACTERIZED SUBJECT AS LEADER OF

MOTORCYCLE GANG WHO HAS CONNECTIONS IN CALIFORNIA. SOURCE

TEND TO INCHIFY SOUTER

IS CLOSE TO EDDY AND WILL BE ALERT POSSIBLE VISIT OF BROWN.

Aspoc. Dir., ...

Asst. Dir.: Admin. ....

Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.:Inv.

Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com.

Gen. Inv. \_\_.

Ident. \_\_ Inspection V

Intell. . 🚾 Laboratory 7. Plan. & Eval.

Spec. Inv. Training \_

Legal Coun. . Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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PAGE TWO
CONFIDENTIAL
SD 157-4875

EDDY IS SUBJECT OF SAN DIEGO FILE 157-152 AND IS IN ADEX. EDDY SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

SD 2233-E, FAMILIAR WITH NSWPP ACTIVITIES, ADVISED AUGUST 21, 1974, SUBJECT UNKNOWN TO HIM.

LOS ANGELES. AT SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA. CONDUCT LEAD SET FORTH FOR SAN DIEGO IN REFERENCED TELETYPE, SINCE SAN CLEMENTE IN LOS ANGELES DIVISION.

CLASSIFIED BY 3892, XGDS, 2, INDEFINTE.

END .

JPS FBIHQ CLR

NW 35130 DocId:32889569 Page 155

L BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AUNICATIONS SECTION 1062 1 1974

3:28PM URGENT AUGUST 21, 1974 BDH

TO DIRECTOR (157-2503) (ATTN: INTD)

LOS ANGELES

NR ØØ2 LS CODED

FROM

END PAGE ONE

PHOENIX

SAN DIEGO

LOUISVILLE (157-1952) (P)

MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, EM - NSWPP, 00: LOUISVILLE.

FOR INFORMATION. ALL RECIPIENTS CAPTIONED SUBJECT CONSIDERED SUSPECT IN UNBOW @UFILE 185-351). CODE NAME

"UNSUB: FIVE STICKS OF DYNAMITE FOUND INSIDE MEDITATION

ASSIGNED INVESTIGATION OF CASE PREVIOUSLY CAPTIONED

ROOM, FIRST FLOOR, UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY BUILDING.

AUGUST 7, 1974; PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING - SUBVERSIVE; EID.

00: NEW YORK."

SUBJECT DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, BORN SEPTEMBER 11, 1942,

SSAN 576-40-3284, 6'1", 180-200 POUNDS, BROWNISH-BLOND HAIR,

MEDIUM LENGTH FULL BEARD WITH MUSTACHE . RESIDENCE 101 CHERRY

ROAD, BEREA, KY.

SUBJECT DRIVES 1967 CHEVROLET, GREEN SEDAN BEARING 1974

KENTUCKY LICENSE 621-692.

77. 10 NY 8/22/74 DKS This deciment is prepared in response to your negrest and is not for yssemiration outside your Committee. Listuse is limited to official representations by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized person-

bel with the express approval of them BI NW 55130 DocId: 32989569 Page 156

Ident. Inspection Intell. Laboratory Plan. & Eval.

Spec. Inv. \_ Training Legal Coun.

Ext. Affairs \_\_ Files & Com. Gen. Inv.

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm.\_\_ Dep.-A.D.-Inv\_

Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst.

Telephone Rm. \_ Director Sec'y \_

M AUG 30 1974

5-51

PAGE TWO LS 157-1952

FURNISHED BY CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE LOUISVILLE DIVISION,
DISCLOSED PLOT BY SUBJECT TO DESTROY STATUTES AT UNITED
NATIONS BUILDING, NYC, BY USE OF EXPLOSIVES AND/OR INCENDIARY
DEVICES. SUBSEQUENT THERETO, INFORMATION DEVELOPED
INDICATED SUBJECT ABSENT FROM BEREA, KY., DURING PERTINENT
PERIOD OF UNBOM. COLLECT TELEPHONE CALL FROM NYC TO SUBJECT'S
RESIDENCE, BEREA, KY., ON AUGUST 5, 1974, POSSIBLY PLACES
SUBJECT IN NYC TWO DAYS PRIOR TO DISCOVERY OF DYNAMITE
AT UNITED NATIONS BUILDING.

SUBJECT REPORTEDLY HAS BEEN ACTIVE WITH NATIONAL SOCIALIST WHITE PEOPLES PARTY (NSWPP) AND POSSIBLY CONNECTED WITH IDENTITY GROUP (BUFILE 157-28219).

VEHICLE OBSERVED AT SUBJECT'S RESIDENCE 101 CHERRY ROAD,
BEREA, KY., INCLUDE 1966 WHITE FORD ONE-HALF TON PICKUP
TRUCK BEARING 1974 KENTUCKY TAG BD 2408, CURRENTLY REGISTERED
TO TERRI FRANTZ, 101 CHERRY ROAD, BEREA, KY. PREVIOUS
OWNER OF ABOVE VEHICLE LISTED AS MAISTERRA FUR TRADERS,
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE LS 157-1952

POST OFFICE BOX 203, BUCKEYE AND 16TH AVENUE, PHOENIX, ARIZONA.

ARIZONA TITLE 4504218 DATED AUGUST 18, 1966, AND SIGNED

HUNTER RAY FRANTZ.

INVESTIGATION FURTHER REVEALS CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN
SUBJECT AND HOUSTON RAY FRANTZ, IBE LOCAL 640, PHOENIX,
ARIZONA. INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFIED AS JOSEPH FRANTZ APPARENTLY
ALSO RESIDES 101 CHERRY ROAD. BEREA. KY., WITH SUBJECT.

ON AUGUST 15, 1974, SUBJECT'S WIFE (UNIDENTIFIED)

AIRMAILED SIXTEEN POUND PACKAGE (\$11.00 POSTAGE) CONTENTS

UNKNOWN, TO "FERDY MAISTERRA (PICADILLY), 1421 NORTH EL CAMINO

REAL. SAN CLEMENTE. CALIFORNIA 92672."

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU: FURNISH LOUISVILLE WITH ALL PERTINENT DATA CONTAINED BUFILES RE SUBJECT OBTAINED DURING PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS OTHER DIVISIONS.

LOS ANGELES AT LOS ANGELES, CAL. - FURNISH LOUISVILLE WITH ALL SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION RE SUBJECT'S POSSIBLE CONNECTION WITH WHITE HATE EXTREMIST GROUPS, BACKGROUND END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOU LS 157-1952

DATA AND PROPENSITY FOR VIOLENCE.

PHOENIX AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA - REVIEW INDICES RE MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN, HUNTER (HOUSTON) RAY FRANTZ, TERRI FRANTZ AND JOSEPH FRANTZ, FURNISHING LOUISVILLE WITH ALL PERTINENT IDENTIFYING DATA AND INFORMATION RE POSSIBLE WHITE HATE EXTREMISTS ACTIVITIES.

SAN DIEGO AT SAN CLEMENTE, CAL. - DISCREETLY IDENTIFY
FERDY MAISTERRA (PICADILLY), 1421 NORTH EL CAMINO REAL, IN
EFFORT TO DEVELOP APPARENT CONNECTION WITH SUBJECT AND
NATURE OF ACTIVITIES.

BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRED ALL LEADS REGARDING
UNBOM BE HANDLED AND SET FORTH BY MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS
NECESSARY.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NR ØØ2 LS CODED

TO

AUG 1 01974

7:53 PM URGENT AUGUST 10,1974 SBW

DIRECTOR - ATTENTION

NEW/YORK (185-229)

LOUISVILLE (185-6) (P) FIFTEEN PAGES FROM

UNSUB; FIVE STICKS OF DYNAMITE FOUND INSIDE MEDITATION ROOM. FIRST FLOOR. UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY BUILDING, AUGUST 7, 1974, PFO-ATTEMPTED BOMBING-SUBVERSIVE.

INTD.

RE NEW YORK TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, DATED AUGUST 8,1974, LOUISVILLE TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, DATED AUGUST 9, 1974, AND BIRMINGHAM TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU. DATED AUGUST 9, 1974.

ON AUGUST 9, 1974, LARRY STAFFORD, AGE APPROXIMATELY 23. AND JAY STAFFORD, AGE APPROXIMATELY 27 (BROTHERS), EX-LOCKSMITHS OF LEXINGTONE BICHMOND

KENTUCKY, VOLUNTARILY FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFOR

MATION TO SA JOHN W. GILL OF THE LEXINGTON RA. 114 AUG 12 1974 · INDEPENDENT INTERVIEWS OF BOTH BROTHERS

WITHOUT CONFERENCE BETWEEN SAME, PRODUCED IDENTICAL STATEMENTS.

JAY AND LARRY STAFFORD ENTERED INTO INDEPENDENT

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination outside rour Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI. END PAGE ONE WIVESION.

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. .. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs . Files & Com. . Gen. Inv. . Ident. . Inspection .2 Intoll. Labdral TY Plan. & Eval. -pec. Inv. . Training \_ Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

PAGE TWO

LS 185-6

LOCKSMITH BUSINESS IN RICHMOND, KY., ON OR ABOUT

SEPTEMBER, 1973, AND WERE SOON THEREAFTER APPROACHED

BY AN INDIVIDUAL FROM BEREA, KENTUCKY, ALLEGING

TO BE MIKE BROWN. BROWN ASKED NUMEROUS QUESTIONS

AT THAT TIME OF THE STAFFORD BROTHERS CONCERNING

THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF BURGLARY TECHNIQUES AND SEEMED

TO SOLICIT ANY INTEREST THE BROTHERS MIGHT HAVE IN

PARTICIPATING WITH BROWN IN ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES. WHEN

NO INTEREST WAS EXHIBITED, BROWN FAILED TO RECONTACT

THE STAFFORDS.

IN EARLY A.M., JULY 4, 1974, LARRY AND JAY
STAFFORD WERE ARRESTED AS RESULT OF THEIR PARTICIPATION
IN BURGLARY AND ATTEMPTED SAFE CRACKING OF GRANT'S
DEPARTMENT STORE AT FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY. STAFFORDS
WERE RELEASED ON BOND ON OR ABOUT JULY 6, 1974, AND
ATTEMPTED TO CONTINUE LOCK BUSINESS IN RICHMOND,
KENTUCKY.

ON OR ABOUT SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1974, NEWS

OF STAFFORDS' INVOLVMENT IN FRANKFORT BURGLARY APPEARED

END PAGE TWO

LS 185-6

PAGE THREE

IN RICHMOND, KENTUCKY, NEWSPAPER ON FRONT PAGE. THE FOLLOWING MONDAY, JULY 22, 1974, MIKE BROWN AGAIN APPEARED AT STAFFORDS' LOCK SHOP AND SUGGESTED THAT.

STAFFORDS COULD OBTAIN HELP, INFLUENCE, AND ASSISTANCE IN SOLVING ALL THEIR PROBLEMS IF THEY WOULD BE INTERESTED IN "GOING FOR BROKE". BROWN INVITED STAFFORDS TO HIS RESIDENCE, 101 CHERRY ROAD, BEREA, KY., TO DISCUSS PROPOSITION IF THEY WERE INTERESTED. ON TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1974, AT APPROXIMATELY 5:00 P.M., STAFFORDS TRAVELED TO BEREA AND MET WITH BROWN AT HIS RESIDENCE. AT THAT TIME, BROWN PROPOSED THE FOLLOWING SCHEME AND DISCUSSED HIS BACKGROUND AND PREVIOUS INVOLVEMENTS FOR PURPOSE OF ESTABLISHING CREDIBILITY:

BROWN STATED THAT HE WAS UNDER CONTRACT WITH A RETIRED ARMY COLONEL OR GENERAL WHEREIN HE WAS TO TRAVEL TO NEW YORK CITY AND PLACE INCENDIARY OR EXPLOSIVE DEVICES IN THE UNITED NATIONS BUILDING. BROWN EXPLAINED THAT THE PRIMARY TARGET OF THESE DEVICES WOULD BE A STATUE ON THE MAIN FLOOR OF THE UNITED NATIONS END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

LS 185-6

DEPICTING THE DEVIL. SECONDARY TARGET OF THESE DEVICES,

IF ENOUGH EXPLOSIVES IN THE FORM OF DYNAMITE COULD BE

OFTAINED, WOULD BE LARGE STATUE IN THE BASEMENT OF THE

UNITED NATIONS BUILDING, THIS STATUE SYMBOLIC OF

SOMETHING PERTAINING TO A GOD OR OF RITUAL-SACRIFICE

SIGNIFICANCE. BROWN EXHIBITED CHEMICALS IN HIS POSSES
SION, STATING THAT THESE MATERIALS WERE TO BE COMBINED

WITH STILL ANOTHER INGREDIENT, WHICH HE HAD NOT YET

RECEIVED, THAT THE END PRODUCT, WHEN IGNITED, HAD

CAPABILITY OF MELTING ANY BRONZE OR METAL STATUE. THE

REMAINING INGREDIENT WAS NAMED BY BROWN AND THE STAFFORDS

BOTH SUGGESTED THAT IT SOUNSS 18 (3 94 43) 53\$.

CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION CONTAINING ALUMINUM.

BROWN FURTHER QUERIED THE STAFFORD BROTHERS

ON THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF FIREARMS AND THEIR ATTITUDE

OR WILLINGNESS TO USE FIREARMS IF THEY HAD TO. BROWN

DISCUSSED SEVERAL POSSIBILITIES OF ENTERING THE

UNITED NATIONS BUILDING, ONE OF THEM UTILIZING AN INDIVIDUAL

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

LS 185-6

IN A WHEEL CHAIR, WHEREIN THE CONVALESCENT WOULD SIT ON EXPLOSIVE AND INCENDIARY DEVICES SO THAT THEY WOULD NOT BE DISCOVERED. ALTERNATIVE SCHEME INVOLVED THE USE OF A VAN TYPE TRUCK CONTAINING THE NAME ACME IMAGE ENGRAVING, REPAIR CO., INC. BROWN ADVISED THAT THIS TYPE OF VEHICLE WOULD NOT BE OF A SUSPICIOUS NATURE INASMUCH AS GUARDS WOULD EXPECT INJIVIDUALS UTILIZING THIS TRUCK TO CLEAN, POLISH AND MAINTAIN STATUES AND FIXTURES WITHIN THE BUILDING.

BROWN EXHIBITED APPROXIMATELY FIVE PHOTOGRAPHS TO THE STAFFORD BROTHERS STATING THAT THESE
WERE PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE UNITED NATIONS BUILDING AND
FACILITIES. PHOTOGRAPHS WERE TAKEN FROM OUTSIDE AND
INSIDE THE BUILDING. THE STAFFORDS DESCRIBED THESE
PHOTOGRAPHS AS SNAPSHOT QUALITY, THE KIND AN AMATEUR
WOULD TAKE. IN THESE PHOTOGRAPHS, BROWN EXPRESSED
THE FACT THAT GUARDS OF THE UNITED NATIONS BUILDING
DID NOT CARRY SIDEARMS AND WERE ONLY SHOWN TO POSSESS
CHEMICAL CANISTERS OF MACE. BROWN ALSO SUGGESTED
END PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

Litera M. Alexander

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WITH THE PHOTOGRAPHS THAT ITEMS IN THESE PHOTOGRAPHS

COULD BE DESTROYED IF A SURVEILLANCE CAMERA, NOT IN THE

PHOTOGRAPHS, WAS DESTROYED BY AN EXPERT PISTOL SHOT.

EROWN EXPLAINED THAT SECURITY GUARDS WOULD EXPECT AN

EXIT OF SUBJECT OUT THE FRONT OF THE BUILDING AND

SUGGESTED THAT AN EXIT BY THE REAR OF THE BUILDING

WOULD BE MORE EXPEDIENT INASMUCH AS THAT AREA OF THE

UNITED NATIONS BUILDING OVERLOOKED OR WAS CONSTRUCTED

OVER A FREEWAY TYPE THOROFARE. BROWN MENTIONED

ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL, WHO WAS CONSIDERING THIS SCHEME

(NAME NOT RECALLED), AND STATED THAT THIS INDIVIDUAL

WAS TEACHING HIM, BROWN, THE USE OF ROPES AND EQUIPMENT

FOR RAPPELING WALLS. THE STRAFFORDS BELIEVED THIS

INDIVIDUAL TO HAVE HAD SOME RELATIONSHIP OR INVOLVEMENT

IN THE U.S. ARMY PARATROOP CORPS.

BROWN THEN EXHIBITED A SCRAP BOOK TO THE
STAFFORDS CONTAINING A NUMBER OF PHOTOGRAPHS AND
NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS WHICH BROWN CLAIMED REPORTED
HIS INVOLVEMENT IN A NUMBER OF PROTESTS, MOVEMENTS,
END PAGE SIX

PAGE SEVEN

LS 185-6

AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN THE PAST. BROWN CONTINUOUSLY

REFERRED TO "PERFORMANCE" AND USED THE WORD "PERFORMANCE"

AS SYNONOMOUS WITH AN ACT COMPLETED. BROWN ADVISED

THAT HE HAD NOT "PERFORMED" FOR SEVERAL YEARS AND

NEEDED TO DO SOME GOOD "PERFORMANCES" AT THIS TIME IN

CRDER TO RE-UNITE WITH PEOPLE HE NEEDED TO ASSOCIATE

WITH.

THE TRIP TO NEW YORK WAS TO BE FINANCED
WITH \$250 INITIALLY AND BROWN SUGGESTED THERE WOULD
BE NO PROBLEM IN FINDING PEOPLE TO STAY WITH DURING THE
TRIP TO AND FROM NEW YORK.

BROWN INQUIRED OF THE STAFFORD BROTHERS AS

TO THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF ANYONE IN THE BEREA-RICHMONDLEXINGTON AREA WHO COULD ACQUIRE DYNAMITE. BROWN

ADVISED HE PREFERRED DYNAMITE FOR THE BASEMENT JOB.

WHEN ASKED BY THE STAFFORDS WHAT THEIR PARTICIPATION

WOULD BE, BROWN ADVISED THAT THEY WERE NEEDED TO

KEEP PEOPLE OFF HIS BACK AND CREATE DIVERSIONARY

DISTURBANCES WHILE HE LIT THE FUSE TO THE DEVICE PLACED

END PAGE SEVEN

PAGE EIGHT

LS 185-6

ON THE STATUE DEPICTING THE DEVIL ON THE MAIN FLOOR OF THE UNITED NATIONS BUILDING.

BROWN DISCLOSED THAT HE WAS USING AN ALFAS,

SUGGESTED THAT HE WAS A PUBLISHER, WRITER OR INVOLVED

IN BOOK SALES IN SOME WAY IN THE BEREA AREA AND FURTHER

DISCLOSED THAT HE HAD A CRIMINAL RECORD OF CHARGES

WITHOUT CONVICTIONS IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA WHERE

HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE IRON CROSS MOTOR CYCLE GANG.

JAY STAFFORD OBSERVED FOUR HIGH POWERED RIFLES IN THE

ATTIC AREA OF BROWN'S HOME WHICH HAS BEEN CONVERTED

INTO AN OFFICE TYPE SPACE.

BROWN IS DESCRIBED BY BOTH STAFFORDS AS FOLLOWS, WITH THE ONLY DISCREPANCY IN DESCRIPTIONS AS BEING ONE INCH IN HEIGHT, TEN POUNDS, AND THREE YEARS IN AGE:

NAME: MIKE BROWN; WHITE MALE, AGE 27 - 30;
HEIGHT 6' 1" - 2"; WEIGHT 175 - 185 POUNDS; BLONDISH
BROWN - MEDIUM LENGHT HAIR COMBED STRAIGHT BACK,
FULL BEARD, MEDIUM LENGTH, MUSTACHE.
END PAGE EIGHT

W, 22130 DocId \$\$53882288

PAGE NINE

LS 185-6

JAY STAFFORD RECALLS SEEING A WHITE FEMALE WHOM HE BELIEVES TO BE BROWN'S WIFE AND DESCRIBED HER AS A SLENDER GIRL, 5° 5", WEIGHING APPROXIMATELY 115 POUNDS. THIS INDIVIDUAL WAS MOWING THE BACK YARD . OF THE BROWN RESIDENCE, DURING THE STAFFORDS' VISIT. BOTH STAFFORDS SUGGEST THAT OTHER PEOPLE ALSO LIVE AT THE BROWN RESIDENCE AND RECALL SEEING SEVERAL CHILDREN IN THE YARD AT THE TIME. BROWN AND STAFFORDS TERMINATED THE VISIT WITH UNDERSTANDING THAT BROWN WAS GOING TO ACCOMPLISH THIS PROPOSED FEAT AROUND THE FIRST OF AUGUST . 1974 . WHETHER OR NOT HE COULD FIND PARICIPANTS. BROWN SUGGESTED THAT THE STAFFORDS MUST BE HIS KIND OF PEOPLE BECAUSE OF THEIR INVOLVEMENT IN BURGLARIES AND ADVISED THAT IT WAS BETTER TO LET THE "PIGS" KNOW THAT THEIR TIME WAS LIMITED THAN TO BE A WEALTHY CAPITALIST THROUGHOUT LIFE. THE STAFFORDS ADVISED THAT THEY WOULD GIVE THE PROPOSITION THOUGHT AND BE BACK IN TOUCH WITH BROWN IF THEY WERE INTERESTED. BOTH STAFFORDS SUGGESTED THAT ENOUGH END PAGE NINE

PAGE TEN

LS 185-6

RAPPORT WAS ESTABLISHED TO ENABLE THEIR RECONTACT WITHOUT SUSPICION. ON LEAVING THE BROWN RESIDENCE, THE STAFFORDS OBSERVED AN OLD GREEN CHEVROLET, BELIEVED TO BE 1960-1967 VINTAGE, WHICH THEY KNOW TO HAVE BEEN IN POSSESSION OF BROWN.

PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION BY BUREAU AGENTS

AT RICHMOND AND BEREA, KENTUCKY, HAS IDENTIFIED THROUGH

PUBLIC RECORDS THE OCCUPANT OF 101 CHERRY ROAD,

BEREA, KY., AS BEING MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN. KENTUCKY

DRIVER'S LICENSE ISSUED ON JANUARY 20,1972, SHOWS

SSAN 576-40-3284, DOB SEPTMEBER 11,1942, ADDRESS

CAMPUS P.O. BOX 18 ŒEREA COLLEGE), BEREA, KENTUCKY

40403. BROWN IS LISTED IN 1973 BEREA TELEPHONE

DIRECTORY AT THAT ADDRESS UNDER THE NAME MICHAEL H.

PROWN. 1974 LISTING IN SAME DIRECTORY, LISTS

MIKE BROWN AT RESIDENCE. ON MADISON COUNTY TAX

ROLLS IS LISTED AS OWNER AS EMERSON R. AND CAROLYN

MC AFEE, PRESENT ADDRESS, 209D YONT DRIVE, BILOXI,

MISSISSIPPI, 39531.

PAGE ELEVEN

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OBSERVATION OF TWO AUTOMOBILES PARKED AT BROWN'S RESIDENCE IN THE A.M. OF AUGUST 10. 1974. DISCLOSED KENTUCKY LICENSE BE7058, DISPLAYED, ON A 1970 FORD VAN. GREEN. REGISTERED TO HENRY HUNTER. ROUTE 5. HARRODSBURG. KENTUCKY. VIN F10YCG82749A. THE SECOND VEHICLE OBSERVED IS A 1966 WHITE FORD ONE HALF TON PICK UP TRUCK, BEARING A KENTUCKY LICENSE BD 2408. WHICH IS REGISTERED TO TERRI FRANTZ, 101 CHERRY ROAD, BEREA, KENTUCKY, VIN F10AD887065. TITLE INFORMATION ON FILE SHOWS PREVIOUS OWNER OF THIS VEHICLE AS BEING MAISTERRA FUR TRADERS, P.O. BOX 203, PHOENIX, ARIZONA, BUCKEYE AND 16TH AVENUE. PREVIOUS ARIZONA REGISTRATION NUMBER IS SHOWN AS 8958873. PRACTICALLY ILLEGIBLE SIGNATURE ON PHOTO COPY OF ARIZONA TITLE TRANSFER APPEARS TO BE HUNTER RAY FRANTZ AND THIS XEROX COPY SHOWS PREVIOUSLY ARIZONA TITLE NUMBER 4504218. DATED AUGUST 18. 1966.

RESEARCH OF MICHAEL HALSEY BROWN'S END PAGE ELEVEN

PAGE TWELVE

LS 185-6

OPERATOR LICENSE RECORDS SHOWS KENTUCKY DRIVER'S
LICENSE ISSUED JANUARY 20, 1972, TO HAVE ACCOUNT
NUMBER 458314, DESCRIBING BROWN AS 6'1", MALE, AND
SHOWS NO PREVIOUS ACCOUNT NUMBER AND RECORD OFFICIALS
AT MADISON COUNTY SUGGEST THAT IT COULD BE AN
ORIGINIAL LICENSE OR BROWN COULD HAVE SURRENDERED AN
OUT OF STATE LICENSE THEREFORE A PREVIOUS KENTUCKY
NUMBER NONEXISTENT.

KY., DISCLOSED THAT HE DELIVERS MAIL AT 101 CHERRY ROAD, TO AN INDIVIDUAL KNOWN AS MIKE BROWN. SARGENT DESCRIBED BROWN AS BEING APPROXIMATELY THIRTY YEARS OF AGE, 6'2", 200 POUNDS MAXIUM, BEARD AND MUSTACHE, AND DRIVING AN OLD GREEN CHEVROLET. SARGENT ALSO ADVISED THAT HE DELIVERS MAIL TO SOMEONE AT THAT ADDRESS WITH THE LAST NAME FRANTZ. SARGENT RECALLS THAT BROWN RECEIVES MAIL FROM PUBLISHING HOUSES AND MEDIA TYPE DISTRIBUTORS.

ARREST CHECKS CONDUCTED WITH KY. STATE END PAGE TWELVE

PAGE THIRTEEN
LS 185-6

POLICE, MADISON COUNTY, RICHMOND, KY., PD AND
BEREA. KY.. PD. NEGATIVE FOR BROWN AND (FNU) FRANTZ.

(FNU) FRANTZ AND TERRI FRANTZ NOT IDENTIFIED BY BUREAU AGENTS AT THIS TIME.

ON AUGUST 10, 1974, RALPH WAGERS, ASSISTANT

POSTMASTER, BEREA, KY., ADVISED MIKE BROWN USUALLY

VISITS BEREA, KY., POST OFFICE TWICE DAILY TO

PICK UP MAIL, HOWEVER, WIFE HAS PICKED UP MAIL INSTEAD.

WAGERS HAS IMPRESSION BROWN MAY BE OUT OF TOWN. BROWN

REPORTEDLY IS SUMMER STUDENT AT BEREA, KY., COLLEGE

WHERE MOTHER IS EMPLOYED AS ENGLISH INSTRUCTOR. BROWN'S

AUTOMOBILE HERETOFORE DESCRIBED AS 1963-1967 CHEVROLET

NOT OBSERVED IN BEREA AREA BY BUREAU AGENTS.

LOUISVILLE INDICES REGARDING JAY STAFFORD, LARRY STAFFORD, HENRY HUNTER AND TERRI FRANTZ UNIDENTIFIABLE.

LOUISVILLE FILES REFLECT "MIKE BROWN, 101 CHERRY RD.,
BEREA, KY. 40403" IS LISTED IN 1974 EDITION OF "IDENTITY
DIRECTORY FOR ALL ANGLO-SAXON, CELTIC AND KINDRED PEOPLES",
END PAGE THIRTEEN

PAGE FOURTEEN LS 185-6

WHICH ALTHOUGH REPORTEDLY CANNOT BE CONSTRUED AS A MEMBERSHIP LIST. FOR ANY PARTICULAR RIGHT WING ORGANIZATION OR IDENTITY GROUP, APPARENTLY IS ASSOCIATED WITH THE LATTER IN SOME FASHION. IDENTITY GROUP REPORTEDLY IS LEAD BY WILLIAM POTTER GAIL . GLENDALE . CALIFORNIA, AND IS ALSO KNOWN AS "MINISTRY OF CHRIST CHURCH". IDENTITY GROUP HAS BEEN DESCRIBED AS A COVER FOR AN UNDERGROUND ARMY AND CLAIMS TO HAVE REPRESENTATIVES IN FORTY STATES. IDENTITY GROUP ADVOCATES VIOLENCE AGAINST FEDERAL OFFICERS. BLACK AND JEWISH ELEMENTS, TAX REBELLION, AND HAS URGED THE KILLING OF FEDERAL JUDGES AS WELL AS FBI AGENTS AND INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE AGENTS. INFORMATION SET FORTH ABOVE REGARDING MIKE BROWN'S APPARENT ASSOCIATION WITH THE IDENTITY GROUP CONTAINED IN LOS ANGELES LETTER AND LHM TO THE BUREAU. CAPTIONED "IDENTITY GROUP, AKA MINISTRY OF CHRIST CHURCH, U.S. CHRISTIAN POSSE ASSOCIATION POSSE COMITATUS, EM - WHG, OO: LOS ANGELES" (BUFILE 157-28219), DATED JULY 17, 1974, COPY OF WHICH FURNISHED NEW YORK. END PAGE FOURTEEN

PAGE FIFTEEN LS 185-6

LOUISVILLE WILL CONTINUE LOGICAL INVESTIGATION TO FURTHER IDENTIFY BROWN AND FRANTZ AND OBTAIN PHOTOGRAPHS IF FEASIBLE AND FURNISH RESULTS.

NEW YORK AT NEW YORK. CONSIDER INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN WITH INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY DEVELOPED THROUGH INVESTIGATION, THEREAFTER, SETTING FORTH

LEADS IF APPROPRIATE. BURFAU IS REQUESTED TO SEARCH TERRI FRANTZ THROUGH

PUREAU INDICES IN EFFORT TO DETERMINE IF FRANTZ

ALSO ASSOCIATED WITH IDENTITY GROUP (AND SEARCH IDENTIFICATION DIVISION RECORDS FOR FINGERPRINTS OF BROWN THEREAFTER COMPARING

SAME WITH ANY LATENT PRINTS DEVELOPED OF STICKS OF DYNAMITE

FOUND AT CRIME SCENE OF CAPTIONED MATTER.

AIRTEL AND FD -302S FOLLOW .

FBIHQ KLJ CLR

END

Mike Smith, Security Patrol Clerk, Louisville was telephonically advixed 1155 Am by Weekend Supervisor J. R. Hagy that FBI Identification Record # \$13717E had been located for

that in Brown, and firearms violation, mot BROWN should

situred armed and also

'advised Bufuls mae regative search FRANTS

Transmit the following in  (Type in plaintext or code)  AIRTEL  (Plainty)  To: DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTN: EPH(LABORATORY - EXPLOSIVE UNIT) (ATTN: EDMOND KELSO)  FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (185-229)  SUBJECT: UNSUB; Five Sticks of Dynamite Found Inside Meditation Room, First Floor, United Nations General Assembly Building, Date PFO ATTEMPTED BOMBING - SUBVERSIVE  Enclosed for the Bureau are the following items:  (1) Five Hercules, Inc. Gelatin Extra Dynamite wrappers, Code Number "AUG 21 73 18";  (2) One length of red fuse;  (3) One white matchbook with orange and black lettering;  (4) One Lucky Strike digarette butt.  For the information Pf(the FBI Laboratory, the enclosed evidence was recovered from beineatth a small wicker stool in a corner of the Meditation Room, First Floor, UN General Assembly Building.  Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)  This document is prepared in response to poin request and is not for descent. The metric of the meditation response to poin request and is not for descent. The metric of the meditation of the properties and the content may be a stimulated to the content may be a stimulated to the properties approximately and the properties approximately appr	E .	D-36 Rev. 5-22-64)	FBI
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTN: FBI\LABORATORY - EXPLOSIVE UNIT) (ATTN: EDMOND KELSO)  FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (185-229)  SUBJECT: UNSUB; Five Sticks of Dynamite Found Inside Meditation Room, First Floor, United Nations General Assembly Building, Bulletone Renytel, 8/1/74.  Enclosed for the Bureau are the following items:  (1) Five Hercules, Inc. Gelatin Extra Dynamite wrappers, Code Number "Aug 21 73 1B";  (2) One length of red fuse;  (3) One white matchbook with orange and black lettering;  (4) One Lucky Strike cigarette butt.  For the information BE(LEG FBI Laboratory, the enclosed evidence was recovered from beneath's small wicker stool in a corner of the Meditation Room, First Floor, UN General Assembly Building.  Deureau (Encls. 8) RM  This document is prepared in response to pour request and is not for disposit retion or the pour Committee. Its use is Printed to the Interest Decision.  Approved: William Add to the Bell.  Approved: William Add to the Bell.  Method the seprees approved of the BEI  Method the seprees approved of the BEI  Method the seprees approved of the BEI.			Date: 8/8/74
TO: DIRECTOR, FPI (ATTN: FBT LABORATORY - EXPLOSIVE UNIT) (ATTN: EDMOND KELSO)  FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (185-229)  SUBJECT: UNSUB, Five Sticks of Dynamite Found Inside Meditation Room, First Floor, United Nations General Assembly Building, Bate Still BATT PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING - SUBVERSIVE  Renytel, 8/7/74.  Enclosed for the Bureau are the following items:  (1) Five Hercules, Inc. Gelatin Extra Dynamite wrappers, Code Number "AUG 21 73 1B";  (2) One length of red fuse;  (3) One white matchbook with orange and black lettering;  (4) One Lucky Strike cigarette butt.  For the information RECTES FBI Laboratory, the enclosed evidence was recovered from beheatth small wicker stool in a corner of the Meditation Room, First Floor, UN General Assembly Building.  Debureau (Encls. 8) RMM  1-New York  This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for disposite netion with your Committee. Its use is immired to distinct processing.  Approved: Mill Jan Jan Sent Merital Person.  Approved: Mill Jan Jan Sent Merital Person.  Approved: Mill Jan Jan Sent Merital Person.	Tı	ransmit the following in	
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(ATTN: FBI LABORATORY - EXPLOSIVE UNIT) (ATTN: EDMOND KELSO)  FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (185-229)  SUBJECT: UNSUF; Five Sticks of Dynamite		¬/	
Found Inside Meditation Room, First Floor, United Nations General Assembly Building, B/1/14 PFO - ATTEMPTED BOMBING - SUBVERSIVE Renytel, 8/7/74.  Enclosed for the Bureau are the following items:  (1) Five Hercules, Inc. Gelatin Extra Dynamite wrappers, Code Number "AUG 21 73 18";  (2) One length of red fuse;  (3) One white matchbook with orange and black lettering;  (4) One Lucky Strike cigarette butt.  For the information Bf(the FBI Laboratory, the enclosed evidence was recovered from beheatth a small wicker stool in a corner of the Meditation Room, First Floor, Un General Assembly Building.  Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)  1-New York JRL:ss (5)  This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for discounts and the content many not Ds dissibled to ununthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.  Approved: Ap	1		(ATTN: FBI LABORATORY - EXPLOSIVE UNIT) (ATTN: EDMOND KELSO)
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t .	:	Approved: 4	## Sent M Per

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NY 185-229

For further information, Detective SULLIVAN,
New York City Police Department (NYCPD) Bomb Squad, described
the device as five loose sticks of Hercules 60% Gelatin
Extra Dynamite manufactured 8/21/73 and measuring 1 1/4"
by 8". Detective SULLIVAN further advised that no blasting
cap or other detonation device was attached to the dynamite.
The open book of matches was found besides the device
and it appeared that there had been an attempt to ignite
the device by use of a burning cigarette.

The NYCPD Bomb Squad furnished the enclosed evidence but will retain the explosive filler for examination by their Laboratory.

## REQUEST OF THE BUREAU:

The Identification Division/Latent Fingerprint Section (ID/LFS) is requested to examine the evidence for any latent fingerprints of value.

The FBI Laboratory - Explosive Unit is requested to examine the enclosed material to determine origin and to compare device and method with any similar cases in the past.

Investigation continuing.

LABCRATORS CIVISION

Kas III E. Lynn

RECFUL

SSC Letter December 18, 1975

ITEM 1

701 SSC Unil NW 55130 Doctd: 32989560 -

## Domestic Intelligence Division

informative note 7/26/72

Summary

Previous data has been furnished regarding arrest of four white extremist Secret Army Organization (SAO) members being arrested by San Diego Police Department (SDPD) based on information furnished by San Diego Division extremist informant. Charges range from attempted murder to illegal possession of explosives.

Attached indicates additional arrests based on information from the San Diego Division extremist informant of two members of the SAO by the SDPD on charges of possession of explosives, receiving stolen property and possession of illegal tear gas gun. In addition a San Diego gun dealer was arrested by the Alcohol Tax and Firearms Division for selling illegal automatic weapon-conversion kits. Weapons, explosives and ammunition were confiscated during the arrest and searches of residences. Investigation continuing regarding possible stolen weapons recovered.

Copy of attached sent to Internal Security Division of the Department.

Pertinent parts included in summary teletype to White House, Vice President,

Attorney General, Secret Service and

Defense Intelligence Agency.

WCP:aeh

Control 160

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NW 55130 DocId: 32989569 Page

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 26 1972

NR 11 SD CODE

TELETIFE

11:37PM NITEL 7-25-72 GKF

TO ACTING DIRECTOR

FROM SAN DIEGO (157-2815) 7P

Sameon C

CAUSING EXTENSIVE DAMAGE.

THE RIGHT ELBOW.

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO,), EXTREMIST MATTERS.

ON JUNE-TWENTY ONE, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, AN UNIDENTIFIED ASSAILAND FIRED TWO SHOTS INTO THE RESIDENCE
OF PETER BOHMER, A RADICAL PROFESSOR AT SAN DIEGO ONE
BULLET STRIKING PAULA THARP, AN ASSOCIATE OF BOHMER, IN

ON JUNE NINETEEN, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWORKER SUNIDENTIFIED
SUBJECT PLANTED A BOMB IN THE GUILD MOVIE THEATRE, THREE,
EIGHT TWO SEVEN FIFTH AVENUE, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA,
AUG 3 1972

ON JUNE TWENTY ONE, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, INFORMATION PROVIDED THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT (SDPD) FROM SAO MEMBER HOWARD GODFREY, A LONG TIME INFORMANT FOR THE END PAGE ONE

MEDIDER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

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© 2 AUG 1 0 1972 30 Docid: 32989569 Page 71. IN 811 1.

PUNCO

Mr. Bates .

Mr. bishop — Mr. Callahan

Mr. Campbell .
Mr. Cleveland

Mr. Conrad Mr. Dalliey Mr. Jenkips

Mr. Mushall . Mr. Mile, C.S Mr. Mules

Mr. Soyurs . Mr. Wulters

Tele. Hoom — Mr. Kinley — Mr. Annahom

Ms. Horvis -Nas. Noorca PAGE TWO SD 157-2815

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (FBI) REGARDING THE

ABOVE TWO CASES AND OTHER PERSONS INVOLVED WITH THE SAO

RESULTED IN SEARCH WARRANTS BEING SECURED AND EXECUTED

FOR THE RESIDENCES OF WILLIAM FRANCIS YAKOPEC, GEORGE

MITCHELL HOOVER AND RICHARD AND GENEVIEVE FLEURY. AS

A RESULT, THESE FOUR INDIVIDUALS WERE ARRESTED AND CHARGED

AS FOLLOWS:

YAKOPEC WAS CHARGED WITH ATTEMPTED MURDER, BOMBING AND POSSESSION OF EXPLOSIVES. HOOVER WAS CHARGED WITH ATTEMPED MURDER AND POSSESSION OF BILLY CLUB. RICHARD AND GENEVIEVE FLEURY WERE CHARGED WITH POSSESSION OF EXPLOSIVES.

THE SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO) IS

A PARA - MILITARY ORGANIZATION FORMED DURING

THE EARLY PART OF OCTOBER, NINETEEN SEVENTY

ONE, BY FORMER MEMBERS AND SUPPORTERS OF THE

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE SD 157-2815

MINUTEMEN ORGANIZATION, FOR THE PURPOSE

OF REPLACING THAT ORGANIZATION, NOW

CONSIDERED DEFUNCT. WITH ITS HEADQUARTERS

LOCATED AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA, THE SAO

INTENDS TO WORK TOWARDS BECOMING A

NATIONWIDE ORGANIZATION.

AS A RESULT OF INFORMATION FURNISHED BY GODFREY,

THE FOLLOWING ACTION WAS TAKEN\_BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

IN SAN DIEGO:

\*\*EMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION\*

ON JULY SEVEN, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, JERRY LYNN, DAVIS, A CALIFORNIA SAO COORDINATOR WITH THE RANK OF CAPTAIN WITHIN THAT ORGANIZATION, WAS ARRESTED BY THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR POSSESSION OF EXPLOSIVES AND RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY.

ON JULY TWELVE, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, THE SAN DIEGO COUNTY GRAND JURY RETURNED TRUE BILLS ON YAKOPEC, HOOVER, AND RICHARD AND GENEVIEVE FLEURY.

3

PAGE FOUR
SD 157-2815

ON JULY EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, THE GRAND

JURY RETURNED A TRUE BILL ON JERRY LYNN DAVIS. SECOND

INDICTMENT WAS RETURNED ON ROBERT MEYERS, SAO MEMBER FOR

PERJURING HIMSELF DURING THE GRAND JURY HEARING OF JULY CARREST OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

ON JULY TWENTY ONE, NINETEEN SEVENTY TWO, A SEARCH WARRANT WAS SERVED ON VAHL BOYLES, RESIDENCE FOUR FOUR FOUR THREE UPLAND STREET, LA MESA, CALIFORNIA, BY THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT, FOR WEAPONS, EXPLOSIVES, AND MILITARY DRUGS. MRS. BOYLES IS THE MOTHER OF TROY HAUGHTON, A LEADER OF THE SAN DIEGO MINUTEMEN ORGANIZATION, WHO MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED IN NINETEEN SIXTY SEVEN.

A SUBSTANTIAL QUANTITY OF MILITARY DRUGS AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES WAS FOUND BURIED BENEATH THE BOYLES. RESIDENCE. EXPLOSIVE PARAPHERNALIA AND MINUTEMEN LITERATURE WAS ALSO DISCOVERE.

THE MINUTEMEN IS A PARAMILITARY

GROUP ORGANIZED IN JUNE, NINETEEN SIXTY,

BY ROBER B. DE PUGH IN NORBORNE,

END PAGE FOUR

4

Dodlid 32989569 Page 182

SD 157-2815 PAGE FIVE

MISSOURI, AS A RESISTANCE TO THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM IN THE UNITED STATES BY USE OF GUERRILLA TACTICS.

DE PUGH IS CURRENTLY INCARCERATED IN A FEDERAL PENITENTIARY FOR VIOLATION OF THE FEDERAL FIREARMS ACT.

THE PATRIOTIC PARTY HAS BEEN THE POLITICAL ARM OF THE MINUTEMEN.

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

ON JULY TWENTYTHREE, NINETEEN SEVENTYTWO, A SEARCH WARRANT WAS ISSUED ON THE RESIDENCE OF HOWARD FRANCIS

CLARK, ONE ZERO EIGHT ZERO SIXTH STREET, RAMONA, CALIFORNIA,

FOR EXPLOSIVES, AND ILLEGAL WEAPONS. CLARK WAS ARRESTED

BY THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR POSSESSION OF

EXPLOSIVES (TWO COUNTS), POSSESSION OF AN ILLEGAL TEAR

GAS GUN, AND RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY. THOUSANDS OF

ROUNDS OF MILITARY AMMUNITION WERE SEIZED ALONG WITH

DEACTIVATED LAND MINES, ASSORTED MORTAR ROUNDS, NUMEROUS

END PAGE FIVE

SD 157-2815

PAGE SIX

RIFLES AND HAND GUNS, AND SAO LITERTURE. CLARK ADMITS BELONGING TO THE SAO.

ON JULY TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN SEVENTYTWO, THOMAS

FORREST, A SAN DIEGO GUN DEALER, WAS ARRESTED FOR THE

SALE OF SEVERAL ILLEGAL AUTOMATIC WEAPON CONVERSION KITS,

TO UNDERCOVER SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT OFFICER. HE

WAS ARRESTED BY THE ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS DEPARTMENT

QTFD).

ON JULY TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN SEVENTYTWO, SAN DIEGO

COUNTY SHERIFF'S INVESTIGATORS SEIZED A CACHE OF

WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVES IN THE CUYAMACA PARK AREA.

INCLUDED WAS A FLAME THROWER, LAND MINE FUSES, A QUANTITY

OF EXPLOSIVES, AND PRIMER FUSES OF THE TYPE USED IN THE

BOMBING OF THE GUILD MOVIE THEATRE IN SAN DIEGO.

ON JUKY TWENTYFIVE, NINETEEN SEVENTYTWO, NEWS
MEDIA IN SAN DIEGO, INCLUDING KFMB, CHANNEL EIGHT
TELEVISION, AND KGTV, CHANNEL TEN TELEVISION CARRIED
A NEWS STORY REGARDING THE QUOTE PROBE OF SECRET
ARMY AND QUOTE, REVEALING THAT GODFREY, AN FBI INFORMANT,
END PAGE SIX

PAGE SEVEN

SD 157-2815

HAD TESTIFIED BEFORE THE GRAND JURY AND THAT A TWENTY
FOUR HOUR PROTECTIVE SURVEILLANCE HAD BEEN PLACED
AROUND HIS HOME BY THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT.

ON JULY TWENTY FIVE, NINETEEN SEVENTYTWO, DETECTIVE REUBEN BRANDON, SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT, ADVISED THAT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE FURTHER ARRESTS WILL RESULT FROM THE CURRENT INVESTIGATION OF THE SAO.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE:

SAN DIEGO HAS CLOSELY FOLLOWED ACTIVITIES INVOLVED
IN THE SAO PROBE BY THE SAN DIEGO POLICE DEPARTMENT AND;
OTHER LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES FOR POSSIBLE PROSECUTIONS
FOR VIOLATIONS OF FEDERAL LAW BY THE FBI. ANY WEAPONS
RECOVERED WHICH ARE POSSIBLY STOLEN MILITARY WEAPONS
ARE BEING MADE THE SUBJECT OF CURRENT INVESTIGATION.
BY THE SAN DIEGO OFFICE.

END

BJM FBI WASHDC .

ACK FOR NRØ19 & Ø11

CLR

 $\mathcal{C}$   $\subset$  MR. TRAINOR RECORD 712-A 9&D

W 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 185

	•	•	FBI	
			Date: 7/14/72	Philo-Coul Socret Line 10/20/7=
smit	the following	in	in plaintext or code.	10/20/73
	AIRTUL	——————————————————————————————————————		
			(Priority)	Le Spicher
		·		Re: Springert
	TO:	ACTING DIRECTOR, F	BI (157-23577)	Jan Jan
	FROM:	SAC, SAN DIEGO (157	7-2815)(P)	
*		RMY ORGANIZATION (SAC MATTERS	0)	Townstone d.
		Re San Diego telety FRANCIS YAKOPEC, Bon San Diego, California	mbing of Guild	7/1/72 captioned Theater, 3827 5th
	letterhe	Enclosed for the Buad memorandum.	ureau are elev	en copies of a
		Two copies of FD 3	*	to enclosed LHM.
		Copies of the LHM and Tobacco and Firear chal Revenue Service.	rms Division,	eminated locally Secret Service,
	2)- Burea 3 - San I	San Diego is follows.  (977)  ENCLOSU  Gu (Enc. 11) (RM)  Diego (2 - 157-2815)  67-3001)	RM RES-41	
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	proved:	61 10/1/N/	Sent	M Per : 1975 50/01

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 186

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# TED STATES DEPARTMENT O USTICE DERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Keply, Please Refer to File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535 July 14, 1972

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

Dear Sir:
The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believe to be covered by the agreement between the FBi and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.
1. Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
2. X Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
3. Threatening or abusive statement about U.S. or foreign official.
4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
5. X Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
6. Defector from U. S. or indicatés desire to defect.
7. Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.
Photograph has been furnished coclosed is not available.
Very truly/yours,

L. Patrick Gray, III Acting Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s)) 1 U. S. Secret Service, San Diego

Enclosure(s) (Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this 'ranamittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)



### UN1 D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

. San Diego, California July 14, 1972

#### SECRET ARMY ORG INIZITION

At 8:03 PM on June 19, 1972, JOHN MANSFILLD, 3an Diego Police Department (SDPD) advised that an explosive device was detonated in the Guild Movie Theater at 3827 5th Avenue, San Diego, California, at 7:45 PM on that date, causing extensive damage to the theater.

On June 27, 1972, Detective RUBEN BRANDON, San Diego Police Department, advised that as a result of investigation into the explosion at the Guild Movie Theater, search warrants were served June 26, 1972, on the residences of WILLIAM FRANCIS YAKOPEC, 722 Graves Avenue, El Cajon, Celifornia; GEORGE MITCHELL HOOVER, 8721 Magnolia, Santee, California; and, RICHARD FLUERY, 1544 Harbison Canyon Road, San Diego, California.

YAKOPEC, HOOVER and FLUERY are known members of the Secret Army Organization (SAO).

(SD T-1, June 27, 1972)

The SAO is a para-military ultra-conservative and militant organization in the San Diego area.

Detective BRANDON advised that after the search warrants were executed, YAKOPEC was arrested for violation of the California Penal Code (CPC) dealing with possession and improper storage of gun powder in excess of twenty pounds without a license and for attempted murder in connection with the bombing of the Guild Movie Theater. HOOVER was charged with

MINOLOSITER 3

violation of identical statutes. RICHARD FLUERY and his wife GENEVIEVE were arrested for violation of the CPC for improper storage of gun powder in excess of twenty pounds.

On June 30, 1972, JERRY LYNN DAVIS, National Leader of the SAO, stated that a member of the SAO had volunteered to take revenge for the arrest of SAO members in San Diego. He did not reveal the identity of the volunteer. His plan calls for the assassination of persons believed to be involved in the arest of the SAO members. Individuals mentioned as targets for the assassin are Chief of Police RAYMOND HOOBLER, Inspector WILLIAM GORE and Detective RUBEN BRANDON, all of the San Diego Police Department; STEVE LOGAN, Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco and Firearms, and possibly the head of the Internal Revenue Service in San Diego, California. SAO members were instructed by DAVIS to gather intelligence information concerning home addresses and other information concerning persons picked as targets.

(SD T-1, July 1, 1972)

Sergeant JACK PEARSON, San Diego Police Department, LARRY CLENDENINE, Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco and Firearms, San Diego, JOHN KEEFE, U.S. Secret Service, San Diego, and Inspector RICHARD NELSON, Internal Revenue Service, Los Angeles, were advised July 1, 1972, of above information.

# MEMBERS OF THE SAO SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

Character

Reference

Communication dated and captioned as above at San Diego, California.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 19Q

NW 55130 DocId: 33위용문전원9AgP제약한 Diarge #U.S.Government Printing Office: 1972 — 45

Per

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(4) Eproved: . SD 157-1820

criteria set forth in Executive Order 11652.

#### LEADS

#### SAN DIEGO

- 1. Will report results of FD-9 submitted to Bureau.
- 2. Will follow and report prosecution of subject.
- 3. An FD-356 has been resubmitted to St. Louis inasmuch as subject's service number has been ascertained. Will report military background when received.

BECAUSE OF YAKOPEC'S ACCESS TO AND USE OF FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES, HE SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS AND APPROACHED WITH CAUTION.

SD 157-1820

#### NONSYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

SD T-2 is Detective JACK PIERSON, Intelligence, San Diego Police Department, whose name is withheld at his request. Information located in SD 157-1820.



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

July 13, 1972 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Director United States Secret Service Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: WILLIAM FRANCIS YAKOPEC

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- 1. Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
- 2. Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
- 3. Threatening or abusive statement about U.S. or foreign official.
- 4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
- 5. [X] Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
- 6. Defector from U.S. or indicates desire to defect.
- 7. Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

Photograph has been furnished zenclosed is not available

Very truly/yours,

L. Patrick Gray, III Acting Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s)) - 2
 U. S. Secret Service, San Diego

Enclosure(s)- 2 (Ppon removal of abssified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION San Diego, California

July 13, 1972

WILLIAM FRANCIS Y KOPEC

#### I. PREDICATION

Investigation in this matter is initiated upon receipt of information indicating the subject to have been active in the organization known as the Secret Army Organization (SAO).

The SAO is a para-military organization formed during the early part of October, 1971, by former members and supporters of the Minutemen Organization, for the purpose of replacing that organization, now considered defunct. With its head-quarters located at San Diego, California, the SAO intends to work towards becoming a nationwide organization.

The Minutemen is a para-military group organized in June, 1960, by ROBERT B. DE PUGH in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DE PUGH is currently incarcerated in a federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

#### II. BACKGROUND

DEBONAH KERPEL

#### A. Residence

Subject presently resides at 722 Graves Street, El Cajon, California.

(SD T-1, March 15, 1972)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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#### B. Employment

Subject is presently unemployed.

(SD T-1, March 15, 1972)

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#### C. Education

The records of the Portage High School, provided by Mr. John Hevel, principal, reflected the following:

Subject attended Portage High School, Portage, Indiana, from September 4, 1956 to November 26, 1956, and from December, 1958 to January 9, 1959, when he left high school to enter the U. S. military service.

#### D. Military Service

Subject served in the U. S. Army from April 15, 1959 through March 14, 1962. Military occupational specialty -- Military Police; rank - Private First Class E-3. Subject received an Honorable Discharge.

(SD T-2, July 1, 1969)

#### E. Physical Description

On June 21, 1972, the California Law Entorcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) provided the following physical description of subject, effective March 10, 1970:

Race
Sex
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Marital Status
Social Security
Account Number

Caucasian
Male
5'8"
165
Brown
Brown
Married

JFK Act 6 (3)

#### F. Marital Status

Subject is married. His spouse's name is Deborah.

(SD T-2, July 12, 1972)

#### G. Date and Place of Birth

Subject was born on January 10, 1942, at Miller, Indiana.

(SD T-2, July 1, 1969)

#### H. Employment Record

Subject served with the San Diego Police Department, without pay, in a reserve officer capacity, from September 16, 1969 through December 17, 1969. He was ostensibly released because of his poor credit rating. Yakopec actually was fired due to his involvement with the Minuteman organization. At the time of subject's reserve status with the San Diego Police Department, he was associated with the Council of Carpenters working as a carpenter. From October 16, 1967 through October 10, 1968, Yakopec was employed as an insurance agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, Santa Ana, California. Between January, 1965 and October, 1967, subject worked as a toolmaker for the Douglas Aircraft Company, Long Beach, California.

(SD T-2, July 1, 1969)

#### III. ACTIVITIES

On June 19, 1972, John Mansfield, San Diego Police Department, advised that an explosive device was detonated in the Guild Movie Theater, 3827 Fifth Avenue, San Diego, California, at 7:45 p.m., June 19, 1972, causing extensive damage.

\$ ...

On June 20, 1972, SD T-1 advised that subject had claimed responsibility for said bombing, describing the device involved as being a one-third pound HPD Primer Charge with six foot safety fuse, mechanical blasting cap and a pull time fuse lighter. Subject indicated he had placed this device by approaching the theater through an alley way removing the grate from an air vent and throwing the device through the vent beneath the stage of the theater.

Information concerning the bombing by subject was furnished to Detective Reuben Brandon, Investigative Support Unit (ISU), San Diego Police Department, on the date received.

On June 27, 1972, Detective Reuben Brandon advised that on the basis of information furnished by SD T-1 and based on the known involvement of subject in the Secret Army Organization (SAO) in the San Diego area, a warrant was secured and executed for a search of the subject's residence on June 26, 1972.

SAO and Minutemen literature dealing with explosives and construction of mines and booby traps were confiscated from subject's residence.

Yakopec was arrested for violations of Sections 12-303 and 12-303.2 of the California Penal Code (CPC) dealing with the possession and improper storage of gun powder in excess of twenty pounds without a license and violation of Section 217 CPC, charging him with attempted murder in connection with the bombing of the Guild Movie Theater.

William Francis Yakopec was indicted on July 12, 1972, after a true bill was returned by the San Diego County Grand Jury in and for the Superior Court of the State of California.

Yakopec was charged with Exploding Destructive Device with the Intent to Wrongfully Injure and Destroy Property and Injure Persons on said Property; five counts

of Attempted Murder in conjunction with said bombing; two counts of Assault with a Deadly Weapon by Means Likely to Cause Bodily Injury Upon Peace Officers; Possession of Explosives Near a Private Habitation.

Yakopec presently incarcerated in the San Diego County Jail. No trial date has yet been set. A hearing for the purpose of setting bail is to be held on July 13, 1972.

BECAUSE OF YAKOPEC'S ACCESS TO AND USE OF FIREARMS AND EXPLOSIVES, HE SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS AND APPROACHED WITH CAUTION.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Diego, California

July 13, 1972

Title

WILLIAM FRANCIS YAKOPEC

Character

Reference

Memorandum dated and captioned as above àt San Diego.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Special Agent in Charge NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 201 FB1

Date: 6/16/72

			Date: 0/10/12	
Тга	nsmit t	he following i	in(Type in plaintext or code)	-
Via		AIRTEL		
A 10		Chekai I ! 1414	. (Priofity)	
		TO:	BUREAU (157-23577)	, e
		FROM:	BUREAU (157-23577) SAC, SAN DIEGO (157-2815)(P)	37
7	0	SECRET AR EXTREMIST	MY ORGANIZATION (SAO)	
, and an analysis of the second		EXTREMIST	Re Bureau and San Diego teletypes on 4/25/72, respectively, both captioned "JERRY LYNN DAVIS, MATTERS - SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION"; "SECRET ATON, EXTREMIST MATTERS".	
- A Constitution		deted end	Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of an captioned as above.	LHM Table
		÷ .	Source utilized in LHM is SD 1155-E.	1991
	•	LHM ere S	Agents who conducted investigation set forth i As STEVEN L. CHRISTENSEN and EARL M. PETERSEN.	n the
	,	Service a	Two copies of an FD-376 are stapled hereto. C M have been disseminated locally to U.S. Secre and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division (ATFD heir interest in these matters.	t
7.7.7			Active investigation has been initiated on RIC CY ANDERSON's activities are currently under tion by the Seattle Division.	HARD
13. / 20/3 12. 12. 20/3	childen .	gaining a seeking d	The pretext referred to in the LHM which was uncess to the Gunsmoke Ranch, was that the Agent irections to the Deer Park Lodge.	
لا وراده در		LEAD 1-4-1 ard	Will continue to follow ectivities of the SAO.	
311/00	:	2 - Burer 2 The about SIMOSIM OPT 14 Your Com	in (Enc - 8)  A Sectivities of the Section of the S	
i j	i [i].	1000	Sent M Per M Per	V

**★U.S.Government Printing Office: 1972 — 455-574** 



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### JNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

June 16, 1972 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

Director United States Secret Service Department of the Treasury Washington, D. C. 20220

RE:

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO) EXTREMIST MATTERS

Dear Sir: ·

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed
to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective
responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
   Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
- Threatening or abusive statement about U. S. or foreign official.
- 4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
- 5. [llegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
- 6. Defector from U.S. or indicates desire to defect.
- 7. X Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

· Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available.

2 //, ·,

yours.

Very truly

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
 U. S. Secret Service, San Diego

Enclosure(s) \_ 1 (! pon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)



In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 157-2815

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION San Diego, California June 16. 1972

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

On April 26, 1972, a confidential source, who has provided reliable information on numerous occasions in the past, advised no recent developments have been made in plans by Jerry Lynn Davis and the Secret Army Organization (SAO) for disruptions during the Republican National Convention (RNC). The source explained that due to the time interval until the advent of the RNC, such plans had only reached a speculation or discussion stage. Furthermore, actual plans and activities by the SAO would depend greatly on the nature of conditions existing during the RNC i.e., number of New Left demonstrators, riots, police retaliation, etc.

The Secret Army Organization (SAO) is a para-military organization formed during the early part of October, 1971, by former members and supporters of the Minutemen Organization, for the purpose of replacing that organization, now considered defunct. With its headquarters located at San Diego, California, the SAO intends to work towards becoming a nationwide organization. Jerry Lynn Davis, 2393 Washington, Spring Valley, California, is the leader of SAO in the San Diego area.

The Minutemen Organization is a para-military group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act. The Patriotic Party has been the political arm of the Minutemen.

The source had previously received information to the effect that four cannons of a type similar to those used in the Civil War might be available for use by Davis and his associates. On April 26, 1972, the source stated that two of these are maintained in the front yard of the Gunsmoke Ranch, 1509 Harbison Canyon Road in San Diego County area. This ranch is owned by Alden Edward Willis, not a member of the SAO, however, he is politically sympathetic and friendly with Davis. The source is not sure how readily available these weapons might now be to the SAO. A third cannon, previously referred to as being under construction, is now complete and is located in the backyard of SAO member Stanley Don McDade, 3220 Sweetwater Road, Lemon Grove, California.

151-2:577-24

ENCLOSURE :

The source advised he was only told of the existence of the fourth cannon and does not know its owner or location. The source said he understands these weapons are legal under both State and Federal law.

The source stated to his knowledge, Davis is not presently manufacturing or selling firearms or explosives in violation of Federal or California law. The source advised that approximately six months ago he observed Davis in possession of a fully automatic AR 18 rifle in .223 caliber which was received earlier the same day by Davis from one Richard Miller, 7186 Glenroy, San Diego. Miller's source of the AR 18 is not known but source said it is rumored that he has contact with a stockholder of the manufacturer, Armalite Company, and has also had AR 180 rifles (legal civilian version of the AR 18 rifle) for sale when no one else could get them.

Davis showed the source that the safety lever on his AR 18 had the third position for fully automatic fire. The source could not obtain the serial number.

On or about Merch 20, 1972, the source observed
Davis take delivery of a fully automatic M-2 carbine in .30
caliber from Cy Anderson, 1948 Northeast 168 Place, Bothell,
Washington, who is known to source as a trafficker in firearms
and other items of questionable legality. The source observed
the fully automatic fire control lever on the weapon but was not
in a position to obtain its serial number. The source advised
he is sure Davis still possesses the AR 18 rifte but Davis
claims this weapon is now "stashed" and its location is not
known to the source. The source said Davis maintains the
M-2 carbine in his bedroom at his residence, 2393 Washington
Street, Spring Valley, California; however, Davis has assured
the source that certain parts have been removed from both rifles
so as to cause them to fire semi-automatic only.

On September 28, 1971. Davis was observed by source in possession of about two blocks of C-4 plastic explosives weighing two and one quarter pounds each, about four pounds of TNT in one half and one pound blocks, and about two pounds of HPD primers in one third pound blocks. The source knows of no legal basis for the possession of these items by Davis. The source advised these items were last known by him to be located at the residence of SAO member George Mitchell Hoover, 8721 Magnolia, Santee, California, and were seen there by the source as late as

epproximately the first of April, 1972.

On April 27, 1972, Special Agents of the FBI at San Diego, using a suitable pretext, observed two Civil War style cannons on the premises of the Gunsmoke Ranch. One cannon, obviously hand made or home made, had a barrel approximately two feet in length with about a two inch bore and was mounted on a small four wheel carriage of an old Navy style. The second cannon appeared to be an original Civil War piece with about a three foot barrel having about a three inch bore.

A third cannon was observed by these Special Agents the same day in the backyard of the McDade residence by driving up a driveway commonly shared by three houses. This gun had a barrel of approximately four feet with close to a four inch bore and was mounted on a home made two wheel carriage.

On April 28, 1972, Donald Grossmeyer, Special Investigator, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Department (ATFD), San Diego, advised neither he nor his office had any knowledge regarding Richard Miller or his activities. Grossmeyer stated that the three cannons are legal under Federal law but thought they might possibly have to be registered to be legal under California law.

On May 26, 1972, Special Agent James Berrian, California Bureau of Criminal Investigation and Identification, San Diego, made available copies of records maintained by his Bureau, pertaining to transactions involving sales of handguns by individuals using the name Jerry L. Davis or Jerry Lynn Davis. In excess of twenty such transactions were found which were identifiable with Davis. In no two of these transactions was the second party to the sale the same individual. Special Agent Berrian pointed out that due to the dates involved, many of these weapons would appear to have been resold by Davis.

On June 7, 1972, the first source advised that with the RNC having been changed to Miami, Florida, the activities of the SAO had entered into a relatively quiet period and that the organization would at least temporarily concentrate on recruitment and propagandizing. He stated he had not yet been able to determine the location of any illegal explosives or weapons.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577)

6/15/72

IX JUN 19 1972

SAC, SEATTLE (157-1830) (P)

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

EXTREMIST MATTERS

00: San Diego

CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

EM - SAO

00: Seattle

Reference Seattle letter to the Bureau dated 5/17/72 Communication and San Diego airtel captioned "Secret Army Organization" and San Diego airtel to the Bureau captioned "Secret Army Organization" dated 4/11/72.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six (6) copies of an LHM pertaining to captioned matter. IN FORMANÍ

The confidential informant, SE T-1, is SD 1155-E located in Seattle file 157-1830-7.

This LHM is being classified CONFIDENTIAL because unauthorized disclosure of information furnished by SE T-1 could reasonably result in identifying a confidential sources of continuing value and possible adversely affect the defense interests of the nation.

Investigation in Seattle has determined that the FNU BAGWELL as mentioned in San Diego airtel to the Bureau dated 4/11/72, is apparently HUGHES ANDERSON-BAGLEY, JR. Seattle is currently conducting investigation to obtain current information concerning BAGLEY and, if warranted, an LHM will be submitted if investigation so indicates. after obtaining of pertinent background and activities, the § 35 matter on BAGLEY will be closed administratively in Seattle

The information in the referenced airtel indicates solely that BAGLEY was allegedly a member of, the SAO in Seattle.

12 - Bureau (Enc. 6) (-REG)

2 - San Diego (Enc. 2) (157-2815) (REG)

- Seattle (2 - 157 - 1830)

(1 - 157 - 1867) (CY ANDERSON) 2cc-ISD

Buy U.S. Sayings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

55160/ Docld: 32989#65//Page 206/11/ 1/3 6-21-72

SE 157-1830

The following sources have been contacted as indicated below, and none of them have furnished information indicating an active SAO in the Seattle Division. These sources have previously furnished reliable information concerning Minuteman activities:

SOURCE	DATE CONTACTED	AGENT		
SE 1100-E	· 2/24/72 and 5/22/72	LOUIS M. HARRIS, JR.		
SE 845-E	2/24/72 and 5/22/72	LOUIS M. HARRIS, JR.		

The Seattle Office is pursuing investigation concerning ANDERSON and the SAO to determine if, in fact, the SAO is a functioning organization in the Seattle Division.

Investigation will be conducted on ANDERSON's associates only upon receipt of pertinent information that they are associated with the SAO.

#### LEADS

SEATTLE

At Seattle, Washington

Will direct former SE 1100-E and SE 845-E to attempt to gain positive information directly through ANDERSON or other logical means to determine if the SAO exists in the Seattle Division.



n Reply, Please Refer to

ïle No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington June 15, 1972

RE: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

#### Secret Army Organization (SAO)

On May 5, 1971, this source advised that the Secret Army Organization was a new right wing group which was to organize individuals in various localities with the provision of military-type training for the purpose of being ready to eventually take over political power in the United States when the present Government fails due to oppression or communist influence.

SE T-1

On December 20, 1971, this source stated that although the SAO is a fairly new organization with a new name, it would continue to adhere to the tenets and principles of the old Minuteman Organization.

SE T-1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFIDENTIAL
GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions

#### CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

The Minutemen is a paramilitant group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

The Patriotic Party has been the political arm of the Minutemen.

On January 6, 1972, this source advised that his office had no information concerning the Secret Army Organization.

Special Investigator DONALD MADSON Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division, Seattle, Washington

On February 14, 15 and 16, 1972 the records of the Seattle Police Department, King County Sheriff's Office and police agencies in smaller communities in the Metropolitan Seattle area were examined and there was no information concerning the SAO in these departments.

On February 24, 1972, sources in the Seattle Division who have furnished reliable information in the past concerning Minutemen activities were contacted, none of whom were able to furnish any information concerning the Secret Army Organization. These sources were recontacted during May, 1972, and they were still unable to furnish any information concerning the existence of the SAO.

#### CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

On January 7, 1972, this source advised that CY ANDERSON, residing at 10418 Northeast 168th Place,

CONFIDENTIAL

#### CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

Bothell, Washington, was "captain" within the Secret Army Organization.

SE T-1

On January 6, 1972, this source advised that his office had no information concerning CYRIL ANDERSON being involved with the SAO.

Special Investigator DONALD MADSON Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division, Seattle, Washington

On February 14, 15 and 16, 1972 the records of the Seattle Police Department, King County Sheriff's Office and police agencies in smaller communities in the Metropolitan Seattle area were examined and there was no information of CYRIL ANDERSON being involved with the SAO.

On February 24, 1972, sources in the Seattle Division who have furnished reliable information in the past concerning Minutemen activities were contacted, none of whom were able to furnish any information concerning CY ANDERSON being involved with the SAO. These sources were recontacted during May, 1972, and they still had no knowledge of CY ANDERSON being involved with the SAO.

On February 17, 1972, the records of the Seattle Credit Bureau contained the following information concerning CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON, also known as CY ANDERSON:

Address

Wife
Height
Weight
Eyes
Date of Birth
Social Security Account
Number

10418 Northeast 168th Place Bothell, Washington DEONNA HELEN SUITER (nee) 6'1" 230 pounds Blue October 5, 1941

JFK Act 6 (3)

#### CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

Current Employment

Former Employments

Former Addresses

Owner of AAA Enterprises Bothell, Washington July, 1970 Northwest Outfitters Position: partner

June, 1968 Self-employed with the Pacific Ordinance Wholesale

April, 1967
Hilton Gun Shop
Seattle, Washington
April, 1967

10040 Northeast 145th Bothell, Washington

October, 1964 10712 Northeast 168th Place Bothell, Washington

On May 17, 1972, Sergeant R. J. PLANCICH, Bothell Police Department, Bothell, Washington, advised that he has no knowledge of the Secret Army Organization, but knows CY ANDERSON to have resided in the Bothell, Washington area for several years and considers CY ANDERSON a "gun nut" and "gunsmith." PLANCICH stated that he has had personal contact with ANDERSON over the years and knew him when he was a gun dealer in the Metropolitan Seattle area. PLANCICH stated that he knows of no specific criminal activities on the part of ANDERSON other than possible dealings in illegal weapons which PLANCICH stated is a possibility with anyone who is a gunsmith in the current days, referring to the present gun laws.

PLANCICH stated that his files previously had information of miscellaneous reports concerning ANDERSON's activities in the purchasing and selling of various type short and long barreled weapons. PLANCICH stated that the only information that would indicate any right wing activities on the part of ANDERSON were incidents that occurred during the summer of 1969 when his office received information that ANDERSON, accompanied by other white males were seen in the woods in

- 4 -

CONFIDENTIAL

#### CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

the Bothell, Washington area carrying sidearms and wearing camoflage clothing. When investigated by his department, it was determined that at that time ANDERSON was involved in what was referred to as "simulated maneuvers" in the woods around the Bothell, Washington area which PLANCICH described as being heavily populated by farms and related businesses. Also during the summer of 1969, a Bothell Police Officer observed ANDERSON in the company of several other white males who were once again conducting some sort of maneuvers. At this time the officer observed a shotgun in one of the vehicles, which when measured was just 1/2 inch over the legal limit. During the early fall of 1969, ANDERSON approached an officer of the Bothell Police Department with a weapon to determine if it was legal and under the current interpretations of both Federal and state law, it was opined that the weapon ANDERSON had was legal, but no record was maintained as to the type of weapon.

PLANCICH stated that ANDERSON, in the past, has purchased old Bothell Police Department vehicles and it was PLANCICH's opinion that ANDERSON did this to satisfy some unknown egomania that he felt ANDERSON had. PLANCICH stated that he knew of no violent acts committed by ANDERSON at any time.

PLANCICH stated that the only close friends and acquaintances that he knows of ANDERSON's are as follows:

GEORGE LOSEY, Woodinville, Washington

W. H. (BILL) MacONAGHIE, 3813 Northeast 123rd Street Seattle, Washington Date of Birth 5/21/42

ROBERT VERSTRATE 1863 - 15th Avenue Northeast Seattle, Washington Date of Birth: 7/18/42.

CONFIDENTIAL



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUPICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington June 15, 1972

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

CYRIL SUMNER ANDERSON

Character

Reference

Communication at Seattle, Washington, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 213

# Memorandum

TO :ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577)

DATE: 5/18/72

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (157-7318) (P)

SUBJECT: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

EXTREMIST MATTERS

Re San Diego airtel to Bureau, dated 4/11/72, and Bureau airtel to Las Vegas, Phoenix, San Diego, Seattle, and Los Angeles, dated 4/18/72.

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are eight (8) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned organization.

One (1) copy of this LHM is being disseminated to secret Service, Los Angeles, in view of the plans of the organization to use disruptive tactics during the 1972 Republican Convention.

Sources utilized in the attached LHM are as follows:

Source One Source Two

Source Three Source Four

CSIA 5114-E | MORMANIS IA 5623-E IA 4752-PSI

LEADS

#### LOS ANGELES

AT CARSON, CALIFORNIA: (1) Will contact local lave agencies for any possible information on the Secret Army Organization.

(2) Will contact confidential sources in Los Angeles in for any further information that may be available on the Secret Army Organization or possible activities of SAM NAPIER.

SD 1155-E

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: Will contact Mrs. BETTY MILLER, 48042 West 137th Street, Hawthorne, California, for possible information on NAPIER and the Secret Army Organization.

2 - Bureau (Enc. SandRM) 4

3 - Los Angeles (1 -157-656)

EX-10<u>9</u>

**REC-28** 

ME MAY 22 1972

HLG/clh

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 214

LA 157-7318

#### ADMINISTRATIVE

According to sources that have been contacted, there is no Secret Army Organization (SAO) in the Los Angeles area, and investigation thus far, has failed to disclose any associates or friends of SAM NAPIER that could be connected with NAPIER as a possible organizer of the SAO in the Los Angeles area. Several confidential sources are in a position to ascertain information about this organization should it become organized and active in Los Angeles. Contacts with these sources will be maintained for possible information on the SAO.

SAM NAPIER is currently undergoing investigation as to his possible connection with the Secret Army Organization (SAO) and possible affiliation with the National Socialist American Workers Party (NSAWP).

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Los Angeles, California Nay 18, 1972

SECRET ARMY OFGANIZATION EXTREMIST HAWRERS

Source One, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on April 20, 1972, that there is no information available that such an organization as the Secret Army Organization exists in the Los Angeles area. Source added that there has been no past information of such a group.

On April 28, 1972, Source Two, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised he could furnish no information on the Secret Army Organization or on an individual by the name of Sam Napier. Source advised the SAO is unknown to him.

On May 15,1972, Source Three, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised he had no information on the SAO or on Sam Mapier, or on its possible organization in the Los Angeles area.

Source Four, who has furnished reliable information in the past, has previously advised that one Sam Napier has recently joined the SAO and is allegedly assisting JERRY LYNN DAVIS, Leader of the SAO in San Diego, California, in Davis' attempts to organize the SAO in Los Angeles. Source advised that Sam Napier had formerly been associated with the National Socialist American Workers Party (NSAWP), but he had left the group. Source said DAVIS claimed that NAPIER had recruited another SAO member, but could furnish no name. Further, Davis claimed there had been three additional members recruited in the SAO, one from Carson, California, but identities were not known.

The NSAWP, Post Office Box 11146, Santa Ana, California, was organized in the spring of 1971. According to the NSAWP, the white race and western civilization face the prospect of eventual destruction at the hands of the Jewish and Harkist "enemies". The organization intended to follow the "great example of ADOLF HITLER and so make possible a new era of a truly advanced Aryan civilization." The NSAWP publishes a leaflet entitled "ATTACK!" and is headed by Commander EUGENE HAHILTON WINCHESTER, JR.

The following were checked in the Los Angeles area and all advised they could locate no record of the SAO or Sam Napier:

Credit Eureau, Voters Reg. Los Angeles PD L/27/72 5/1/72 5/1/72

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

On May 1, 1972, records of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office were checked by SC James G. Brown and they failed to show any information on the SAO but did reflect a record for Napier:

> Name Date of Birth Place of Birth SexRace Height Weight Hair Eyes Social Security

Account Number Occupation Marital Status Drivers License

Number

Sam Napier, Jr. August 18, 1918

Beattyville, Kentucky

Male Caucasian

5 feet 9 inches

200 pounds

Grey Brown

JFK Act 6 (3)

Trucker Divorced

D0925598

Napier had been arrested on March 8, 1969, for drunk driving and his bail had been set at \$308.50.

The arrest record did not set forth any friends or associates of Napier's.

On February 25, 1972, Betty Miller, 4804 West 137th Street, Hawthorne, California, advised that Sam Napier lives at 4806; West 137th Street, Hawthorne, California. Mrs. Miller was interviewed previously in connection with another official Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) matter. She described Napier as a male, Caucasian, about sixty years of age, five feet ten inches tall, heavy build, and that he has no steady employment. Miller did not, at that time, furnish any known associates or friends of Napier's.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GC .

## Memorandum

REC-68.

TO

:ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577)

5/31/72 DATE:

:SAC, PHOENIX (157-1173) (P) FROM

JECT: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO) EXTREMIST MATTERS

ReBuairtel, 4/18/72; PXairtel, 4/27/72.

There are enclosed to the Bureau herewith six copies of an LHM pertaining to captioned matter. IN FORMANT

The State Coordinator for the SAO in Arizona is PX 783-E? He advises, as pointed out in the LHM, that the SAO is proceeding cautiously in Arizona in order not to assimilate any eccentric people who could redound to

the discredit of the SAO in terms of being a patriotic organization. In this connection, he has mailed SAO literature to many "conservative" thinking people in the organization.

state, but has not yet received executed applications or inquiries from anyone who could be trustworthy to the basic

principles upon which the SAO wald like to operate. PX 783-E states that as of this date, he does not have a nucleus or chapter of SAO in Arizona around which to

build. He is acquainted with many of the dissident elements of the former Minutemen organization and, consequently, is not accepting them. He states that he is investigating

people at this time before answering their inquiries. PX 783-Elhas furnished completed SAO application forms from the following individuals whom he is investigating

> DANIEL MICHAEL TOPOROSKI, 615 West Alturas, Tucson, Arizona;

Box 542, Phoenix, Arizona;

HOWARD ALLEN OF BED.

2 - Bureau (Encl.-6) (RM)

REC 63 157-2 11 - 2 >2'- San Diego (Encl.-2) (RM)€ 3 - Phoenix

CLC: 1mb

1 CC = STEC (DEP) JUN 2 1972 1 CC - SS

This document is prepared in response to your request, and is not for dissemiyour Committee and the content may not be disclosed in the content may not be disclosed in the disclosed in the person-

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 218

(4.)

PX 157-1173 CLC: lmb

STAN WILLIAMS, 16228 N. 28th Street, Phoenix, Arizona;

RONALD LEE AUGUSTINOVICH, 1645 E. Thomas Road, Phoenix, Arizona;

PX 783-E advised that communications other than applications have been received by SAO from the following individuals:

R. J. MATHEWS, 2401 W. Southern, Box 478, Tempe, Arizona;

DICK ORRMAN, P.O. Box 4142, Phoenix, Arizona;

TOM C, PAYNE, P.O. Box 828, Tucson, Arizona.

The Phoenix Office has opened recent files on only those above who are not known to the Phoenix Office. (STAN WILLIAMS) in addition to (PX 783-E.) is currently furnishing information to the Bureau concerning the SAO. (AUGUSTINOVICH, above, who is the subject of Bureau file 62-110031, is currently a source of information for the Maricopa County Sherlif's Office. TOM C. PAYNE is the fictitious name of one of the members of the Department of Public Safety in Arizona, who made an effort to gain an insight to the SAO for his Department. Efforts to identify the rest of the above list is currently being undertaken by the Phoenix Office.

PX T-1 in the enclosed LHM is PX 783-E

A report will be submitted on each accepted SAO member after initial background has been developed.

This LHM is being classified "Confidential" in order to protect the confidential informant who is of continuing value to the national defense of the U.S.



# CONFIDENTIAL UNITE STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Phoenix, Arizona May 31, 1972

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

PX T-1 advised on May 26, 1972, that the captioned group has been endeavoring to take on an organizational structure since October, 1971. He states that, while the group is motivated by the same principles which brought the Minutemen into existence, the Secret Army Organization (SAO) is taking a more cautious approach than the Minutemen in its recruitment of membership, in order to avoid the assimilation of people of poor reputation.

In California, notably in San Diego, the SAO has recently had to sift the letters and applications being received there because of the obvious eccentric type person endeavoring to find acceptance in the group.

Concerning Arizona, source advised that the SAO has mailed a considerable amount of literature pertaining to the SAO to "conservative" thinking people, but has not at this time received response from the type of people they wish to affiliate. Consequently, no formal chapter or nucleus around which to organize has been formed in Arizona. However, a coordinator has been named and is operating. Source advised that not all former Minutemen will be accepted into the SAO.

Source advised that the SAO foresees a decentralized type of operation in each State, where in a revolutionary situation brought about by treasonous communist elements, the SAO could present a militant front immediately. Recent

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions

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GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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ENCLOSUPE

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

bulletin material from SAO headquarters in San Diego has introduced the thought that "the basic battle facing our country today is the one between individualism and collectivism. In its political form it appears as personal freedom versus police-state regimentation....In times of emergency, our members are not going to depend on General Headquarters for training material, bulletins and printed propaganda items. Local units and often the lone individual will have to improvise all these things. Communications to and from higher commands may be uncertain and the transmission of organization orders may be slow. We must have people who think for themselves. Equally important, we must have people who can see what needs to be done and get at it without being told."

The Minutemen is a paramilitant group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

The Patriotic Party has been the political arm of the Minutemen.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### CONFIDENTIAL

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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Phoenix, Arizona May 31, 1972

Title

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

Character

Reference Memorandum captioned and dated same as above at Phoenix, Arizona.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

CONFIDENTIAL

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date: 4/27/72

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AIRTEL	(Priority)	 	
TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577) (100-45155	4)	1.1.1
FROM:	SAC, PHOENIX (157-1173) (P)	$\mathcal{E}_{i}$	i Colore to po India
JERRY LYN EXTREMIST	N DAVIS MATTERS - SAO	نگر	,
SECRET AR EXTREMIST	MY ORGANIZATION (SAO) MATTERS		
00: SAN D	IEGO		
	ReButel, 4/25/72.		a les of les
	There are enclosed to the Bureau six ead memorandum pertaining to captione e of April 27, 1972.	d matter.	Les of E
	Confidential informant PX T-1 in the	LHM is	X 783-E
	This LHM is being classified "Confidity of this informant who is of continal security of the U.S.	ential" (nuing val	o proteck Lue to O
connectio	The Phoenix Office will pursue the m to learn of any concrete plans of the n with possible confrontations at the Convention in San Diego this year.  REC- 28	e SAO in	
2 - San D 1 - Las V 1 - Los A 1 - Seatt 2 - Phoen	170-27-01 16: - CRD 55	7 MAY 1 EXT. INT	STO
CLC: 1mb	This document is prediced in response to your reque - nation outside your Committee. Its use is limited to make the content may not be disclosed	st and is not to official pro <u>d to unauthor</u>	for dissemi- ceedings by ized person-
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NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 223

#### CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LETICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

Phoenix, Arizona April 27, 1972

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

PX T-1 advised on April 26, 1972, that during his contact with members of the Secret Army Organization (SAO) in February, 1972, Sam Davis, also known as Jerry Davis, and one Cy Anderson, posed the question to an SAO group as to what measures could be taken by the SAO to counter disruptions by revolutionary groups at the Republican National Convention. This question was never discussed at great length, but in this connection, one member suggested that old junk-type cars be parked at strategic locations where, in the event of confrontation with dissident elements, the SAO members could have access to the necessary weapons hidden in the cars. Since the time of the above discussion, however, SAO leadership appears to have had second thoughts on the matter because the latter have been heard to say that they are going to stay out of San Diego entirely during the Republican National Convention in order to preclude any untoward incident that could be attributed to the presence of the SAO and redound to the discredit of the SAO.

Informant advised that he has not been present when sources of weapons may have been discussed by the SAO, but states that he is aware of the fact that leaders of the SAO have attended gun shows at every opportunity, notably at Yuma, Arizona, on October 15, 16, 1971, and again at Yuma on February 25, 26, 1972, and at Phoenix, Arizona, on March 25, 26, 1972.

> Source advises that the Secret Army Organization is a new paramilitary group that has been formed in California to replace the Minutemen organization. It is composed of ex-Minutemen under the direction of Jerry Davis of the San Diego area. NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

CONFIDENTIAL GROUP 1

Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions

Excluded from automatic downgrading and

declassification (5/1/- 5/1/- ENCLOSURY)

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

The Minutemen is a paramilitant group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

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CONFIDENTIAL

- 2\* -

DERAL BUKEAU OF TAYESTIC

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Phoenix, Arizona April 27, 1972

Title

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

Character

Reference

Memorandum dated and captioned as above at Phoenix, Arizona.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the post.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 226 "

FROM Robert C. Mardian

ro : Director,

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Assistant Attorney General

Internal Security Division

DATE: April 21,

1121, MR.2Rechop \_\_\_\_ Mr. Miller, ES Add/ Mr. Callaban\_

Mr. Casper\_ Mr. Conrad.

L.r. Tolson.

Mr. Feit
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr

Mr. Da v \_\_\_\_ Mr. Cleveland

Mr. Pender... Mr. Bates ...

Mr. W ikart. Mr. Walters\_

Mr. S ·
Tele. Roor

Tele. Room.\_\_ Miss ri ...es. Miss Gandy\_

suвject: Jerry Lynn Davis

We note from your letterhead memorandum dated
March 8, 1972 from Phoenix, Arizona, that Jerry Lynn Davis
and other members of the Secret Army Organization met in
Yuma, Arizona, and discussed preparations for the forthcoming Republican National Convention in San Diego, California.
It is also noted from the report of SA Steven L. Christensen
dated March 8, 1972 in San Diego, California, that Davis
viewed the convention as "his big chance to do something that
would be remembered;" and further that he had planned a
sophisticated alibi to cover any bombings or other terrorist
activities that he may engage in during the convention.

In this connection, it is requested that we be advised as expeditiously as possible of any further developments in Davis' plans for the convention including his acquisition of any weapons or explosives.

The report of SA Christensen also contains additional information from sources SD T-2 and SD T-3 pointing out that Davis said that he had ready access to illegal weapons and explosive materials. This report further advised that Davis had purchased \$500 worth of M-2 Carbine parts in May, 1971 for the purpose of making M-2 "enforcers," that Davis in September, 1971 had a cache of several hundred pounds of explosives including TNT, C-4, and rifle grenades and further that his group was in possession of three operational Civil War field artillery pieces with a fourth under construction.

Cil CC-157-23577-Seudlangongangalier.

157-23577-8 APT 24/1972

NOT RECOPDED

This document is prepared in response to your request and is set for dissemi-55MAY 12197 Lyour Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by nel without the express approval of the FBI

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 227

TEL PX # 5 CE 4/25/32

It is requested that your sources be re-interviewed to determine if Davis is presently manufacturing, selling or in possession of any illegal weapons, explosives or explosive devices. It is further requested that any information you may acquire confirming such activities be furnished this office as expeditiously as possible.

With regard to the cannons noted above, it is requested that you determine their caliber and present location, including the weapon reportedly under construction in January, 1971.

Acting Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Acting Director, FBI

JERRY LYNN DAVIS EXTREMIST MAITERS -SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

SECELT ARMY ORGANIZATION EXTREMIST MATTERS

May 3, 1972

1 - Mr. A. W. Gray (Attention: Deily)

1 - Mr. T. J. Smith (Attention: Enright)

1 - Mr. R. P. Finzel

1 - Mr. W. C. Patterson

Reference is made to the letter of Robert C. Mardian. former Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, dated April 21, 1972.

Confidential informants, who have previously furnished information regarding plans of Davis and members of the Secret Army Organization (SAO) to engage in disruptive activities at the forthcoming Republican Mational Convention in San Diego, were recontacted April 26, 1972, regarding latest developments in these plans. One informant indicated that SAO leaders appear to have had second thoughts regarding appearing at the Republican Wational Convention and that they have said they are going to stay out of San Diego during the Convention to preclude any incident that could be attributed to the presence of the SAC which would discredit the organization. Another informant reported there were no recent developments in the plans of Davis and the SAO and that due to the time interval until the Republican National Convention plans had only reached the speculation or discussion stage. informant indicated actual plans and activities of the SAD would depend greatly on the nature of conditions existing during the Republican Mational Convention, such as the number of dissident demonstrators, riots, and police retaliation. 157-23577

The above letter mentions that the representations that the representations at the letter mentions that the representation of the standard large of the letter beggins at the letter mentions that the representation of the letter mentions that the letter mention of the letter mentions the letter mention of t California, entitled "Jerry Lynn Davis, Extremist-Hattors"

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CONFIDENTIAL

Group 1

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR

Excluded from automatic DIPLICATE downgrading and NAL SECURITY INFORMATION declassification Unauthorized Disclosure

Subject to Criminal Sanctions

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 229

Acting Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Secret Army Organization," sets forth, information from sources SD T-2 and SD T-3 regarding Davis' having access to illegal weapons and explosive materials. It was requested these sources be reinterviewed to determine if Davis is presently manufacturing, selling or in possession of any illegal weapons, explosives, or explosive devices. It was further requested that the caliber and present location of four Civil War artillery pieces, one which was under construction, be determined.

Our San Diego Office utilized SD T-2 and SD T-3 in the above report to further conceal the identity of one informant.

This informant was recontacted on April 26, 1972, and stated Davis is not presently known to be manufacturing or selling firearms or explosives in violation of Federal or California laws. Informant claims approximately six months ago Davis was observed in possession of a fully automatic AR-18 rifle, .223 caliber, which was received that same day from Richard Miller, 7186 Clenroy, San Diego.

Davis advised informant this weapon was altered to fire semi-automatic only. Its present location is not known.

On or about March 20, 1972, the informant observed Davis receive a fully automatic M-2 Carbine, .30 caliber, from Cy Anderson, 10418 Northeast 168th Place, Bothell, Washington. The source observed the fully automatic fire control lever on this weapon and claims Davis assumed him this rifle was also altered to fire semi-automatic only. This carbine is maintained in Davis' bedrose at his residence, 2393 Washington Street, Spring Valley, California.

On September 23, 1971, the inferment observed Davis in possession of two blocks of C-4 plastic explosive, weighing two and one-fourth pounds each; about four pounds of FWT in one-half-and one-pound blocks; and about two pounds of HrD primers in one-third-pound blocks. Informant claims these items were last seen approximately April 1, 1972, at the residence of SAO member George Hitchell Holver, 8721 Magnolia, Santee, California.

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#### CONFIDENTIAL

Acting Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

On April 26, 1972, the informant furnished the location of three Civil War type cannons and stated he had been told about the fourth one but did not know its location. On April 27, 1972, Special Agents of the FBI observed two Civil War style cannons on the premises of the Gunsmoke Ranch, 1509 Harbisen Conyon Road, San Diego County, California. Chebcannon, obviously homemade, had a barrel approximately two feet in length, with about a two-inch bore, and was maintained on a small, old Havy style four-wheel carriage. The second cannon appeared to be an original Civil War cannon with about a three-foot barrel and having about a threeinch bore. This reach is owned by Alden Edward Willis, who is not a member of the SAO but is politically sympathetic and friendly with Davis. A third cannon was observed by Special Agents in the back yard of SAO member Stanley Don McDade, 3220 Sweetwater Road, Lemon Grove, California. This cannon had a barrel approximately four feet in length with about a four-inch bore and was mounted on a homemade two-wheel carriage.

The informant stated he understands these cannons are legal under both state and Federal law.

On April 28, 1972, Denald Grossmeyer, Special Investigator, Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division, Department of the Treasury, San Diego, California, advised his office had no knowledge regarding the previously mentioned Richard Miller. Mr. Grossmeyer stated that the above three cannons are legal under Federal law but thought they might possibly have to be registered to be legal under California law.

The informant, who has furnished information regarding weapons and explosives and activities of the SAO, has stated on several occasions he will not testify against Davis and other SAO members and associates for fear of his life.

- 3.-

#### CONFIDENTIAL

Acting Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Investigation is continuing to determine additional activities of Davis and the SAO. Corroborating information is being sought, particularly with regard to the aforementioned automatic rifles and explosives. The results of that investigation will be furnished you.

#### NOTE:

The SAO is an ultraconservative, paramilitary organization, that was clandestinely formed during the Fall of 1971 in Arizona. Membership has been small and much of the training as well as the ideology follows that of the Minutemen. Several involved in SAO were formerly Minutemen. Information was previously furnished the Department regarding disruptive activity planned at the forthcoming Republican National Convention in San Diego and also regarding past activities of SAO leader Jerry Lynn Davis' acquiring or possessing firearms and explosives. Above-mentioned letter requested most recent developments regarding SAO plans to disrupt Republican National Convention and information regarding Davis' acquisition of weapons and explosives.

Classified "Confidential" as information emanated from informants furnishing information on a continuing basis, unauthorized disclosure of which could be prejudicial to the defense interests of the Nation.

- 10 -

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577)

DATE: 3/8/72

FROM :SAC, PHOENIX (157-1173) (P)

SUBJECT: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

EXTREMIST MATTERS

00: San Diego

There are enclosed to the Bureau six (6) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) which is self-explanatory. Two copies of the LHM are being designated for San Diego. Sacramento, Kansas City; and one each for information for Las Vegas, Seattle, Detroit and Baltimore. One copy each of this LHM is being disseminated locally to U.S. Secret Service and the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division for information.

The LHM is classified CONFIDENTIAL in order to protect the confidential source who is of continuing value and whose exposure could be detrimental to the national defense.

The confidential source PX T-1 is PX 783-E. LEADS:

#### THE SACRAMENTO DIVISION

#### AT SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Will search California license plates 99704-F and VES-494 through records of the California Motor Vehicle Division to establish the registered owners of these license plates.

### THE PHOENIX DIVISION

#### AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Will maintain contact with PX 783-E for information concerning the activities of the SAO.

- 2 Bureau (RM) (Enc. 6) ENCLOSURE
- 2 San Diego (RM) (Enc. 2)
- 2 Sacramento (RM) (Enc. 2)
- 1 Las Vegas (RM) (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 1 Seattle (RM) (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 2 Kansas City (RM) (Enc. 2)
- 1 Detroit (RM) (Enc. 1) (Info)

1 - Baltimore (RM) (Enc. 1) (Info)

(506p CLC:gjk This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for

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NW 55130 D6cId:32989569 Page 233



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

F. ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIO.

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Phoenix, Arizona March 8, 1972

CONFIDENTIAL

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

On March 7, 1972, Confidential Source PX T-1, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that five members of the Secret Army Organization (SAO) met a second time at the fairgrounds at Yuma, Arizona on February 25 and 26, 1972, incidental to the gun show which was in progress there, as sponsored by KIWANIS. Those who met together were Jerry Davis, also known as Sam Davis; Barry Godfrey, also known as Howard Godfrey; Star McDade: Bill Guiette and one other unknown person. California vehicles bearing license plates 99704-F and VES-494, were noted as belonging to this group.

At the meeting, Davis discussed the Republican National Convention which will be held in San Diego this year and which could be beset with problems from dissident groups with intent to disrupt the convention. In this connection, Davis spoke in terms of having an SAO training session some time before the convention for the purpose of preparing to control and counter dissident elements in the event the latter should get out of hand.

Source advised that the SAO is confining its recruiting efforts to the Rocky Mountain States, but that the group has established contact with former Minutemen in Michigan and Maryland.

Source, who is familiar with the political philosophy of the Minutemen, advised that the training material being used by the SAO is Minutemen material with an SAO caption to it; that, however, the political philosophy of the SAO is somewhat nebulous and in the formative stage. Source explained that the SAO appears to be playing down the anti-communist fight

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION
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ENCLOSURE

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### RE: SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO)

and to be injecting themselves into any political matter which they deem to be un-American or fraught with political intrigue. In this connection, the SAO has produced a Wanted Flyer captioned, "WANTED FOR TREASON-NIXON" wherein the SAO depicts President Nixon with photograph as a criminal for having gone to China to "form an alliance with another gang of criminals, the Red Chinese." A copy of this flyer is being made a part of this memorandum.

The Minutemen is a paramilitant group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

The Patriotic Party has been the political arm of the Minutemen.

Two printed items of SAO organizational material captioned, "Organizational Correspondence to Members" and "Security Classification Guidelines" were also furnished by source and are made a part of this memorandum.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

**--** 2 - --

- I. Letter To Prospective Member
  History Of The Secret Army Organization
  To Prospective Members Of The Secret Army Organization
  Membership Application Form
  Join The Secret Army Organization Leaflet (one)
- 2. Identification Number & Mail Drop Letter Practical Security Measures
  The Combat Team
- Training Program Letter
   Preliminary Training Lesson
   Join The Secret Army Organization Leaflets (5)
- 4. Intelligence Training Program

  a. Book "Guerrilla" By Charles W. Thayer
- 5. Security Training Program
  a. Practical Security Measures
- 6. Propaganda Training Program
  a. Join The Secret Army Organization Leaflet
  b. How To Organize An Underground Army Leaflet
- 7. Recruiting Training Programa. Prospect Data Forms (5)

Special Instructions:

The above order should be followed in sending out the listed materials. Extra material such as organizational bulletins on Weapons, Personol Equipment, and Booby Traps should be sent to the new members to fill in spaces between the regular correspondence. The member should also be sent each new monthly bulletin. Our main concorn during the Correspondence Phase will be in keeping up the interest of the new member until we can contact them personally, or put them in contact with other members. The best way to do this is to keep them busy with printed material.

#### LINES PERSONNEL STATUS RUNGS SECURITY CLASSIFICATION TO

Classification for new members who have not proven themselves NOVICE or completed any of the Basic Training Programs.

Classification for those members who have completed at least TRAINEE one of the Basic Training Programs or performed some other routine operation.

MEMBER (D) Classification for personnel who have been members for a period of at least six months but have not completed the Basic Training Programs or taken part in any but routine operations.

MEMBER (C) Classification for members who have completed the Basic Training Programs. but have not taken part in "Special Operations".

MEMBER (B) Classification for members who have not completed the Basic Training Programs, but have proven thomselves by taking part in "Special Operations".

Classification reserved for members who have completed their MEMBER (A) Basic Training Programs and taken part in "Special Operations". All members in this classification should automatically rate the rank of Sergeant.

- Classification for Team Leaders who have not proven themselves LEADER (D) or organized their units to the excepted level. Team Leaders in this classification should be assigned the rank of Second Lieutenant.

Classification for Group Leaders who have proven themselves and LEADER (C) organized their units to the proper level. Team Leaders in this classification should be assigned the rank of First Lieutenant.

Classification for Group Leaders who have not proven themselves LEADER (B) or organized their units to the proper level. Group Leaders in this classification should be assigned the rank of First Lieutenant.

LEADER (A) Classification for Group Leaders who have proven themselves and organized their units to the excepted level. Group Leaders in this classification should be assigned the rank of Captain.

Classification for Network Leaders. All personnel assigned this DIRECTOR classification must have proven themselves beyond any doubt. All Notwork Directors rate a rank of at least Captain.

Classification for Regional or State Leaders. All personnel in COORDINATOR this classification must have proven themselves beyond question. Coordinators rate a rank of at least Captain.

GSA FOMR (4) CF...) 101-11.8 \* UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## Lemorana<del>u</del>m

: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577) TO

2/25/72

FROM : SAC, PHOENIX (157-1173) (P)

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION EXTREMIST MATTERS

Re Phoenix let to Director, 2/3/72.

There are enclosed to the Bureau six (6) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) incorporating pertinent material from re Phoenix letter of 2/3/72. Two copies each of the LHM being designated for auxiliary offices.

INFORMANT The confidential informant mentioned in the LHM is(PX 783-E) The LHM is classified CONFIDENTIAL to protect the identity of the above source who is of continuing value and whose exposure could be detrimental to the national defense.

The Phoenix Office will maintain contact with above source for information which would identity personalities and activities in above organization.

2 - Bureau (RM) (Enc. 6) (Enc.

2 - Kansas City (RM) (Énc. 2 - Las Vegas (RM) (Enc. 2) 2 - San Diego (RM) (Enc. 2)

2 - Seattle (RM) (Enc. 2)

2 - Phoenix

CLC:gjk

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0-7 to PX Rep 18+ LHM 2-25-72

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REC-30

EZ FEB 28 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Phoenix, Arizona February 25, 1972

CONFIDENTIAL

#### SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

On January 31, 1972, a confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, made "underground bulletin" material available concerning captioned organization. This material bears the date, "January 1972." The material has been photocopied and is made a part of this memorandum.

The source advises that the leader of the above organization is one Jerry Davis from San Diego, California, who attended a gun show at Yuma, Arizona on October 15 through October 17, 1971. Investigation at Yuma, Arizona develops that one Jerry Davis occupied Room #12 of the Thunderbird Motel in Yuma, Arizona, starting from October 15, 1971 to October 17, 1971. At that time, he recorded that he was driving a Ford vehicle bearing California license QNB-857 and that his residence was at 2393 Washington, Lemon Grove, California.

Source advises that the Secret Army Organization is a new paramilitary group that has been formed in California to replace the Minutemen organization. It is composed of ex-Minutemen under the direction of Jerry Davis of the San Diego area.

The Minutemen is a paramilitant group organized in June, 1960, by Robert B. DePugh in Norborne, Missouri, as a resistance to the spread of communism in the United States by use of guerrilla tactics. DePugh is currently incarcerated in a Federal penitentiary for violation of the Federal Firearms Act.

The Patriotic Party has been the political arm of the Minutemen.

### NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION Unauthorized Disclosure

Subject to Criminal Sanctions

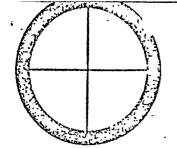
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NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 239

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## SECRET ARMY CRGANIZATION

## UNDERGROUND BULLETIN

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS

- JANUARY 1972

"God grants liberty only to those who love it and are always willing to guard and defend it". Daniel Webster

Fellow members,

This month's bulletin will deal mostly with "Booby Traps". Because of the length of this article we are only sending out the first half this month. The second half will be published in next month's bulletin. Future bulletins this coming year will contain material on psychological warfare, urban warfare tactics, communications, survival equipment, first aid, explosives, weapons, codes, and other related warfare subjects.

Those members who have not yet completed or started on the organization's basic training programs are hereby urged to do so. We cannot, in most cases, assign any member to an important underground project or to an organized team or group until they have completed this training program.

While headquarters cannot assign a member in the above classification to an established unit, any member can (and is encouraged to) recruit and form their own combat team (see December 1971 Bulletin). In many cases this may be the best policy in regards to personal security as the member would be working with the people he personally knows and trusts. If any member would like to form their own unit they should write to their assigned mail drop and the organization will send them further instructions along with a Team Recruiting Packet. The article on "The Dispersed Team" in this month's bulletin should help those members who wish to form their own Combat Team.

We are enclosing a small number of S. A. O. stickers with this month's bulletin. Please put them in your shirt pocket or billfold and as soon as possible stick them up in phone booths, at bus stops, or other public places that you visit. The stickers are already gummed and when wet will adhere firmly to glass, metal, or any other smooth surface. If our members would use these stickers along with the leaflets that are available, it would have a real psychological impact on the rest of the American people and give them evidence that there are still those among them who are willing to fight for the re-establishment of a Constitutional Republic. These first stickers are being sent to each member free, additional stickers and leaflets can be ordered on the monthly report form.

When discussing a great Army Organization "Combat cam", we usually think of a small group of people who live very close to one another. Such an arrangement has certain advantages, such as ease of communication and travel for collective training and team operations, but there are also several disadvantages.

Among the disadvantages are these: Team members may be well acquainted with only a small geographical area. If forced to leave this area the team may be placed at a serious disadvantage. It is harder for a team of SAO members who live closely together to keep from attracting attention, thus unit security may be poor. If one pember of the team is ever discovered and arrested by the enemy, chances are that all members of the team will be rounded up together.

These considerations have caused us to experiment with a new arrangement that we refer to as a "Dispersed Team". Such a team has the same number of members (usually six) as a regular Combat Team. Each team is split into two sections as is the old team. The members have the same type of individual specialties and duties.

The big difference lies in the fact that the team members may be located over a comparatively larger area - perhaps as much as 25 to 50 miles in diameter. In urban areas one team member may live in each of six different cities. Thus the team may range over a fairly large geographical area with at least one team member being familiar with the immediate territory through which they are traveling.

When active as part of an underground movement (as opposed to the classical forms of guerrilla warfare) the Dispersed Team has several other advantages. For example, if one member of the team gets too "hot" in his area, he automatically has five other hide-outs to which he can go for assistance or to which he can send his family for temporary safety. The Dispersed Team can conveniently cover a larger area in the fields of recruiting, psychological warfare, and propaganda. Operations of sabotage, surveillance and harassment of communist personnel, raids, and other combat type operations can be successfully conducted while moving a minimum of people over a minimum distance.

During the present period of deliberate delay the activities of the team will naturally be different from some future period in which all out warfare between our organization and our country's communist enemies develops.

If the team is to achieve its ultimate objectives the following activities must be provided for: (1) organization of and within the team, (2) communications between the team and higher command, (3) maintaining secrecy of team members, (4) maintaining a continuous and effective propaganda effort, (5) obtaining the necessary supplies and equipment for present and future needs, (6) training of the team in general, and of individual members in their own specialties.

When the required personnel are not available to form a full team, a three man section should be formed. When additional people are recruited the unit can then be expanded in an orderly fashion.

COMMITTEE

CONFITTY TRAPS

Proadly defined a booby trap can be any kind of apparatus in which a reaction unfavorable to the enemy is brought about when he unintentionally makes some act which triggers the reaction. The most common types of booby traps used in warfare involve an explosive charge which is set off by movement of a trip wire or the moving of some object which is connected to the trigger mechanism.

On occasion the explosive charge may be replaced by signal flares, gas, smoke or other chemical agents. The trigger mechanism may be either electric, mechanical, thermal or chemical.

ELECTRICALLY OPERATED TRIGGERS. Such trigger mechanisms are very easily arranged wherever a supply of electric blasting caps are available and also a suitable source of electricity. One of the most common electric type booby traps is to simply interrupt the electrical circuit in some building so that when the lights are turned on the explosive is detonated. This simple procedure applied to an automobile with a few sticks of dynamite has marked the end of more than one gangland hoodlum. To booby trap a car in this manner one side of the electric blasting cap can be attached to any metal part of the car while the other side is attached to a spark plug or the "cold side" of the ignition switch. In the first case the cap detonates the dynamite when the starter motor is turned over or if attached to the key switch detonating occurs when the ignition is turned on.

Any movable object can be booby trapped so that when it is moved some simple type electrical switch contact is closed to complete a circuit between a dry cell battery and the detonator. A very simple example would be to have one wire tacked along the edge of a door and the other wire tacked to the frame and extending out far enough that contact is made between the two when the door is opened. A slightly more refined trigger involves two small springs separated by some thin piece of insulation at one end as shown in Figure No. 1. When pressure is applied, the springs are held apart and when the pressure is released, the springs come together to make electrical contact. This may be placed in a door which is then closed to open the switch while the explosive is wired into the circuit. When the door is opened pressure is released and the charge explodes.

This simple trigger can be placed under the leg of a chair, a wooden box or any other movable object of sufficient weight. If the chair is moved or the box lifted the release of pressure will close the electrical circuit.

A person skilled in the placement of booby traps will not leave any part of the switch, wires or charge visible. Instead of

-1-

frame, place the togger mechanism at the edge of the door and then replace the frame so that the entire mechanism is hidden when the door is closed.

By taking off the frame of a window and drilling a hole put through the window casing the trigger mechanism can be placed that the charge will be detonated by either raising or lowering a half open window.

A simple time delay mechanism can be arranged by placing with these triggers under a glass jar filled with water. When eneagh of the water evaporates, the weight of the jar will no longer be sufficient to hold the contacts open.

Figure No. 2 shows another simple electrical trigger made from a spring clothes pin. The improvised contacts are held apart by a small wooden wedge in the jaws of the clothes pin. This wedge can be attached to a trip wire or other movable object. When it is withdrawn the clothes pin shuts and the electric circuit is completed.

A trigger of this type can be used to make a time delay mechanism in many different ways. The wedge may be connected by a loose cord to the end of a spring which is also attached to a tin can. Above this a second tin can full of sand or water is placed with a hole in the bottom so that the contents gradually fall through into the second can. When the weight of the lower can becomes enough to stretch the spring sufficiently the wedge will be pulled from the clothes pin. As an alternate method the spring may be already stretched out and held there by a second cord attached to some other solid object. The cord holding the spring could be placed through a candle so that it will be burned in two when the candle burned down a certain distance. An active imagination can devise countless ways for activating this type of trigger either by instant action or delayed action.

A clever derivative of this simple trigger is used in the "British book trap". In this case a book is hollowed out to contain a small battery and a quarter pound block of TNT which is detonated by an electrical blasting cap. The circuit passes through two contacts attached to opposite pages of the book but are held apart by some insulating material which is attached to the back of the bookcase. If the book is withdrawn from the case the contacts come together and the TNT is detonated.

A British ball bearing contact switch is shown in Figure No.

3. This type of contact is very useful in placing charges entirely within a movable object. For example, a suitcase could be laid on its side with the contact positioned inside in such a way that when the suitcase was picked up the ball bearing would roll forward and complete the contact. Similar electrically activated booby

traps could be pland in closed gasoline cans, cancens, ammunition boxes or dozens of other objects which an enemy would place right side up before opening. A plastic or glass test tube could be used instead of a metal case by sticking two wires through the cork in such a manner that the ball bearing would come in contact with both of them.

tube of this type. Holding the tube with the open end up, first pour in a quantity of dried peas, then a measured amount of water, drop in the ball bearing (in this case a wad of tin foil could be used as well), finally put the cork in the top with the wire sticking down through. The water will cause the dried peas to swell which will push the ball bearing (or wad of tin foil) up until it makes contact with the two wires to complete the circuit. The time can be regulated from a few minutes to several hours depending on the length of the tube, the amount of water, and the quantity of peas used.

Far more sophisticated types of electrical triggers are manufactured some of which operate by photoelectric cell or even more difficult to recognize mechanisms. These may be used to safeguard record centers, important military or missile bases, etc. but are seldom encountered under battlefield conditions.

MECHANICAL TRIGGERS. These may be operated either by impact or by friction. The ordinary hand grenade employs an impact trigger. When the handle is released a spring operated lever snaps against a cap (similar to the priming cap in a shotgun shell) which in turn starts a short fuse to burn. This fuse leads to a blasting cap centered in an explosive charge.

The trigger mechanism of a "potato masher" hand grenade operates much like the firing pin of a bolt action rifle. In this case a spring activated plunger strikes a detonator. The plunger may be released by pulling out a pin as shown in Figure No. 4, by cutting a wire as shown in Figure No. 5 or by applying pressure to a slotted key as shown in Figure No. 6.

Explosion of the primer cap alone is not sufficient to detonate most military explosives. Generally a booster charge of a fairly sensitive explosive is detonated by the primer and this in turn detonates the main charge. In military use TNT is by far the most common explosive used in the main charge of booby traps. So called "plastic explosive" or "Composition C-3" contains 78 percent RDX and 22% plasticizer made up of mixture of dinitrotolune, TNT, nitrocellulose and dimethylformamide. RDX is cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine which is manufactured by nitrating hexamethyleneteramine (which is obtained by the reaction of formaldehyde and ammonia).

Booster charges where necessary are usually tetryl or PETN. Common explosives used in primers are lead azide, lead styphnate or the now larger, discontinued mercury fulminate. Characteristics, uses and manufacture of explosives will be dealt with in another chapter.

A very simple device can be made from a screen door spring that will explode an ordinary rifle cartridge when activated by a trip wire. Although the "explosion" is almost harmless it can be very nerve racking to an approaching enemy.

A more deadly booby trap consists of a short piece of pipe which is driven into the ground. A plunger type trigger mechanism is dropped into the pipe and an ordinary rifle cartridge placed point up in the pipe so that perhaps one-half inch is exposed above the ground. The weight of a man stepping on the bullet releases the trigger and fires the cartridge which will penetrate well up into the leg or the body.

Some mechanical triggers are activated by friction just like striking a match on the rough material of the match cover. Figure No. 7 shows a cut-away drawing of the U.S. Army firing device, pull friction type M-2. The coated wire is covered with a gritty substance much like the strip on a book of matches. When this is pulled out through a container of flash compound (chemically similar to the match heads) the friction ignites the flash compound which may be used either to light a fuse or fire a blasting cap.

A crude but effective friction device can be prepared by sticking the end of a fuse in some small cylinder filled with match heads through which is placed a small strip of tin or heavy cardboard with a friction strip from match books glued to both sides.

In field use the friction type ignitor can be hidden in many ways connected with trip wires or attached to movable objects to set off either instant or delayed charges.

THERMAL IGNITORS. In some cases the ignitor, (fuse or primer) can be used as a trigger mechanism. For example in World War II the Germans were known to tear down fireplaces and cement them back together with hidden charges that would ignite when a fire was built. A simple hand grenade or mortar shell hidden in a hollow log by a burned out fire would, of course, explode if the log were used as fuel without being inspected.

A common trick is for a retreating army to leave behind coal oil lamps or lanterns filled with gasoline. An unthinking person who touches a match to such a lantern will nearly always be burned to death.

• CHEMICAL TRIGGERS. These are more frequently used in the construction of time bombs than in booby traps. Figure No. 8

shows an Italian chemical delay igniter. The upper chamber contains acetone. When the piercing pin is pushed downward it penetrates the lead disc and allows the acctone to flow into the lower chamber. The acetone gradually dissolves the celluloid washer which holds back the striker. The time delay can be varied by placing different numbers of cellophane washers on the striker rod.

In several similar types of delayed mechanisms the striker is held back by a thin metal wire which is gradually dissolved when a solution of acid is allowed to surround it.

Other types of delay mechanisms may be constructed where a liquid is allowed to drop through a small hole into a lower container having a reactive substance attached part way up one wall. The liquid level in the chamber gradually raises until it comes in contact with the reactive substance which is the igniter. One suitable combination is sulfuric acid for the liquid and a mixture of potassium chlorate and sugar for the solid. Another suitable combination is plain water for the liquid and metallic sodium for the solid. There are many other combinations which a chemist might improvise from materials at hand.

There are some explosives so sensitive that they can be used as trigger mechanisms. Ammonium tri-iodide can be made from ordinary household ammonia and iodine crystals. If the iodine crystals are not available they can be obtained by evaporating sufficient volume of tincture of iodine in a flat glass dish.

Place two or three teaspoons of iodine crystals in a piece of kleenex and wet thoroughly with strong ammonia solution. A small amount of ammonia may be added from time to time making certain that it does not have the chance to dry out. After three or four tablespoons of ammonia solution have been absorbed and partly evaporated from the iodine it can be left to dry out. While wet ammonium tri-iodide is reasonably safe to handle. When dry, it is so sensitive that it detonates at the slightest touch. It may be exploded by a person walking on a wooden floor several feet away or a door being closed in the same building. The amount described above will produce a violent explosion and should be treated with extreme caution. Several similar compounds will be mentioned in the chapter on explosives.

One or two teaspoonsful of mercury fulminate of silver fulminate mixed (very gently) with ten percent coarse sand can be placed in a small packet of paper and attached to the upper side of an automobile tire with adhesive tape. When the tire rolls over it the fulminate will explode with sufficient power to destroy even a husky truck tire. These combinations also are very danger-ous to handle.

#### READY MADE BOOBY TRAPS

All national armics are supplied with a variety of manufactured trigger devices, charges, etc. to be used specifically as booby trap material. Most firing devices are threaded on one end with a standing size that allows them to be used either with prepared charges or with improvised charges made from mortar or artillery shells. Figure No. 9 shows a simple firing device attached to a hand grenade.

An antipersonnel mine of French manufacture is shown in Figure No. 10. The apparatus at the left side is a trigger mechanism that can be operated by a trip wire. When it is fired the flash passes through the "U" tube which propels a 60mm grenade into the air and at the same time ignites a 1/5 second delay pellet. The grenade explodes a few feet off the ground to shower metal fragments over a wide area. Total weight of mine is 5-1/2 pounds.

Guerrilla bands have sometimes used artillery shells or mortar shells in demolition work by placing them in a large pile of wood or other combustible material and building a bond fire around them until they exploded. For booby traps use, however, the projectile of an artillery shell is the only part of any value. Useful sizes include 75mm, 90mm, 105mm, and 155mm. In those artillery shells where the prjectile is attached to the case, it is generally best to remove the projectile and discard the case. Artillery shell projectiles may be fused either in the nose or in the base. For most efficient use, the regular fuse must be unscrewed and a standard firing device (M10 Universal destructor) put in its place.

#### IMPROVISED BOOBY TRAPS

Standard hand grenades can be used alone in booby traps in a number of methods. The simplest is to carefully remove the handle and wedge the grenade between two heavy objects strong enough to hold the spring in the cocked position.

Another trick is to cover a hand grenade with wet mud with just the safety pin ring sticking out. After the mud has hardened, it will hold the handle in place and the safety pin ring can be withdrawn. These harmless looking clumps of mud scattered along \_... a dirt road will, of course, break open when hit by an automobile tire which will release the handle and fire the grenade. A similar . trick is to place grenades in glass jars tight enough to hold the... handle in place when the safety pins are withdrawn. At night these way be strung on a wire across a road and may not be seen by a car traveling at night with its lights off. When the bottles break the grenade handles are released and they soon explode.

It seems doubted that man's ingenuity will expected be exhausted when it comes to improvising traps of various types. A rusty nail stuck to a board left where it will be stepped on by a running enemy may be just as deadly to that one individual as an atomic bomb. Open pits (sometimes with sharp stakes at the bottom) covered with flimsy camouflage is much older than the bow and arrow, but were still used by the Japanese in World War II.

"Dead falls" made from heavy tree limbs that fall when a victim releases them by tripping over a jungle vine can still be useful in guerrilla warrare.

Leaving behind poisoned food or bottled drinks is common. Alcoholic drinks are easily diluted with wood alcohol (temporary type antifreeze) equal to 1/4 their content of ethyl alcohol without detection. A total intake of 2 or 3 ounces will cause blindness or death in a few hours. Soft drinks can be easily poisoned with ethylene glycol (permanent type antifreeze) at the rate of 2 ounces per bottle. This dose is usually fatal and once symptoms develop there is no known antidote.

When five parts of potassium permanganate is mixed with one part of powdered sugar it forms a combination that will either explode (if confined) or burn with a flash if ignited in the open. A new idea might be to put three or four tablespoonsful of this material in an ash tray covered with a thin dust of cigarette ashes. The first person to put his cigarette out in that particular ash tray would be burned bad enough to be out of commission for quite some time. Black powder, if available, would actually explode if used in this way.

#### USE OF BOOBY TRAPS

It is obvious that the use of booby traps favors an army in retreat, and one of their greatest uses is to slow down pursuit. For most efficient use the laying of booby traps must be done in a planned and coordinated method. When time permits the entire area to be booby trapped should be reconnoitered and the placement of available material planned in such a way as to confuse the enemy, impede his progress and cause maximum number of casualties.

Generally speaking a large number of small booby traps are preferred to a few large ones. Two or more triggers may be attached to a single charge. Variety of types and settings is essential to effective use of booby traps in large numbers.

may re-enter such an area later on, it is desirable that a written record and detailed maps be kept as to where boody traps are placed. When U.S. Army troops discover a place that is booby trapped they mark it with a sign which consists of a red triangle

pointed downward with a white circle in the middle and the word booby traps painted in white across the top.

When anti-vehicle mines are placed by regular army forces it is common practice to booby trap the mines so they will explode when being removed by personnel attempting to clear the area.

The use of booby traps is very adaptable to both guerrilla and counter-guerrilla activity. Guerrilla warfare involves two basic types of action: ambushes and raids. When the guerrillas ambush regular army forces, they are the ones that will make use of the booby traps. In raiding an enemy garrison or supply depot they must beware of booby traps that the regular forces have placed to protect their fixed positions.

The ambush may start when the leading vehicle of an enemy column strikes a mine or drives on to a bridge which is dynamited. Perhaps time delay booby traps activated by the first vehicle in the column may be used to destroy other vehicles several positions behind. Troops riding in a truck convoy may be expected to seek cover in ditches beside the road or other points of natural protection. If these ditches have been booby trapped beforehand, they will be killed in the very process of seeking shelter.

Before making any raid on a fixed enemy position, guerrilla forces should carefully consider the potential danger of booby traps. When regular army forces are being harrassed by guerrillas they may be expected to leave supplies badly needed by the guerrillas in slightly protected warehouses as traps. These supplies may be heavily booby trapped and counter guerrilla forces may be waiting a short distance away to take pursuit. To guard against these things, the guerrilla should attempt to keep their target under surveillance for several hours or days before making the raid. They should observe the coming and going of enemy personnel. If the enemy is very careful to always come and go by the same route it may mean that other routes are booby trapped. If the supplies are not added to or taken from regularly, this may indicate that they are being used to bait a trap. By scouting the general area guerrilla forces shou ld guard against surprise by other enemy forces waiting within danger distance.

After making either a raid or an ambush, guerrilla forces should place booby traps behind them to slow up pursuit. Real booby traps can be interspersed with imitation traps. To be safe the enemy will have to go around or de-activate the imitations and take just as much time doing so as if they were real. If the enemy becomes careless in handling your imitation traps, he will run the danger of getting killed by a live one. In planning the path of their retreat guerrilla forces should booby trap alternate routes which enemy forces might use to cut them off.

#### Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE 2/16/72

Attached pertains to information furnished by an extremist informant to the effect that the Secret Army Organization (SAO), a recently formed ultraconservative, paramilitary organization in California, intends to distribute posters containing photograph of President Nixon with words "Wanted for Treason" in large letters.

According to source, these posters will be distributed in Arizona, California, Washington, Washington, D. C., and possibly Nevada.

Copy of attached being furnished Internal Security Division, Inter-Division Information Unit of the Department, and Secret Service.

HEH: aso

Ros Gentolia

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemiration ortsing your Committee, It's use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized persons. nel without the express approval of the FBI.

I STATE TO THOUS SECTION FEB 1 6 1972/

EXTREMIST MATTER - SAO.

(SAO) MEMBERSHIP AT SAN DIEGO IS

Mr. Carper.

Mr. Con at

Mr. Cleveland. Mr. Fender.

Mr. Bates. Mr. Work mt.

Mr. Walters. Mr. Soyars\_ Tele. Ream\_

Miss Holmes. Miss Gandy.

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination outside upur Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 251

NR Ø2 SD/CODE

TO:

FROM:

12:57PM URGENT 2-16-72 JBE

DIRECTOR (157-23577)

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION (SAO).

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION

UNITED STATES.

END PAGE ONE

"ec to IDIU" / " ) Adm. data delessor

SAN DIEGO (157-2815), 3P

ON FEBRUARY SIXTEEN, SEVENTY TWO, A SOURCE WHO HAS

SAO LEADER AT SAN DIEGO, HAS PREPARED A POSTER WHICH HE-INTENDS

THIS POSTER WILL HAVE THE WORDS "WANTED

TO HAVE PRINTED AND THEN DISTRIBUTED IN SEVERAL AREAS IN THE

FOR TREASON" IN LARGE LETTERS ACROSS THE TOP AND BELOW IT

WILL BE A PHOTOGRAPH OF PRESIDENT NIXON FOLLOWED BY HIS

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AND LAST KNOWN RESIDENCE ADDRESS,

1-55 8/5 7/16/22

PROVIDED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE POST ADVISED THAT

MINDER OF SULEDI ORGANIZATION UNHAPPY WITH PRESIDENT NIXON'S TRIP, JERRY LYNN DAVIS PAGE TWO ... SD 157-2815

PRESUMABLY THE WHITE HOUSE. THE POSTER WOULD CONCLUDE WITH THE SUGGESTION THAT NIXON SHOULD BE IMPEACHED AND TRIED FOR TREASON BY THE PORPER AUTHORITIES.

SOURCE ADVISED THE POSTERS ARE TO BE PRINTED ON FEBRUARY
SIXTEEN SEVENTY TWO AND SHOULD BE DISTRIBUTED IN TIME TO APPEAR
ON THE STREETS ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY TWENTY ONE, SEVENTY TWO.
SOURCE SAID DISTRIBUTION IS EXPECTED TO TAKE PLACE AT
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA,
PHOENIX, ARIZONA, AND WASHINGTON, D.C., AND POSSEBLY LAS
VEGAS, NEVADA. A TOTAL OF FIVE THOUSAND COPIES WILL BE
PRINTED. SOURCE SAID HE EXPECTS DISTRIBUTION OF THE POSTERS
WILL BE MADE AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON BY CYANDERSON, FORMER
MINUTEMAN (MM) MEMBER AND SAO CONTACT; AT WASHINGTON, D.C.,
BY JESSE CLAYBURN STEVENS, RIGHT WING LEADER AND SAO CONTACT
AT SILVER SPRINGS, MARYLAND; AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA BY EVERETTE
MOORE, FROMER MM LEADER AND SAO CONTACT; AND AT LOS ANGELES
AND LAS VEGAS BY UNKNOWN INDIVIDUALS.

END PAGE TWO

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 252

PAGE THREE SD 157-2815

POSTERS ARE TO BE PRINTED BY BETTLE HAUGHTON, WIFE OF A FORMER WEST COAST MM LEADER, AND SUPPORTER OF SAO ON A PRESS BELONGING TO HER.

THE SAO AND THE MM ARE ULTRA CONSERVATIVE PARA MILITARY ORGALINZATIONS IN THIS COUNTRY.

**ADMINISTRATIVE:** 

SOURCE REFERRED TO ABOVE IS SOURCE REFERRED TO ABOVE IS SOURCE REFERRED TO APPROPRIATE OFFICES.

FOREGOING INFORMATION FURNISHED TO SPECIAL AGENT

JOHN KEEFE, SECRET SERVICE, SAN DIEGO, ON FEBRUARY SIXTEEN,

INSTANT, BY SPECIAL AGENT STEVEN L. CHRISTENSEN.

MFMO
NO LHM FOLLOWS, HOWEVER MATTER WILL BE CLOSELY FOLLOWED.

PENDING.

END

DWH FBI WASH DC HOLD

ME. W. INOR ROOM 712-A 9&D :

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Pagè 253

MAY 1962 FOITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

## emorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-23577)

DATE: 2/3/72

FROM

TO

SAC, PHOENIX (157-1173) (P)

SECRET ARMY ORGANIZATION EXTREMIST MATTER

ReBulet 11/9/71; PXlet 12/22/71.

Mrs. HELEN GRANOPOULOS, Manager and owner of the Thunderbird Motel, 2855 S. 4th Avenue, on 1/13/72, furnished the registration cards for her motel for the month of October. 1971.

These records reflected that a JERRY DAVIS occupied Room 12 of this motel for two days starting at 10/15/71 and checked out the morning of 10/17/71.

JERRY DAVIS registered from an address of 2393 Washington, Lemon Grove, California, and gave a California -license number of QNB-857, claiming to have been driving a Ford automobile.

A complete check of the records failed to locate anyone by the name of BARRY from San Diego; STAN from San Diego or a "SI" from Seattle, Washington; an EVERETT from Phoenix; a HOWARD CLARK from Ramona, California; a JOE BURTON from Las Vegas, Nevada; or a DOYLE from Las Vegas, Nevada.

Mrs. GRANOPOULOS: advised however, that she noted on the registration cards that they had a California license vehicle, a Dodge with California license 286 AJO.

This party also came in on December 15, 1971, stayed two days, and left on the morning of 10/17/71.

"(Rin) / Bureau (Encl.-2)

2- San Diego (Encl.-2) (R M) 2 - Seattle (Encl.-2) (K:m)

2 - Las Vegas (Enc1.-2) (R m)

22 FEB 8 1972

2 - Las Vegas (Encl.-2)
2 - Phoenix (Encl.-2)
This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination.

CIC: 1 mour Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by (10) mel without the express approval of the FBI.

FE0221072

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NW 55130 DocId:32989569 Page 254

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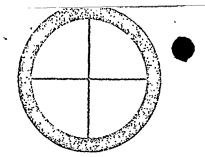
PX 157-1173 CLC: 1mb

Mrs. GRANOPOULOS advised that the only other individual who stayed two days and came in on 10/15/71 was an R.N. JOHNSON, who had Room 22 and gave an address of 8582 Maple, Fontana, California. He gave a license number of 347 BUS California. There were two persons and one bed in this room. They checked in on December 15 and left the morning of 10/17/71.

It will be noted that the Kiwanis Gun Show in Yuma, Arizona, started on the evening of 10/15/71, and terminated shortly after noon on 10/17/71.

PX 783-E advised on 1/31/72, that he received an "Underground Bulletin" from the Secret Army Organization by mail out of San Diego on 1/21/72. Two copies of this bulletin are being furnished as an enclosure to the Bureau and to each of the designated offices in this letter.

The Phoenix Office will maintain contact with PX 783-Effor information that would identify personalities and activity in this organization.



# SECRET ARMY CRAMIZATION

### UNDERBROUND BULLETIN

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS

JANUARY 1972

"God grants liberty only to those who love it and are always willing to guard and defend it". Daniel Webster

Fellow members,

This month's bulletin will deal mostly with "Booby Traps". Because of the length of this article we are only sending out the first half this month. The second half will be published in next month's bulletin. Future bulletins this coming year will contain material on psychological warfare, urban warfare tactics, communications, survival equipment, first aid, explosives, weapons, codes, and other related warfare subjects.

Those members who have not yet completed or started on the organization's basic training programs are hereby urged to do so. We cannot, in most cases, assign any member to an important underground project or to an organized team or group until they have completed this training program.

While headquarters cannot assign a member in the above classification to an established unit, any member can (and is encouraged to) recruit and form their own combat team (see December 1971 Bulletin). In many cases this may be the best policy in regards to personal security as the member would be working with the people he personally knows and trusts. If any member would like to form their own unit they should write to their assigned mail drop and the organization will send them further instructions along with a Team Recruiting Packet. The article on "The Dispersed Team" in this month's bulletin should help those members who wish to form their own Combat Team.

We are enclosing a small number of S. A. O. stickers with this month's bulletin. Please put them in your shirt pocket or billfold and as soon as possible stick them up in phone booths, at bus stops, or other public places that you visit. The stickers are already gummed and when wet will adhere firmly to glass, metal, or any other smooth surface. If our members would use these stickers along with the leaflets that are available, it would have a real psychological impact on the rest of the American people and give them evidence that there are still those among them who are willing to fight for the re-establishment of a Constitutional Republic. These first stickers are being sent to each member free, additional stickers and leaflets can be ordered on the monthly report form.

SHOLDSHAR

DocId:32989569 Page 256

When discussing a Secret Army Organization "Combat Team", we usually think of a small group of people who live very close to one another. Such an arrangement has certain advantages, such as ease of communication and travel for collective training and team operations, but there are also several disadvantages.

Among the disadvantages are these: Team members may be well acquainted with only a small geographical area. If forced to leave this area the team may be placed at a serious disadvantage. It is harder for a team of SAO members who live closely together to keep from attracting attention, thus unit security may be poor. If one rember of the team is ever discovered and arrested by the enemy, chances are that all members of the team will be rounded up together.

These considerations have caused us to experiment with a new arrangement that we refer to as a "Dispersed Team". Such a team has the same number of members (usually six) as a regular Combat Team. Each team is split into two sections as is the old team. The members have the same type of individual specialties and duties.

The big difference lies in the fact that the team members may be located over a comparatively larger area - perhaps as much as 25 to 50 miles in diameter. In urban areas one team member may live in each of six different cities. Thus the team may range over a fairly large geographical area with at least one team member being familiar with the immediate territory through which they are traveling.

When active as part of an underground movement (as opposed to the classical forms of guerrilla warfare) the Dispersed Team has several other advantages. For example, if one member of the team gets too "hot" in his area, he automatically has five other hide-outs to which he can go for assistance or to which he can send his family for temporary safety. The Dispersed Team can conveniently cover a larger area in the fields of recruiting, psychological warfare, and propaganda. Operations of sabotage, surveillance and harassment of communist personnel, raids, and other combat type operations can be successfully conducted while moving a minimum of people over a minimum distance.

During the present period of deliberate delay the activities of the team will naturally be different from some future period in which all out warfare between our organization and our country's communist enemies develops.

If the team is to achieve its ultimate objectives the following activities must be provided for: (1) organization of and within the team, (2) communications between the team and higher command, (3) maintaining secrecy of team members, (4) maintaining a continuous and effective propaganda effort, (5) obtaining the necessary supplies and equipment for present and future needs, (6) training of the team in general, and of individual members in their own specialties.

When the required personnel are not available to form a full team, a three man section should be formed. When additional people are recruited the unit can then be expanded in an orderly fashion.

#### BOOBY TRAPS

Eroadly defined a booby trap can be any kind of apparatus in which a reaction unfavorable to the enemy is brought about when he unintentionally makes some act which triggers the reaction. The most common types of booby traps used in warfare involve an explosive charge which is set off by movement of a trip wire or the moving of some object which is connected to the trigger mechanism.

On occasion the explosive charge may be replaced by signal flares, gas, smoke or other chemical agents. The trigger mechanism may be either electric, mechanical, thermal or chemical.

ELECTRICALLY OPERATED TRIGGERS. Such trigger mechanisms are very easily arranged wherever a supply of electric blasting caps are available and also a suitable source of electricity. One of the most common electric type booby traps is to simply interrupt the electrical circuit in some building so that when the lights are turned on the explosive is detonated. This simple procedure applied to an automobile with a few sticks of dynamite has marked the end of more than one gangland hoodlum. To booby trap a car in this manner one side of the electric blasting cap can be attached to any metal part of the car while the other side is attached to a spark plug or the "cold side" of the ignition switch. In the first case the cap detonates the dynamite when the starter motor is turned over or if attached to the key switch detonating occurs when the ignition is turned on.

Any movable object can be booby trapped so that when it is moved some simple type electrical switch contact is closed to complete a circuit between a dry cell battery and the detenator. A very simple example would be to have one wire tacked along the edge of a door and the other wire tacked to the frame and extending out far enough that contact is made between the two when the door is opened. A slightly more refined trigger involves two small springs separated by some thin piece of insulation at one end as shown in Figure No. 1. When pressure is applied, the springs are held apart and when the pressure is released, the springs come together to make electrical contact. This may be placed in a door which is then closed to open the switch while the explosive is wired into the circuit. When the door is opened pressure is released and the charge explodes.

This simple trigger can be placed under the leg of a chair, a wooden box or any other movable object of sufficient weight. If the chair is moved or the box lifted the release of pressure will close the electrical circuit.

A person skilled in the placement of booby traps will not leave any part of the switch, wires or charge visible. Instead of

connecting the wires to the door itself he will take off the door frame, place the trigger mechanism at the edge of the door and then replace the frame so that the entire mechanism is hidden when the door is closed.

By taking off the frame of a window and drilling a hole out through the window casing the trigger mechanism can be placed so that the charge will be detonated by either raising or lowering a half open window.

A simple time delay mechanism can be arranged by placing one of these triggers under a glass jar filled with water. When enough of the water evaporates, the weight of the jar will no longer be sufficient to hold the contacts open.

Figure No. 2 shows another simple electrical trigger made from a spring clothes pin. The improvised contacts are held apart by a small wooden wedge in the jaws of the clothes pin. This wedge can be attached to a trip wire or other movable object. When it is withdrawn the clothes pin shuts and the electric circuit is completed.

A trigger of this type can be used to make a time delay mechanism in many different ways. The wedge may be connected by a loose cord to the end of a spring which is also attached to a tin can. Above this a second tin can full of sand or water is placed with a hole in the bottom so that the contents gradually fall through into the second can. When the weight of the lower can becomes enough to stretch the spring sufficiently the wedge will be pulled from the clothes pin. As an alternate method the spring may be already stretched out and held there by a second cord attached to some other solid object. The cord holding the spring could be placed through a candle so that it will be burned in two when the candle burned down a certain distance. An active imagination can devise countless ways for activating this type of trigger either by instant action or delayed action.

A clever derivative of this simple trigger is used in the "British book trap". In this case a book is hollowed out to contain a small battery and a quarter pound block of TNT which is detonated by an electrical blasting cap. The circuit passes through two contacts attached to opposite pages of the book but are held apart by some insulating material which is attached to the back of the bookcase. If the book is withdrawn from the case the contacts come together and the TNT is detonated.

A British ball bearing contact switch is shown in Figure No.

3. This type of contact is very useful in placing charges entirely within a movable object. For example, a suitcase could be laid on its side with the contact positioned inside in such a way that when the suitcase was picked up the ball bearing would roll forward and complete the contact. Similar electrically activated booby

traps could be placed in closed gasoline cans, canteens, ammunition boxes or dozens of other objects which an enemy would place right side up before opening. A plastic or glass test tube could be used instead of a metal case by sticking two wires through the cork in such a manner that the ball bearing would come in contact with both of them.

A surprisingly accurate timing device can be made with a tube of this type. Holding the tube with the open end up, first pour in a quantity of dried peas, then a measured amount of water, drop in the ball bearing (in this case a wad of tin foil could be used as well), finally put the cork in the top with the wire sticking down through. The water will cause the dried peas to swell which will push the ball bearing (or wad of tin foil) up until it makes contact with the two wires to complete the circuit. The time can be regulated from a few minutes to several hours depending on the length of the tube, the amount of water, and the quantity of peas used.

Far more sophisticated types of electrical triggers are manufactured some of which operate by photoelectric cell or even more difficult to recognize mechanisms. These may be used to safeguard record centers, important military or missile bases, etc. but are seldom encountered under battlefield conditions.

MECHANICAL TRIGGERS. These may be operated either by impact or by friction. The ordinary hand grenade employs an impact trigger. When the handle is released a spring operated lever snaps against a cap (similar to the priming cap in a shotgun shell) which in turn starts a short fuse to burn. This fuse leads to a blasting cap centered in an explosive charge.

The trigger mechanism of a "potato masher" hand grenade operates much like the firing pin of a bolt action rifle. In this case a spring activated plunger strikes a detonator. The plunger may be released by pulling out a pin as shown in Figure No. 4, by cutting a wire as shown in Figure No. 5 or by applying pressure to a slotted key as shown in Figure No. 6.

Explosion of the primer cap alone is not sufficient to decreate tonate most military explosives. Generally a booster charge of the fairly sensitive explosive is detonated by the primer and this the turn detonates the main charge. In military use TNT is by far the most common explosive used in the main charge of booby traps. So called "plastic explosive" or "Composition C-3" contains 3 percent RDX and 22% plasticizer made up of mixture of dinitrotolume; TNT, nitrocellulose and dimethylformamide. RDX is cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine which is manufactured by nitrating hexamethyleneter tetramine (which is obtained by the reaction of formaldehyde and ammonia).

Booster charges where necessary are usually tetryl or PETN, Common explosives used in primers are lead azide, lead styphnate or the now largely discontinued mercury fulminate. Characteristics, uses and manufacture of explosives will be dealt with in another chapter.

A very simple device can be made from a screen door spring that will explode an ordinary rifle cartridge when activated by a trip wire. Although the "explosion" is almost harmless it can be very nerve racking to an approaching enemy.

A more deadly booby trap consists of a short piece of pipe which is driven into the ground. A plunger type trigger mechanism is dropped into the pipe and an ordinary rifle cartridge placed point up in the pipe so that perhaps one-half inch is exposed above the ground. The weight of a man stepping on the bullet releases the trigger and fires the cartridge which will penetrate well up into the leg or the body.

Some mechanical triggers are activated by friction just like striking a match on the rough material of the match cover. Figure No. 7 shows a cut-away drawing of the U.S. Army firing device, pull friction type M-2. The coated wire is covered with a gritty substance much like the strip on a book of matches. When this is pulled out through a container of flash compound (chemically similar to the match heads) the friction ignites the flash compound which may be used either to light a fuse or fire a blasting cap.

A crude but effective friction device can be prepared by sticking the end of a fuse in some small cylinder filled with match heads through which is placed a small strip of tin or heavy cardboard with a friction strip from match books glued to both sides.

In field use the friction type ignitor can be hidden in many ways connected with trip wires or attached to movable objects to set off either instant or delayed charges.

THERMAL IGNITORS. In some cases the ignitor, (fuse or primer) can be used as a trigger mechanism. For example in World War II. the Germans were known to tear down fireplaces and cement them to back together with hidden charges that would ignite when a fire was built. A simple hand grenade or mortar shell hidden in a hollow log by a burned out fire would, of course, explode if the log were used as fuel without being inspected.

A common trick is for a retreating army to leave behind coal oil lamps or lanterns filled with gasoline. An unthinking person who touches a match to such a lantern will nearly always be burned to death.

CHENICAL TRIGGERS. These are more frequently used in the construction of time bombs than in booby traps. Figure No. 8

shows an Italian chemical delay igniter. The upper chamber contains acetone. When the piercing pin is pushed downward it penetrates the lead disc and allows the acetone to flow into the lower chamber. The acetone gradually dissolves the celluloid washer which holds back the striker. The time delay can be varied by placing different numbers of cellophane washers on the striker rod.

In several similar types of delayed mechanisms the striker is held back by a thin metal wire which is gradually dissolved when a solution of acid is allowed to surround it.

Other types of delay mechanisms may be constructed where a liquid is allowed to drop through a small hole into a lower container having a reactive substance attached part way up one wall. The liquid level in the chamber gradually raises until it comes in contact with the reactive substance which is the igniter. One suitable combination is sulfuric acid for the liquid and a mixture of potassium chlorate and sugar for the solid. Another suitable combination is plain water for the liquid and metallic sodium for the solid. There are many other combinations which a chemist might improvise from materials at hand.

There are some explosives so sensitive that they can be used as trigger mechanisms. Ammonium tri-iodide can be made from ordinary household ammonia and iodine crystals. If the iodine crystals are not available they can be obtained by evaporating sufficient volume of tincture of iodine in a flat glass dish.

Place two or three teaspoons of iodine crystals in a piece of kleenex and wet thoroughly with strong ammonia solution. A small amount of ammonia may be added from time to time making certain that it does not have the chance to dry out. After three or four tablespoons of ammonia solution have been absorbed and partly evaporated from the iodine it can be left to dry out. While wet ammonium tri-iodide is reasonably safe to handle. When dry, it is so sensitive that it detonates at the slightest touch. It may be exploded by a person walking on a wooden floor several feet away or a door being closed in the same building. The amount described above will produce a violent explosion and should be treated with extreme caution. Several similar compounds will be mentioned in the chapter on explosives.

One or two teaspoonsful of mercury fulminate of silver fulminate mixed (very gently) with ten percent coarse sand can be placed in a small packet of paper and attached to the upper side of an automobile tire with adhesive tape. When the tire rolls over it the fulminate will explode with sufficient power to destroy even a husky truck tire. These combinations also are very dangerous to handle.

#### READY MADE BOOBY TRAPS

All national armies are supplied with a variety of manufactured trigger devices, charges, etc. to be used specifically as booby trap material. Most firing devices are threaded on one end with a standing size that allows them to be used either with prepared charges or with improvised charges made from mortar or artillery shells. Figure No. 9 shows a simple firing device attached to a hand grenade.

An antipersonnel mine of French manufacture is shown in Figure No. 10. The apparatus at the left side is a trigger mechanism that can be operated by a trip wire. When it is fired the flash passes through the "U" tube which propels a 60mm grenade into the air and at the same time ignites a 1/5 second delay pellet. The grenade explodes a few feet off the ground to shower metal fragments over a wide area. Total weight of mine is 5-1/2 pounds.

3

Guerrilla bands have sometimes used artillery shells or mortar shells in demolition work by placing them in a large pile of wood or other combustible material and building a bond fire around them until they exploded. For booby traps use, however, the projectile of an artillery shell is the only part of any value. Useful sizes include 75mm, 90mm, 105mm, and 155mm. In those artillery shells where the prjectile is attached to the case, it is generally best to remove the projectile and discard the case. Artillery shell projectiles may be fused either in the nose or in the base. For most efficient use, the regular fuse must be unscrewed and a standard firing device (M10 Universal destructor) put in its place.

#### IMPROVISED BOOBY TRAPS

Standard hand grenades can be used alone in booby traps in a number of methods. The simplest is to carefully remove the handle and wedge the grenade between two heavy objects strong enough to hold the spring in the cocked position.

Another trick is to cover a hand grenade with wet mud with just the safety pin ring sticking out. After the mud has hardened, it will hold the handle in place and the safety pin ring can be withdrawn. These harmless looking clumps of mud scattered along a dirt road will, of course, break open when hit by an automobile tire which will release the handle and fire the grenade. A similar trick is to place grenades in glass jars tight enough to hold the handle in place when the safety pins are withdrawn. At night these may be strung on a wire across a road and may not be seen by a car traveling at night with its lights off. When the bottles break the grenade handles are released and they soon explode.

It seems doubtful that man's ingenuity will ever be exhausted when it comes to improvising traps of various types. A rusty nail stuck to a board left where it will be stepped on by a running enemy may be just as deadly to that one individual as an atomic bomb. Open pits (sometimes with sharp stakes at the bottom) covered with flimsy camouflage is much older than the bow and arrow, but were still used by the Japanese'in World War II.

"Dead falls" made from heavy tree limbs that fall when a victim releases them by tripping over a jungle vine can still be useful in guerrilla warfare.

Leaving behind poisoned food or bottled drinks is common. Alcoholic drinks are easily diluted with wood alcohol (temporary type antifreeze) equal to 1/4 their content of ethyl alcohol without detection. A total intake of 2 or 3 ounces will cause blindness or death in a few hours. Soft drinks can be easily poisoned with ethylene glycol (permanent type antifreeze) at the rate of 2 ounces per bottle. This dose is usually fatal and once symptoms develop there is no known antidote.

When five parts of potassium permanganate is mixed with one part of powdered sugar it forms a combination that will either explode (if confined) or burn with a flash if ignited in the open. A new idea might be to put three or four tablespoonsful of this material in an ash tray covered with a thin dust of cigarette ashes. The first person to put his cigarette out in that particular ash tray would be burned bad enough to be out of commission for quite some time. Black powder, if available, would actually explode if used in this way.

#### USE OF BOOBY TRAPS

It is obvious that the use of booby traps favors an army in retreat, and one of their greatest uses is to slow down pursuit. For most efficient use the laying of booby traps must be done in a planned and coordinated method. When time permits the entire area to be booby trapped should be reconnoitered and the placement of available material planned in such a way as to confuse the enemy, impede his progress and cause maximum number of casualties.

Generally speaking a large number of small booby traps are preferred to a few large ones. Two or more triggers may be attached to a single charge. Variety of types and settings is essential to effective use of booby traps in large numbers.

In the event that friendly troops or your own personnel may re-enter such an area later on, it is desirable that a written record and detailed maps be kept as to where boopy traps are placed. When U.S. Army troops discover a place that is booby trapped they mark it with a sign which consists of a red triangle

pointed downward with a white circle in the middle and the word. booby traps painted in white across the top.

When anti-vehicle mines are placed by regular army forces it is common practice to booby trap the mines so they will explode when being removed by personnel attempting to clear the area.

The use of booby traps is very adaptable to both guerrilla and counter-guerrilla activity. Guerrilla warfare involves two basic types of action: ambushes and raids. When the guerrillas ambush regular army forces, they are the ones that will make use of the booby traps. In raiding an enemy garrison or supply depot they must beware of booby traps that the regular forces have placed to protect their fixed positions.

The ambush may start when the leading vehicle of an enemy column strikes a mine or drives on to a bridge which is dynamited. Perhaps time delay booby traps activated by the first vehicle in the column may be used to destroy other vehicles several positions behind. Troops riding in a truck convoy may be expected to seek cover in ditches beside the road or other points of natural protection. If these ditches have been booby trapped beforehand, they will be killed in the very process of seeking shelter.

Before making any raid on a fixed enemy position, guerrilla forces should carefully consider the potential danger of booby traps. When regular army forces are being harrassed by guerrillas they may be expected to leave supplies badly needed by the guerrillas in slightly protected warehouses as traps. These supplies may be heavily booby trapped and counter guerrilla forces may be waiting a short distance away to take pursuit. To guard against these things, the guerrilla should attempt to keep their target under surveillance for several hours or days before making the raid. They should observe the coming and going of enemy personnel. the enemy is very careful to always come and go by the same route it may mean that other routes are booby trapped. If the supplies are not added to or taken from regularly, this may indicate that they are being used to bait a trap. By scouting the general area guerrilla forces shou ld guard against surprise by other enemy forces waiting within danger distance.

After making either a raid or an ambush, guerrilla forces should place booby traps behind them to slow up pursuit. Real booby traps can be interspersed with imitation traps. To be safe the enemy will have to go around or de-activate the imitations and take just as much time doing so as if they were real. If the enemy becomes careless in handling your imitation traps, he will run the danger of getting killed by a live one. In planning the path of their retreat guerrilla forces should booby trap alternate routes which enemy forces might use to cut them off.

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